

## Italy's Piave Victory

Says Frank H. Simonds

### Is Another Verdun

Smashing of the Austrian Host Shows Not Only That Nation's Morale Is Restored, but Relieves Anxiety of Entente Over What It Feared Was Weak Section of Its Line—Knell of Defeat for Teutonic Powers.

By FRANK H. SIMONDS,  
Author of "The Great War" and "They Shall Not Pass."

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Y Monday, June 24, the fifty-ninth anniversary of Solferino, the battle of the Piave had ended in a tremendous Italian success. Italy had won their Verdun, and "They shall not pass" had proven an inspiring watchword for brave men in Venetia as it had in Lorraine.

Now, just as the Austrian offensive had two different phases, the military and the political, the Austrian defeat must have dual consequences also. Its effect must be felt on the western front almost as much as in Venetia, and its political consequences must produce profound reactions in Berlin as well as in Vienna. Not only has Italy given her allies splendid assistance at a critical moment, a new and solid cause for confidence, but she has struck at the very heart of the enemy at a moment when every reverse, however small, was bound to count enormously.

In German calculations the mission of Austria was to dispose of Italy as Grouchy was expected by Napoleon to deal with Blucher in the Waterloo campaign. Austria's failure seems as great as that of Napoleon's General, and at the critical moment on the western front, when Germany is preparing to make her final and heaviest thrust, her attention and her resources are drawn to a new liability in another quarter.

Not only is there no longer the smallest chance of the transfer of Austrian troops to the western front, but we are already informed that German divisions have been drawn down to the Trentino and the Venetian plain.

#### Austrian Collapse Unlikely.

The world has been too frequently in past months promised an Austrian collapse to be easily convinced now that the Italian victory will be followed by a prompt collapse of the dual monarchy. We shall look rather to the benefits which cannot be doubted, the gain in morale in Western Europe, the quick rise in allied hopes and expectations, the restoration to Italy of a confidence cruelly shaken at the Isonzo by the Caporetto disaster, rather than to the remote possibilities of profit. One of the great dangers of the year has been removed, one of the causes of apprehension has been eliminated: we do not have to hold the west front while the Venetian line still worries us. The boche is stopped from the Alps to the sea—this is the immediate conclusion to be drawn and its importance is immense. Half way through the campaign of 1918 the issue on one front is disposed of, while the prospects on the main front are hourly improving.

No reports suggest that the Austrians did not put up a stiff fight or that the Italians had an immediate and easy triumph. The first days of fighting were exceedingly severe and the Austrians seem to have shown unusual contempt for losses and unexpected tenacity. They were beaten only because Italian morale was even higher, Italian high command fully prepared and Italian numbers equal to all demands. There was no submerging of any sector, such as had become familiar in German attacks in France. Italian reserves were ready to intervene before the forwards had been abolished. The familiar trench war conditions seem to have prevailed, and there was nothing approximating a break through, even at Montello, where the Austrians were most successful.

**Victory Essentially Italian.**  
Much was said of the work of British contingents and something of the service of French units. But it may be doubted if more than one British division was present, and there was no great French force involved. The battle of the Piave was in the main

## What Actually Happens When U. S. Patrol Goes Across No Man's Land to Get Prisoners

TOLD BY  
A Post-Dispatch Staff Man With Our Army in France

A Gripping Narrative of an Adventure of a Squad of Bold Americans in a German Trench and Dugout Where Captives Were Garnered for Identification Purposes, a Minor Chord of the Story Being the Fate That Befell an American Sharpshooter Planted in a Graveyard to "Get" an Enemy Who Had Been Harrassing Men in Our Trenches.

By CLAIR KENAMORE,  
A Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch With the American Expeditionary Forces in France.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, May 5.

In the early days of May the demand for a German prisoner on the front held by Americans back of Luneville, became loud and insistent. None had been taken for a long time. What changes had been made in the German forces facing us was unknown.

Brigade and division commanders demanded information as to the identity of the soldiers who confronted the Americans. Were they Austrian, Turk or German? Were they old reservists, indicating an immediate future of quiet, or were they line regiments or "circuses" of storm troops, which would indicate activity?

These storm troops are called circuses because of the German custom of transporting them from sector to sector, where they put on their perilous act of leading the way across No Man's Land.

The desperate fellows jump here and there in special trains and they are not required to do the routine work of camp and trench. They are specialists, who rest when there is nothing in their particular line going forward. It is a gay life, and usually a short one.

Besides the desire of our own commanders to know what troops opposed us, there was our duty to report to the allied intelligence. The allies must always know where German divisions are.

Now the ideal method of discovering what those strange hidden men are who hold the trenches

yonder, is to go over and get a few of them, bring them back and examine them. That is proof positive, and information which may save regiments and battles.

#### It Was Raining as Usual

Such was the condition. What follows is a brief recital of the methods employed. The regiment had held this stretch of front for six days. Reliefs always must be made at night, to avoid enemy reservation, and the men declare that it always rains on such nights, but then it is nearly always raining in this part of France in the spring, anyway, so it does not matter greatly.

Each man carried his full pack, which means that all his worldly goods were with or on him. His jaunty little forage cap was in his pack, and he wore the steel helmet, for all these roads were registered on by enemy guns. The German held this country for a while, and his maps of it are as good and as accurate as ours. Through the sudden night came the occasional booming of the guns. Sullen and dogged the sounded, but not terrifying. They were miles away, and their targets might be any of the hundred targets in a stretch of 10 miles. There is always a little uneasiness when our guns do not answer, and there is a distinct feeling of comfort when we hear them giving shell for shell.

Marching in the rain on a dark night is not as bad as it sounds. The sharpshooter is an excellent rain hat. The overcoat is warm and will turn water for a long time, but over that is the canvas half of a tent, which is a bulky rain coat. The skirts of the overcoat, it may be said, usually have been shortened about a foot, in violation of orders. You can march a lot better if that extra length is left in the last billet, and not flapping about your calves.

#### "Gas Alert!" Order Was Given

Many things were hung about our soldier man that night besides his pack, haversack and rifle, but chief among them, in his mind, was his emergency ration, despised in camp, but now very sweet in prospect, into which he purposed to forage at the first halt. The men who made the rules had other ideas of importance of things, and they had decreed the topmost and most available thing should be the American gas mask. Next under this is the French mask, a light and convenient thing carried for emergency.

A sentry, dripping with rain, haltered the marchers, and talked in low tones with the Captain at the head of the first company. A word of command was passed down the line.

"Gas alert!" From here on, and from this time

on until this point is passed on the return journey a week from now, the gas mask must always be carried at the alert. Walking, sleeping, eating, washing, shaving, a-foot or a-horseback, in lightning, thunder, sleet and rain, officers and men must wear the canvas bag containing the mask hooked up well on the chest, almost under the chin. From there it is but a matter of sec-

when you have just done a march of eight wet, dark miles.

At midnight, supper, the big meal of the day was brought up. The retiring outfit had left its own cooks and bearers to perform this hospitality and to show the new men how it was done. Coffee and stew, both steaming hot, and plenty of "seconds." "Seconds" is the granted request for another helping.

The stew was of beef, potatoes and other vegetables. As a satisfying, nourishing and palatable food, it was a work of absolute art. The white bread was excellent and the coffee very good, an army coffee always is, but that thick, rich stew, with an occasional piece of bacon floating about in it for surprises, was something to stick in the memory, to be "wrote home" about, and to be recalled in whispers at the home-com-

ing banquet in the old town, in the dim future.

Supper over, the sentries fed and replaced, the bearers with their Marmite cans gone, the unceasing vigil was kept through the still watches.

The present writer slept in a dugout with six other men, with his knees under his chin, hunkered on a wet bunk. Two men might have made themselves comfortable there, but not more, and there was the mixed odor of an abandoned cellar and decaying leather.

#### What No Man's Land Looks Like

Dawn came, and those in the dugout came soggily forth to see what sort of a site had been chosen for the war. No Man's Land was a hollow field, filled with mist and rain. Barbed wire entanglements, like a forgotten field of noisome weeds, began 100 feet away, and stretched further. As the wet, lifeless day advanced it was possible to see the German's line. Clear across the little flat valley it lay, skirting the edge of the wood and cutting into the open on both sides for a space, and again lost in the woods. The boche was 800 to 1000 yards away, but here we were at last on the "frontier of freedom."

As the day wore on it became possible to examine the section of trench we had taken over. It was a rotten trench, built three years before, when the retiring enemy had taken up his position across the valley. There had been no change in either position since then. The Homeric battles for Verdun, but a little way to the north, had left this piece unmoved. The trench, for the greater distance, followed the brush-grown edge of the woods, and while it was slightly higher than No Man's Land in front of it, it still did not drain satisfactorily, so that there was water in it nearly everywhere. Duck boards were laid the whole way, but sometimes they were tippy, and at other times the water rose over the top of them.

The wet sides of the trench were held in place by revetments of willow branches, plaited like baskets. Upright posts, planted at frequent intervals and joined together by a connecting bar across the top, give rigidity to the revetments, but both posts and revetment are decaying with age and damp. The crossbar overhead connecting the posts are just short of six feet above the duckboards, thus placing them where the steel helmet will clang on each one of them. The progress of a tall man down the trench sounds like a scissored grinder coming up the street.

Both in front and behind the trench are tangibles of wire. It looks like a particularly fiendish growth of poison vine.

#### Barbed Wire for Future.

Once this war is over, the French farmers will have enough barbed wire to fill their wants for all time, and when the thousands of miles of duckboard lengths are dug from the mud, and the slats knocked off the lengthwise pieces, they will have enough cook stove wood for years.

After a mile of trench, we came to the fork which led to an observation post. The six men who hold it live in a dugout well behind the advanced station. The post is admirably placed in some lank bushes under a big tree with low hanging boughs. It is a round pill box sort of thing, with a slit an inch wide running round the side facing the enemy. The observer sits in a swinging seat, such as house painters use, and the whole field is constantly under the glasses of the observers, who stand two-hour watches.

The field seen from here is limited by the woods on the other side of the little valley, which conceals the enemy trench. In the field was a grave. It appeared to have been there for many years. There were clumps of bushes. In front of the post was a pile of stones, broken up as if for road repairing, and shaped up symmetrically after the French fashion. All these things were exactly as they were when the enemy re-

## Taft Tells What Republicans Should Do in Fall Elections

Wants Them, in Connection With Congressional Contests, That They Cannot Hope to Win by Criticism but Only by Convincing the Country That They Can Make a Better Job of Beating Germany Than the Democrats.

By WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT.

(By Courtesy of the Philadelphia Public Ledger.)

DEMOCRATIC members of Congress are urging the President to consent that they have a recess to go home and "mend their fences." Republican members, of course, are not called into the conference, but they may well be interested in the result. If an election were held today, Republicans who are so near majority in the lower house think they would receive an accession to their members and control that branch. As to the Senate, they are not so sanguine.

Democratic candidates for Congress in the campaign next fall will ask for election as a vote of confidence in the President in the present national crisis. They will argue with great plausibility that as he has to carry on the war through his administration, the country should give him a Congress of his own political complexion to "back him up."

In hopelessly Republican districts, where the loyalty of the Republicans sitting member seeking election is unquestioned, the Democratic party management, following the suggestion of the President, will offer no opposing candidate. They will thus stimulate a so-called "nonpartisan" campaign, in which they will be likely to lose no existing Democratic support.

#### Evidences of Republican-Democratic Truce.

In districts and states, however, where by reason of divisions in the Republican party or for other reasons there is some chance of electing a Democrat, party lines are to be drawn and full effort made.

In Michigan, where Republicans are divided, the President has induced Mr. Ford, formerly a Republican, though of no pronounced political views or activity except as an extreme anti-bellum pacifist, to stand as Democratic candidate for Senator. If thus elected, Mr. Ford would be likely, as a Senator, to caucus with the Democrats and to follow the President implicitly.

In other Republican states, where two Senators are to be elected, it has been intimated, with how much foundation does not appear, that the Republican sitting member is to be returned without opposition and a Democratic candidate for the vacancy is not to be vigorously opposed. Unless the Republicans as a party adopt a policy to defeat this "nonpartisan plan" the net result will be an increase in the present Democratic majority in each house.

What is the duty of Republicans in this coming election? The duty should not be affected by mere considerations as to party power and success.

#### People Not Concerned With Parties.

The people are not concerned with parties and will not be influenced by party affiliation, except as the control by one party or another, in their judgment, shall make for better conduct of the war and greater certainty in the policy of fighting it through until a just peace can be dictated to Germany.

The issue before the people in the next election will not be who ought to succeed Mr. Wilson as President. Mr. Wilson will be President for two years after the next Congress meets, and in that time the crisis will impend. Therefore, the burden in the next campaign will be on the Republican party to show the people that they will more certainly attain a decisive victory over the Germans by a world plan of war with a Republican Congress than with a Democratic Congress behind the President.

It is no time to attack the President or the administration for defects in military preparation before the war.

That water has run over the wheel and the people may properly regard such an attack as irrelevant in this election. Nor will past defects in preparation since the war be useful Republican arguments, unless accompanied by constructive showing that the Republican party in legislative control by supervision and investigation, can secure avoidance of such defects in the future.

#### Russian Delay May Become an Issue.

Loyal Republican candidates may well urge their election if they can prove from the course of the administration and the action of the two parties in the present Congress that a Republican Congress will more certainly secure consistent adherence to a "win-the-war" policy, and will remove any possible danger of a change to acquiescence in a less conclusive peace.

If the course of the administration in the present crisis in respect to Russia seems influenced by unwise deference to the feelings of pro-German Bolsheviks and is likely to delay our world-wide attack upon Germany, in every front, it would be fair to argue that a return of Republican majorities in both houses might lead to a useful change in this regard.

The President represents the people and the electorate will stand by him while he is President. They will only elect a Republican Congress when they are made to see that with a Republican Congress back of him he will more certainly perform the people's will to adopt and carry to the limit at any cost a world plan to conquer Germany.

The Republican party will do well to have these facts in mind.

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**THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM**

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles, that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, always belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare, never be satisfied with merely printing news, always be drastically independent, never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.

April 16, 1907.

**LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE****Draft Classifications.**

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

Why should a married man get deferred classification. Is his life of more value or more precious than that of the single man? Hasn't he as much to fight for as the single man? Then why not take his place?

The original draft law could not be improved on unless the age limit was raised to 40 or 45 years. There is only one reason to lower the age limit to 18 and that is to shield Mr. Sheridan's married man. Since everything is to be done for you, you can make an allotment of \$20 per month. The Government will allow for a wife \$15, the first child \$10, the second \$7.50, and \$5 for all others until you reach \$50. Suppose you only have a wife. Can't she live on \$32 per month. Many men are drawing less wages and yet support themselves and wife also. Suppose you get the limit, \$50, and your \$20, making \$70 total, or \$840 per year; this, in my opinion, would keep a good-sized family. It is far above the average Texas small-town clerk's wages, and they draw nearly and seem to get \$10. O.K. Now who is your excuse for classing him back?

Raise the age limit—never lower it—and cut out exemption claims, is my motto. Too many are dodging behind the wife's apron boasting stamp sales and Red Cross work and think this is their bit. I am married and under 45.

JIM LAND, Brownwood, Tex.

A Colored Mother's Protest.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

I think it is an outrage the way the white people slang the poor colored mothers as "mammies." Colored mothers have to suffer and shed as much blood for her children as any white mother. Now, don't you suppose that these poor mothers and sisters have feelings the same as the white mothers and sisters have? The colored boys have gone at the call of the State and State has not repaid their blood and die for the country and for me and you and all other Americans. The colored men, have fought in every war America has ever had, and helped win independence and freedom, and all other wars. Just think, the first blood ever shed for old America was by a negro. The biggest majority of the white mothers and ladies and white gentlemen were raised by old black bigger mammas, without a doubt. I suppose that there are many white mothers and sisters shedding tears for their sons and brothers and mothers that are as well as the "bigger bunches" that are shedding tears for their "bigger backs," "buffaloes" or "black devils," as Hon. Postmaster Selph terms it.

Now, what do you call them? How many colored men do you know who have been arrested as slackers? There has never been a negro spy or traitor or delator citizen in the United States, and why should the negro be criticized and scandalized in any such manner? My brother was in that group of drafted boys, and I am glad that he was brave enough to stand up and say "I'll join the country. I only wish I was a man, I would join the army. I only wish I could say that reporter would be loyal enough to his black brothers not to report untrue things about them, because God knows that he didn't tell the truth.

Now, my white brother, let's quit criticizing the poor black soldier and the black mammas, and respect us as American citizens, for we certainly deserve it.

A LOYAL NEGRO'S MOTHER.

et al.

Ireland and Americanism.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

Mr. Johnson of Cape Girardeau is very rightful that the Post-Dispatch published Mr. O'Connor's letter, explaining the Irish question. He would much prefer, like other anti-slavery abolitionists, to suppress all truth and facts about Ireland that would enlighten the American public. Mr. Johnson and his co-thinkers are rightly afraid of the injurious effects the light of publicity focused on Ireland would have on England in her relations with America and the allied nations in their fight to make the world safe for democracy and the independence of the small nations.

HENRY W. CURTIN.

Drug Clerks' Hours.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

I am a former drug clerk of St. Louis now visiting your city from Chicago, and am amused at the long hours the drug clerks are still working in this town and the little pay they receive. We should be glad to see our countrymen in Chicago so that it is a factory one. Sixty hours a week is a week's work, with a maximum of sixty-five at 60 cents an hour, no week to be paid for at least 60 hours.

Why do not more of the clerks here join the organization which was started some time ago, so as to make these facts obtain in St. Louis? These are only fair wages and working hours, consistent with the times and the public is always willing to pay the deserving servant his due, so that we may all live alike, honestly, contentedly and religiously.

Do the drug clerks not realize that all professions except that of their own are better paid? They do not realize that very men they work for are organized? Why are they organized? Because it is manifestly to their benefit to be organized, the chief of which is to eliminate competition so that they may get a better price for their merchandise.

Is it not plain to be seen then that if the proprietors can obtain a better price for their merchandise by organization the drug clerk can also obtain a better price for his services by organization?

EX-ST. LOUIS DRUG CLERK.

**THE "RIGHT" OF INHERITANCE.**

A principle, which is by no means new or revolutionary, was stated with unusual force and clarity in the Supreme Court's decision on the new Missouri inheritance tax law. In what Justice Graves wrote, it was thus set forth:

The taking of property by inheritance or by will is not an absolute or natural right, but one created by the laws of the sovereign power. This sovereign power may foreclose the right absolutely or it may grant the right upon conditions precedent, which conditions, if not otherwise violative of our Constitution, will "have" to be complied with before the right of descent and distribution can exist.

No provision of the Missouri Constitution stays the free exercise of the right to the disposition of property owned by a citizen at the time of his death. It can be appropriated by the State. It may be partially taken, if the lawmakers so decide. It may be permitted to descend, by will or otherwise, if the lawmakers so decree.

This is a view with which the public should be familiarized. The belief that the safeguards thrown about the possessions of the citizen continues after his death is widespread. The owner of property has a fond idea that his hand may still clutch the title deeds after it has become cold and lifeless. Members of affluent families fancy that the wealth of its head is a joint asset, in which they may be given an invincible claim by death.

But the right of inheritance is not an inherent right. The basic law does not run against dissolution. If the State permits so-called heirs to possess themselves of the property of a decedent, it is merely a policy of expediency. Some day the so-called "right" may be greatly modified or withdrawn altogether.

We are all the time coming nearer to the day when, to avert the menace of swollen fortunes and to lessen the benumbing handicap on children born to wealth, the very thing the learned Justices hint at will be embodied in sound public policy. That is, the so-called "right" of inheritance will be so restricted that the State will take it, for the use of society, all the excess of large estates above modest specified amounts, leaving to those denominated as "heirs" only a competency.

We will merely socialize after death the wealth in the creation of which social influences are paramount.

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**FINDING COMFORT AND HEALTH.**

An experiment worthy of special notice is being conducted at Lake Village, Ark. Attention was called to the work last week when Mayor Snell offered a reward of \$50 to any person who would find a mosquito in the town. This announcement has not been followed by any account of claimants of the reward.

But the bigger facts are these: Lake Village was one of the unfortunate towns where no person resided who thought he could do as well elsewhere. Life was exceedingly unpleasant because of the mosquitoes, which made the days trying and the nights hideous, despite the screening. During May of last year the physicians of the community reported 85 cases of malaria. So this likely spot was chosen by the Federal health experts as a fine place to try experiments regarding malaria control.

Dr. H. A. Taylor was put in charge and he started to eradicate the malaria. He drained every place where water stood that could be drained, oiled the pools that could not be drained, saw to it that the tin cans and other water receptacles were removed and changed the old order of things generally.

During May of this year only five cases of malaria were reported and the people of the community are enjoying unbroken rest when they went it. The saving in doctor's bills will almost pay the expense of drainage, with the increased labor efficiency and the physical comfort as profit. There are other points in Arkansas and some in Missouri where Dr. Taylor would be welcome.

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The America that fights abroad has a right to demand of that small section of America which is wholly factional or self-centered and fights only at home a more sober recognition of the momentous issues at risk at this moment on many battlefields. So long as these vexatious domestic quarrels continue, no one can say with truth that Englishmen should not participate in the celebration of this anniversary.

The Declaration of Independence was more than the bill of rights of the American colonies. It was the bill of Anglo-Saxon liberties for which our ancestors had struggled from the earliest days. It was the re-statement of principles that were enunciated in the witenagemots of the Teutonic forests and traces its descent in the pure line straight down through Magna Charta to today.

What English commoners in our colonies fought for in 1776, English commoners had been fighting for at home through many centuries. On this side of the water popular liberties were won by revolution and an appeal to arms. On that side they were won by a slower but more peaceful process. The important thing, however, is that they were won and that today they are the common heritage of all the English-speaking peoples.

The Declaration of Independence was not a declaration of war against English traditions of government but against the perversion of those traditions. The colonists of that time were fighting not so much against England as against the Junkerdom of England and that they had the sympathy of the commoners of that country history quite fully attests.

As it is, we have a brief statement from a Balkan correspondent by way of The Hague that the fire occurred three weeks ago, ravaged 10 districts in the heart of old Stamboul, destroyed 5000 houses, 20 baths, 26 basars and 10 mosques, and left 200,000 persons homeless. Certainly the barest of chronicles of one of the greatest fires of history!

The reader pauses for a moment to wonder what ancient example of mosque architecture have been obliterated—were they the Moslem equivalents of a Rheims Cathedral?

And turns from force of habit to the war news.

So has the greater story of human conflict altered the perspective and dislocated the old proportions of news values. Similarly, in the Indian war wreck there would have been for the piping times of peace an event of the first magnitude. As it is, the killing of this large company of circus people gives to the accident a unique odium among railroad horrors. Bareback riders, trapeze performers, acrobats, they survived the risks of the circus ring only to lose their lives to the juggernaut of unsafe railroad operation. Even the war cannot altogether dim their shocking fate.

Yet the story necessarily takes a subordinate place in the news columns. Wars that make hu-

man life cheap make civilian life even cheaper to a public attention wholly absorbed in the world's struggle for freedom.

**BAITING PARTY BOSSSES.**

There is an interesting campaign in progress in Tennessee, where Clyde Shropshire, prominent in Southern Baseball League affairs, is taking a sporting chance with the new direct primary election law to defy the Democratic party organization and become a candidate for Governor. Tennessee has been one of the bosses states for a number of years. Thomas C. Rye, the Governor, is an exception. He has been elected twice because everybody but the practical politicians like him, and is a candidate for United States Senator. It is admitted that under the old controlled primary or convention system, neither man would have much of a chance. The Democratic headquarters has announced that Senator John K. Shields will be renominated and Judge A. H. Roberts named for Governor.

But Shropshire is not dismayed and he is proving to be a very annoying individual to the politicians. His methods are unconventional. He has not opened an expensive headquarters, like his opponents, but says that he is giving that money to war funds. He has invited his opponents to join him in campaigns for war money raising purposes, political to be barred. Incidentally, he wrote a dozen or so checks payable to the Red Cross, all to be cashed when Shields met him in a debate on party bosses.

This is a view with which the public should be familiarized. The belief that the safeguards thrown about the possessions of the citizen continues after his death is widespread. The owner of property has a fond idea that his hand may still clutch the title deeds after it has become cold and lifeless. Members of affluent families fancy that the wealth of its head is a joint asset, in which they may be given an invincible claim by death.

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**A WAR-TIME CONSTITUTION.**

If the work of drafting a new Constitution for Arkansas is concluded as wisely as the work has been brought to the midway stage, that State will deserve congratulations. The convention, which met last fall, reconvenes tomorrow to take up the reports of committees. Already the elected delegates are aware of what these various reports will be.

The main question to be decided is: Shall the completed work be submitted to the people at this time?

Those who oppose submission assert that new provisions probably will arise after the war and the work would have to be done over. Others assert that the new provisions are greatly needed for the emergencies now in sight and will be worth the trouble.

Gov. Brough, whose counsel has prevailed in most cases, says that if the Constitution is submitted, it must be submitted by sections, so that the opponents of individual sections will not become opponents of the whole and certainly defeat it.

The new Constitution will provide universal suffrage, with no distinction of sex; replace the cumbersome State commissions with more flexible bodies; raise the pay of State officials; create some new offices and eliminate more old ones; lengthen state officers' tenure and limit office holders to one term.

The delegates to this convention were elected before the United States entered the war and met after the declaration of war. The sentiment was that no extended session should be held at war time, so the subjects were briefly outlined, topics apportioned to committees, with orders to have completed drafts circulated by mail.

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**JULY 4 IN ENGLAND.**

How the old-fashioned Fourth of July orator, the spread-eagle twister of the British lion's tail, must turn in his grave at the announcement that America's independence day will be observed this year as a day of thanksgiving and prayer in English churches!

Significant as this is of the new and better understanding we have reached with the British since the present war has drawn us more closely together, there is, after all, no valid reason why Englishmen should not participate in the celebration of this anniversary.

The Declaration of Independence was more than the bill of rights of the American colonies. It was the bill of Anglo-Saxon liberties for which our ancestors had struggled from the earliest days.

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What English commoners in our colonies fought for in 1776, English commoners had been fighting for at home through many centuries. On this side of the water popular liberties were won by revolution and an appeal to arms. On that side they were won by a slower but more peaceful process.

The important thing, however, is that they were won and that today they are the common heritage of all the English-speaking peoples.

The Declaration of Independence was not a declaration of war against English traditions of government but against the perversion of those traditions. The colonists of that time were fighting not so much against England as against the Junkerdom of England and that they had the sympathy of the commoners of that country history quite fully attests.

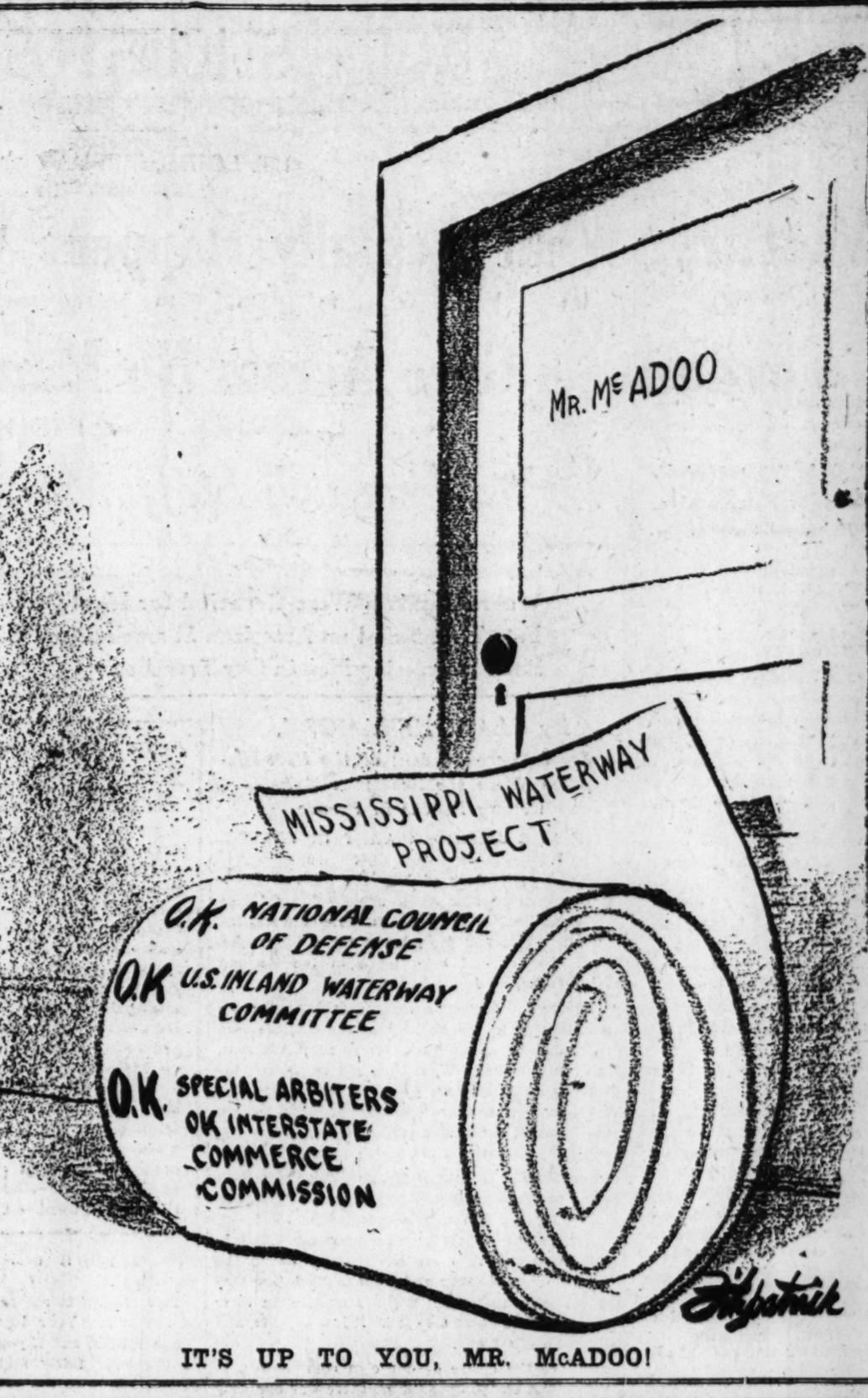
As it is, we have a brief statement from a Balkan correspondent by way of The Hague that the fire occurred three weeks ago, ravaged 10 districts in the heart of old Stamboul, destroyed 5000 houses, 20 baths, 26 basars and 10 mosques, and left 200,000 persons homeless. Certainly the barest of chronicles of one of the greatest fires of history!

The reader pauses for a moment to wonder what ancient example of mosque architecture have been obliterated—were they the Moslem equivalents of a Rheims Cathedral?

And turns from force of habit to the war news.

So has the greater story of human conflict altered the perspective and dislocated the old proportions of news values. Similarly, in the Indian war wreck there would have been for the piping times of peace an event of the first magnitude. As it is, the killing of this large company of circus people gives to the accident a unique odium among railroad horrors. Bareback riders, trapeze performers, acrobats, they survived the risks of the circus ring only to lose their lives to the juggernaut of unsafe railroad operation. Even the war cannot altogether dim their shocking fate.

Yet the story necessarily takes a subordinate place in the news columns. Wars that make hu-

**JUST A MINUTE**

Written for the POST-DISPATCH  
by Clark McAdams

**PERSONAL—INFORMATION WANTED.**

WE do not want to gather any coin. Present some bills for taxes or the like; But something definite acquire, purloin, Regarding Goldberg's twins—Sirs Ike and Mike.

We all can see that Ike resembles Mike; But Justice being blind, they both may lose, For if Dame Fortune wandered down the pike, She'd see that each of them had need of shoes.

We artists, authors, scribes, whose meager pelf, Is seldom heavier by a lucky strike, Tell us—before he lays them on the shelf: Does Goldberg know which one of them is Ike?

HERBERT W. CANN.

There was a big fellow full of egotism or some-thing on the train going through Indiana. After looking over the passengers, he came to the conclusion he could clean up the car in a very short time. So, acting on the thought, he got up and announced in a loud voice he could lick any son-of-a-gun from Indiana. No one paid any attention to him. After a short time he arose and stated he could lick any son-of-a-gun from Ohio. Still no response. Finally he made the remark he could whip any son-of-a-gun from Missouri, Illinois or Michigan. At that side they were won by a slower but more peaceful process.

The important thing,

# Events in the Social World

## Society Turns Out to Help Make Red Cross Day a Red Letter One at the Sunset Hill Country Club.

EVERYBODY was out yesterday at the Sunset Hill Country Club when society, athletics and patriotism combined to make a red-letter day for the Red Cross and the efforts were crowned with success from every standpoint. There was everything from aquatic sports to a dinner-dance including auctions, golfing, sales of various sorts and a flag raising and it was among the largest patriotic events of the kind that has ever taken place in St. Louis. These Red Cross days are being held throughout the country at different country clubs and it is doubtful if any so far has exceeded the one of yesterday.

A bevy of society girls formed the dinner dance committee and were Misses Caroline and Julia Tyler, Martha Overton, Eleanor Stanard, Mary Dowton Jones, Frances Reid Jones, Nancy Bates, Dorothy Mond, Grace Taylor and Katherine Pierce, with Mrs. Eugene Williams Jr. as chairman, assisted by Mrs. Knox Tausig.

The swimming pool, which is the only large open air salt-water pool in the country, was in charge of Mrs. Robert Hussey for the day, assisted by Misses Sidney Busch, Arnold Morrow, Brigitte Hoffmann, Fritzi Riesmeyer, Misses Jean Allison, Florence Mott and Catherine Letts. The doll booth was in charge of Mrs. William Dee Becker and Miss Grace Clabaugh with a corps of young belles as assistants.

Mrs. Frederick Gardner, wife of the Governor, unfurled a flag in front of the club house. The Great Lakes Naval Band and the United States Military Band from Jefferson Barracks were another attraction and the uniforms of the sailors, soldiers and Red Cross workers mingling with the costumes of the hundreds of other guests gave just the right patriotic touch to the whole affair.

WEDDINGS grow scarcer as the summer advances and the past week witnessed fewer than has been the case for some weeks. A few engagements of note continue to keep up the interest of the social world and the most important one recently disclosed is that of Miss Dorothy Murphy to Ensign Marquard Forster, which was formally announced on Friday, the wedding to take place on Tuesday. Miss Murphy is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Murphy who have been residing at the Buckingham Hotel. She has spent much of her time in travel, but when in St. Louis has taken an active part in social affairs. She is related to many families of prominence here through her mother, who was Miss Elizabeth von Phul. Her sister is Mrs. Henry Keeler who was formerly Miss Lucile Murphy. Ensign Forster is the son of Mrs. C. Marquard Forster of \$251 McPherson avenue, and a brother of Mrs. Briggs Hoffman, a recent bride who was Miss Paula Forster, and also of Miss Hilda Forster, and also of Miss Hilda Forster, and also of Miss Hilda Forster. He was graduated from Washington University in the Law Department, class of 1917 and received his training for his commission at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. He is now stationed with the naval flying corps at Hampton Roads, Norfolk, Va., where he will take his bride to reside.

A N organized group of women known as the Marine's Service Club is composed of the relatives of marines, and at an election held at the Mercantile Club recently Mrs. Lionel Bel Moses was elected president. Mrs. James A. Waterworth was made vice president with Miss Harriett Price secretary and Mrs. Harvey Mudd treasurer. The following committees were appointed: Mrs. Marguerite Hopkins, Mrs. George L. Ball and Miss Helen Philbert, publicity; Mrs. H. E. Wagone and Miss Elaine Philbert, membership; Mrs. Gladys Cabanne, Mrs. F. L. Jacob, Mrs. Randolph Laughlin, Mrs. George W. Carton and Mrs. C. Bainer Jr., entertainment; Mrs. T. S. Roberts, Mrs. O. L. White, Mrs. O. E. Lightfoot and Mrs. Dean Hooper, soliciting. Mrs. Lucile Hails, Mrs. Leo Roach and Mrs. Theodore Hails, finance. This is the first organization in the city for the marines and instead of maintaining separate clubrooms the Soldiers and Sailors Club in the Post-Dispatch Building is now known as the Soldiers, Sailors and Marines Club. All women who are interested in the marine branch of the service are asked to meet at the armory on Tuesday night at 7:30 o'clock, where they will march to the Knights of Columbus Hall, where a demonstration to encourage marine enlistment will be held.

A LIEUT. AND MRS. CHARLES A. PROETZ, whose marriage took place in Jackson, Mich., on June 15, have been the guests of Lieut. Proetz's mother, Mrs. Martha Proetz of 5091 Von Versen avenue. Mrs. Proetz entertained on Monday in honor of the young couple, who returned the next day to Camp Custer, Mich., where Lieut. Proetz is stationed in the Quartermaster's Department. The bride was formerly in Scott Field, near Belleville, to which place he will take his bride.

A WEDDING of interest to sub-urban society as well as here was that of Miss Letta Wright to Nathan B. Norton, the ceremony having taken place at the Emmanuel Episcopal Church at Webster Groves, with the Rev. Courtney Jones officiating. Miss Edith Jones was the maid of honor and the bride's sisters, Miss Elizabeth Wright and Miss Belle Wright, were bridesmaids. Charles Norton served his brother as best man, and Proctor Wright, the bride's brother, acted as groomsman. A small reception followed the ceremony at the residence of the bride's parents for the family and most intimate friends. Mrs. Norton is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walton J. Wright of Webster Groves. She was graduated from Washington University in 1916 and the following year obtained an A. M. A. degree from the same institution. Mr. Norton is the son of Mrs. N. W. Norton of Forrest City, Ark., who with her son, Charles Norton, came to be present at the wedding. Mr. Norton took his bride to Memphis for a visit en route to Forrest City, where they will reside. Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Norton of Benton, Ark., were other out-of-town guests who came for the wedding.

GOESE Millinery Shop, 317 N. 10th; sale of all Straw Hats, most unusual value; not one originally priced less than \$10, now \$5 and \$7.—Adv.

T HE marriage of Mrs. Marguerite Lewis Buckle to William A. Rutter Jr. was quietly celebrated on Wednesday afternoon at the Grace M. E. Church with the Rev. Herbert Rhodes officiating. Mrs. Rutter is the daughter of Robert D. Lewis of 52 Westmoreland place and has been residing at 5053 Kingsbury boulevard. Mr. Rutter is



Cool Under Tree



Photograph by Kandeler

**Mrs. Leslie Olian**  
Who is entertaining  
an out-of-town  
visitor....

regular program for the coming winter.

Because so many are remaining in the city through the summer months, it was decided to gather together socially, once each month, to confer and discuss plans for the welfare of the club and its part in the civic and patriotic work of the city. Mrs. Nugent has offered her lawn as a meeting place.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Pelinski Jr., 4151 Kossoff avenue, have returned from an Easter trip.

Mrs. Leslie Olian of 5656 Waterman avenue is entertaining as her guest Mrs. Rose Rakow of Sedalia, Mo.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Nixon of 3518 University street have announced the marriage of their daughter, Miss Elizabeth Nixon, to Sgt. William Hamm, which took place on Saturday, June 22, at the Lafayette Park M. E. Church with the Rev. Luther Todd officiating. The bride was graduated from Washington University in the class of 1915 and is a member of the Delta Gamma Sorority. Sgt. Hamm is the son of Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Hamm, who formerly resided in St. Louis, but who are now living in Washington, D. C. He is in the aviation section stationed at Scott Field, near Belleville, to which place he will take his bride.

One of the weddings of last week was that of Albert F. Fischer and Miss Mamie Cahill, which took place Wednesday morning at St. Margaret's Church. The bride's sister, Miss Elizabeth Cahill, was maid of honor and Ambrose McGrath was best man. John Beck and Edward Cragier acted as ushers. After the ceremony and a wedding breakfast at the family residence, 3901 Cleveland avenue, Mr. and Mrs. Fischer departed for a honeymoon at the Northern lake resorts and will be at home after July 20 at 3452 Giles avenue.

Miss Adele Van Luijk of 4515 Red Bud avenue has gone to Pittsburgh, Pa., where she will be the guest of her sister, Mrs. George F. Hardy, for the remainder of the summer.

Lieut. G. R. Pennington and Mrs. Pennington, who have been spending a short while in the country, returned last week to the city, and Mrs. Pennington has resumed her

work with the substitute cooking school of the United States Food Administration. Lieut. Pennington has gone to American Lake, Wash., where he will be stationed.

The Friendly Aid Club will discontinue holding their monthly meetings for the summer months, devoting their entire time to the war work in which they are actively engaged.

A wedding of yesterday afternoon, which was quietly celebrated at the Fry Memorial Methodist Church, on Clifton avenue, was that of Miss Hope Wennerker, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Wennerker of 6221 Simpson avenue, to Elmer von Brunn, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. von Brunn, 5131 Columbia avenue. The ceremony was performed at 5:30 o'clock by Dr. S. G. Gale. Mrs. Jean Donzelot was matron of honor and Miss Bessie von Brunn, sister of the bridegroom, Miss Florence Roberts and Miss Anita Griffin were bridesmaids. Owing to the illness of Mrs. Wennerker the reception, which was held at the bride's home,



Photograph by Strauss

**Miss Eila S. Cuslee**

Those engagement to  
Ensign Walter Clarke has  
been announced....



Photograph by Kajiwara

**Mrs. J. Warner Briscoe**  
Who was until June 11 Miss Hazel Stone....



Savings day at the Liederkrantz Club, Grand and Magnolia avenues, Thursday afternoon. The affair was held in the name of the War Savings Committee of the Liederkrantz. Mrs. Henry J. Falkenhainer presided, assisted by Mrs. George A. Bock, president of the auxiliary. Mrs. N. A. McMillan, chairman of the Woman's Division of the War Savings Committee, responded in behalf of the War Savings organizations. Colin M. Selph gave a talk, as did also Mrs. J. P. Higgins, chairman of the Ward Division of the St. Louis Woman's Committee.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Witte of 3070 Hawthorne boulevard are sojourning at Dixon Springs, Ill.

You, too, will like  
"The Cleanest Laundry,"  
Colonial Laundry Co. —ADV.

Forrest Cogswell, who has been attending Washington University and making his home with Mr. and Mrs. O. V. Parkinson of 5081 Bates avenue, departed Tuesday for San Bernardino, Cal., to visit his parents before joining the service.

Mr. Paul Henry Feltke of Milwaukee, Wis., is the guest of her parents, Dr. and Mrs. George Edmund Beal of 6126 Berlin avenue.

Miss Grace Sears of the Investigation Division of the United States Food Administration has organized a substitute cooking class, Wesley House, 3035 Bell avenue, to which the women of the neighborhood are invited. It meets every Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock, and Mrs. G. R. Pennington, Government teacher, is in charge. Wesley House has many activities and has been a great force in the district for the betterment of conditions among the people, and the addition of the substitute cooking class meets with general welcome.

A lawn party was given at the home of Miss Mildred Hof, 2847 Minnesota avenue, on Friday, June 21. Those present were Misses Norma Yerger, Estelle Cull, Emma Kurz, Leonie Yerger, Rose Scheer, Bertha Ulrich, Ruth Arth, Florence and Frieda Pohl, Frieda Ebling, Adeline Wotchek, Irene Schreiter, Ruth Miles; Messrs. Robert Cook, Russell Boilier, Robert Wolz, Ben Scheer, Harold Maurer, Oscar Ericksen, Pete Nicholas, George Kenchenmeister, Louis M. Kressel, Messrs. and Mrs. H. W. Willmott, H. Nankman, F. Nicholas, J. Miles, J. C. Phillips, C. Hof, Mr. Yerger, Misses J. Maurer, D. Hof, H. Tesson and M. Kohler.

The St. Louis Woman's Committee, Council of National Defense, the only federated body of women organized for war relief work, and the only channel through which women's activities can be officially reported to the Government, has been especially active in the War Savings campaign.

Mr. and Mrs. George A. Meyer, chairman of the Woman's Division of the War Savings Committee of St. Louis, was one of the speakers at the dedication of the "White House" on War Savings day. This booth was built for

the purpose of aiding in all work, in front of the old Postoffice, Ninth and Olive streets.

Miss J. P. Higgins, chairman of the Ward Division, through the ward and precinct chairmen, supplied the secretaries for all neighborhood meetings on War Savings day, and three neighborhood hostess for each meeting, besides a number of sales-women to further the sale of Thrift and War Saving Stamps.

Mrs. Harry Sprague, chairman of the Speakers' Division, supplied a number of speakers, who addressed the neighborhood meetings. Among them were Misses Richard Kring, Oliver Johnson, Leroy C. Bryan, David Flounoy, F. A. Clifford, John Trigg Moss, Edward Hooker, John Hornbrook, F. H. Littlefield, L. G. Matthews, E. F. Cushing, Harry Wagoner, Albert Ellcock, Marion Murray, C. H. Hanes, John L. Peterson, J. S. Payne, Misses Scott, Maude Nierlinger, Myrtle Wood, Charlotte Gerhard, May Culbertson, Elizabeth Cueny, Lily Ernest, Elizabeth Morris, Gussie Kalb, Jennie Greenwood.

The Inter-Sorority Council will give a swimming party at the Liederkrantz, 4525 Olive street, Saturday afternoon, from 2 until 5 o'clock. The entire proceeds will be donated to the Red Cross.

Mr. James J. Burke of 2705 Humphrey street, accompanied by his daughters, Misses Jeanette and Virginia Burke, will depart Sunday night for Los Angeles and other points in California. They will return about Oct. 1.

A quiet wedding of Thursday was that of Miss Edna Albrecht, daughter of Mrs. Elizabeth Albrecht of 2800 Salisbury street, to Henry Duernberger, which was solemnized at the parsonage of the Zion Evangelical Lutheran Church. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Mildred Albrecht, and William H. Albrecht was best man. After the ceremony a supper was served at the Statler Hotel. The couple departed Saturday morning for a short Eastern honeymoon and after July 2 will be at home in the Martha Apartments, 3720 Glasgow avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank T. Mudge of 5221 Cubanis avenue announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Alice Bell Mudge, to Othmar M. Kammann of Newport, Ark. Mr. Kammann is the son of Mr. and Mrs. G. V. Kammann of Washington, D. C.

Mr. and Mrs. James B. Gordon of Louisville, Ky., announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Leon Gordon, to Harry W. Plemos of St. Paul's Church, Louisville, July 15, at high noon, after which the couple will leave for an extended trip to Atlantic City and the East. They will be at home after Aug. 10 at Hotel Statler.

Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Welch of 5389 Vernon avenue have announced the engagement of their only daughter, Miss India Dorothy Welch, to Dr. C. Parkhill, son of Dr. and Mrs. W. C. Parkhill.

Continued on Next Page



**Colored Woollies**  
EXTRA fine quality, white ground with most colored stripes and patterns, 36 inches wide, yard, \$2.50 (Square 16—Main Floor)

**Children's Books**  
FANCY patterns, white with colored parrot tops; all well reinforced, 29c (Square 12—Main Floor)

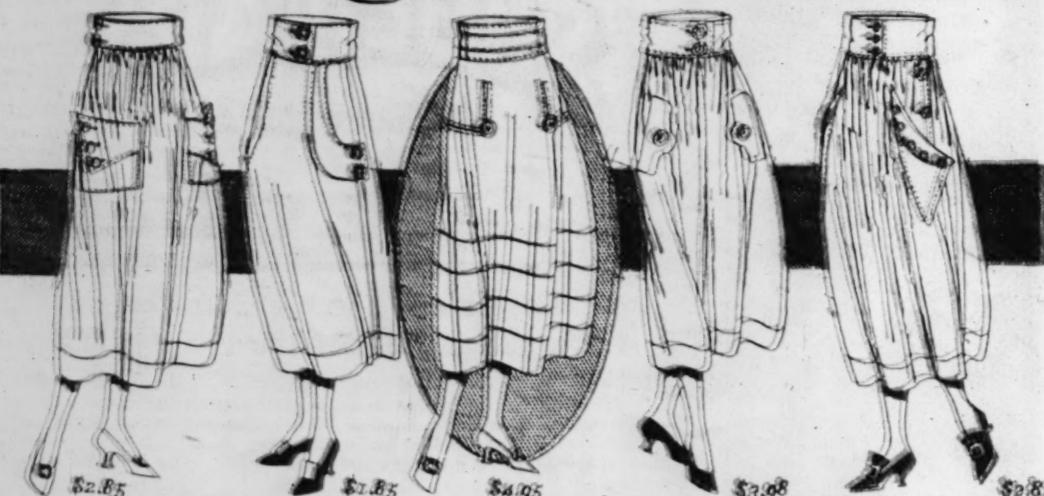
**Turkish Bath Towels**  
BLEACHED Terry Cloth, colored, woven striped centers; pink, blue, yellow 25c (6th St. Highway—Main Floor)

**Stix, Baer & Fuller**  
GRAND LEADER  
SIXTH-WASHINGTON-SEVENTH & LUCAS

**Store Hours**  
THE Summer hours begin Monday, when store will close daily at 5 o'clock Saturdays at 1 o'clock

**Fleurs de Roubaix Voiles**  
THE finest of all Printed Voiles, 28 inches wide, in patterns that are exclusive and in beautiful shades. A remarkable assortment Monday offered for the first time, at, yard, 50c (Square 10—Main Floor)

# A Page of Interesting "Before-the-Fourth" Sales



## A Timely Sale of Wash Skirts

Presenting the Newest Designing Ideas at Very Special Prices

\$2.85 \$3.98 \$4.95 \$7.95

WOMEN will quickly approve the distinctive styles in this lot, the splendid tailoring and the quality of the material. It is a rare thing to find these in skirts at such popular prices.

There are garments of pique, gabardine, tricotine, fancy weaves, Ottoman and various novelty materials and linen.

Skirts are in models that launder readily, and trimmed with embroidery, pockets or plainly tailored, finished with pearl buttons. Sizes 24 to 34.

### New Silk Skirts

The prettiest styles, in desirous Skirts—of taffeta and gros de londre, striped and plaid effects. 300 Skirts at these prices. All styles that will win prompt favor, in two lots, \$5.95 and \$7.95

### White Wash Skirts

Very pretty models, of a new material called "marvelous," also some of pique and gabardine. Several new models, in sizes 24 to 36, \$1.85 (Third Floor)

## Needs for the Vacationists

START right with good luggage and add enjoyment to the vacation trip. Every need of the traveler is to be supplied to advantage here.

### "Hartmann" Wardrobe Trunks, \$45.00

They are made of three-ply basswood, covered and lined with hard fiber, have solid post corners and steel trimmings. They carry 15 to 18 suits and dresses, and have large roomy drawers, hat and shoe boxes, and laundry bag.

### Dress Trunks, \$24.00

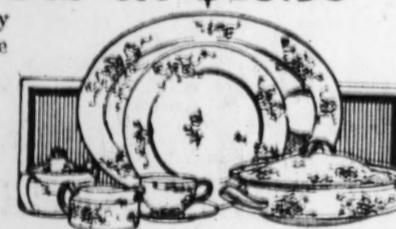
Very light in weight, three-ply fiber covered and steel trimmed—two trays, with top one divided for hats.

### Dress Trunks, \$18.00

Of three-ply fiber covered, steel trimmed and cretonne lined.

## 100-Piece Dinner Sets at \$13.95

AMERICAN semi-porcelain, with dainty pink spray decoration and gold treatment. These are complete service for twelve persons, including:



### Ice Cream Sets, \$3.95

Large tray and six plates, of Nippon china, hand-decorated in floral and border effects, gold treatment.

### Berry Sets at \$1.95

Large berry bowl and six dishes, of Japanese China, floral designs and gold line.

### 100-Pc. Dinner Sets, \$19.50

American semi-porcelain, in attractive bluebird design. Bread and butter plates are included in the set.

### 100-Pc. Dinner Sets, \$26.50

English semi-porcelain, with attractive border designs between gold lines.

The Ideal Rug for Summer Home or Bungalow, Special. \$13.50

## 9x12-Ft. "Bozart-Artistocrat" Rugs

The Ideal Rug for Summer Home or Bungalow, Special. \$13.50

THESE are all-fiber rugs, and come in the most beautiful designs and colorings, combining with their good looks, splendid wearing qualities. They are worth considerably more than the Monday price.

### Reversible Rugs at \$17.00

"Neenah" Rugs, with solid colored centers and band borders on ends; heaviest quality, woven through and through, and the color range is very complete. Size 9x12 ft.

(Fourth Floor)

### Wool-and-Fiber Rugs at \$12.00

They are ideal for bedrooms, beautiful designs, woven through and through, and the color range is very complete. Size 9x12 ft.

(Fourth Floor)

## Summer Home Needs at Savings

"Wear-Ever" Windsor Kettles, seamless, with cover; 4-quart size, \$1.69 at

\$1.45

Coffee Percolators, of aluminum, seamless body, 3-cup size, \$2.95

Coffee Mill, attach to wall—grinder and glass container, 95c

Serving Trays, mahogany finish, glass-covered surface, side handles, 12x17, 89c

Pride Laundry Soap, 50c, make, 10 bars to customize no mail or phone orders—10 bars for 48c

\$1.89

Dutch Ovens, "Griswold" make, of iron, polished inside, cast handle, with cover, ideal for pot roasts, \$1.295

Combination Wringer and Laundry Bench

Wringing machine, with smooth polished iron frame, yellow ball, 4x4, \$1.45

Laundry Bench

Wringing machine, with smooth polished iron frame, yellow ball, 4x4, \$1.45

Laundry Bench

Wringing machine, with smooth polished iron frame, yellow ball, 4x4, \$1.45

Laundry Bench

Washing Machine, water power, strongly constructed and with open and closed motors, guaranteed for one year, \$1.295

10 bars for 48c

\$1.45

Ironing Board, on stand—are smoothly finished, folding style.

House and Room Paints, about 30 colors, quart, 55c, 1/2 gallon, \$1.00

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House and Room Paints, about

WASHINGTON U. TO OPEN  
WAR CLASS IN MATHEMATICS

Offers Opportunity for Men Who Wish to Enter Ordnance, Artillery, Aviation or Navy Branches. A review course in mathematics, especially in trigonometry, as an aid

to quickly qualifying men for the field artillery, ordnance, aviation and navy branches of war service, has been organized by Prof. Frederick W. Shipley, director of extension work at Washington University and Adjutant of the War Service Exchange, intercollegiate branch. It will become operative at once

upon the enrollment of no fewer than 15 students, the class to be in charge of Prof. Otto Dunkel, assistant professor of mathematics.

Organization of this special school, it is explained by Prof. Shipley, was induced by many requests from young men who desire to enter one of the branches mentioned, in all of which more or less knowledge of higher mathematics is essential. This fact is emphasized in the Government's call for men for the branches needed, and is of an urgent nature in the case of the Field Artillery Officers' Training Camp that has been established at Camp Zachary Taylor, Louisville, Ky.

Miss Gertrude Valentine attended the bride and John Russell acted as best man. A wedding breakfast followed at the home of the bride's parents, and after a wedding journey to Northern lake resorts they will be at home at 2341 Louisiana avenue.

Miss Irene Moeller entertained the bride and a few others at a birthday celebration Saturday evening, June 22, at her home, 4414 North Twenty-first street. Those present were: Misses Stella Pietsch, Clara Otto, Nina Sabeck, Hilda Reubeling, Florence and Hulda Lohrman, Pauline Scherding, Rosemary Tranel, Laura Berglecker; Messrs. Albert Seiler, Charles Leitner, Ed Meyer, Lester Smith, Elmer Nestor, Wilton Kamman, Carl Bourne, Victor Boeger, Harry and Earl Schmitz.

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Letters and photographs from home keep up the spirit of the soldier boys. We will help you send the best Schwieg Studio, 4927 Delmar—Adv.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Davis of 2337 Geyer avenue entertained Saturday evening, June 22, in honor of the twentieth birthday of their daughter, Miss Edna Davis. About 30 guests were present.

Mrs. A. B. Friedman of 1384 Blackstone avenue announces the marriage of his daughter, Miss Anna Friedman, to Harry A. Fuchs, which took place June 16, with Rabbi Thurman officiating.

An open-air euchre and lotto party will be given by the Knitting Unit on the SS. Peter and Paul's school grounds Tuesday evening at 8:30 o'clock.

FRENCH AND BELGIAN SOCIETIES  
IN JOINT CELEBRATION JULY 4

A joint Fourth of July celebration of the French Society and the Belgian Benevolent Society will be held at Cafferaff's cafe and garden, Delmar and Hamilton avenues, at 10:30 o'clock Thursday morning. Speakers will be Marc Seguin, French and Belgian Consul, who will talk in French, and Paul V. Janis, who will deliver the Fourth of July address.

The French Society will be represented by its president, Gus V. R. Mecham; John J. Van Hogen, president of the Belgian Benevolent Society, will represent that organization. The following patriotic songs will be sung: The Star-Spangled Banner, by Miss Louise Dostal; the Marseillaise and America by Mrs. Oliver T. Covington, and the Brabanconne, the Belgian national hymn, by Mr. Devos. Persons of French or Belgian birth or descent are especially invited.

Since the French national holiday, July 14, falls on Sunday this year, the National Holiday Celebration of the French Society will be held Monday, July 15, at Delmar Garden. Eugene Feller is in charge of the arrangements.

## 8 GUESTS FOR AD CLUB LUNCHEON

Officials of Associated Clubs to Be Here Tuesday.

Next Tuesday's luncheon meeting of the Advertising Club of St. Louis at Hotel Statler will be attended by eight guests from other cities. They are: William H. Rankin of Chicago, president William H. Rankin Advertising Co.; Paul Faus of Chicago, vice president Mallory, Mitchell & Faust; Merlin Sidenor of Indianapolis, president Sidenor-Van Riper Advertising Co.; and chairman of the National Vigilance Committee of the Associated Advertising Clubs, Herbert S. Houston of New York, vice president Doubleday, Page & Co. and former president of the Associated Clubs; William H. Johns of New York, president George Batten Co. and chairman of the Division of Advertising Committee on Public Information; James O'Shaughnessy of New York, secretary American Association of Advertising Agencies; Samuel C. Dobbs of Atlanta, director of Sales Coca Cola Co., former president of the Associated Clubs, and P. S. Flores of Indianapolis, executive manager Associated Clubs.

## MARINE RECRUITING MEETING

A recruiting meeting for the Marine Corps will be held Tuesday night at the Knights of Columbus Hall, 3549 Olive street. It will be preceded by a parade of the Marines Service Club, composed of mothers, relatives and friends of men in that service, who will assemble at the First Regiment Armory.

Mothers of marines will carry service flags, and all others in the parade American flags. Music will be furnished the meeting by the Knights of Columbus Choral Club and the Junior Marine Band of McKinley High School. The speakers will be James R. Dunn, Gus Mecham and J. Joseph Redmond.

Diamond Rings, \$40 values, \$1 a week. Lof. Bros. & Co., 2d floor, 308 N. 6th st.—Adv.

## CHURCH TO HONOR SOLDIERS

In honor of the more than 20 members of the congregation who have been called to the colors, a musical program will be given at 10:30 o'clock this morning at the Kirkwood Methodist Church. The soloists will be Misses Marion Johnson and Honors Hard, sopranos, and Mrs. Harlan D. Holman, contralto.

Reginald W. Heyen, organist, will play national anthems of the allies and five songs of the trenches by Lieut. Gitz Rice. Miss Johnson will sing the famous poem, "In Flanders Fields," by the late Lieutenant-Colonel Sir John McRae, set to music by John Philip Sousa.

A most remarkable purchase of high-grade voiles, plain cross-hatch and invisible stripes, striped taffeta and sport effects. Monday.....

95c \$2.75  
1.45 \$3.75  
4.75

Monday—

A Great Sale of  
Midsummer  
Hats  
Radical Reductions

extraordinary values emphasize tomorrow's selling of fresh, new assortments.

Charming Hats of Georgette Crepe \$4.65  
Summer models in fetching styles with dainty flower trimmings and fancy feathers; in white, pink, gray, navy, sand and other colors. An extremely fortunate purchase makes it possible for us to offer such pretty hats at.....

Stylish Banded Milans \$2.65  
Splendid values—very serviceable and cool—at.....

Snow-White Panamas \$1.00  
Neatly trimmed—just the thing for summer wear.....

Special—50 Trimmed Hats—65c

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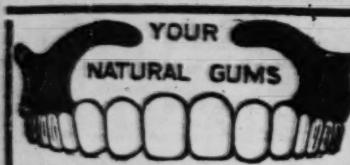
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Special—50 Trimmed Hats—65c

PAIR  
ARTMENT  
Rearirs. 25c  
Rearirs. 75c  
Blades  
med. doz. 25c  
5th Floor  
Dolph Bldg.



## FRECKLES

Don't Hide Them With a Veil; Remove Them With Othine—Double Strength.

This preparation for the removal of freckles is usually so successful in removing freckles and giving a clear, beautiful complexion that it is sold by any druggist under guarantee to refund the money if it fails.

Don't hide your freckles under a veil; get an ounce of Othine and remove them. Even the first few applications should show a wonderful improvement, some of the lighter freckles vanishing entirely.

Be sure you ask the druggist for the double strength Othine; it is this that is sold on the money-back guarantee.

—ADVERTISEMENT.

Up-to-Date Dentistry  
Saves Time and Money  
Have your impressions taken in  
the morning. Get your teeth  
done the same day.

Crown and Bridge Work  
\$4.00 Up

EXAMINATION FREE

DR. E. W. SCHRIEVER

Extractions  
50c

OLIVE

Hours:  
8:30 to 7:  
Sunday  
9 to 1

If you have HEP set the diamond ring on  
credit at Lotta Bros. & Co., 24 Floor, 208 N.  
6th St. Open every evening.—Adv.

## Big White Sale

White Shoes That  
Are the Rage  
Right Now

\$290

—and at the start of  
the season, when these  
shoes are the leading  
styles

Rosenbach offers  
them at \$2.90

Widths AA to E—All sizes.

If we were profiteering,  
they'd go like  
hot cakes at \$6.

300 Pairs Women's  
White Kid Pumps  
Leather, fresh, pumpers, with  
leather—2 sizes—\$2.90  
Gold embroidery at \$3.50.

300 Pairs Women's  
White Kid Boots  
Leather, crepe sole, in  
leather—2 sizes—\$2.90  
Gold embroidery at \$3.50.

400 Pairs Women's  
White Reinskin Boots  
Beautiful texture; graceful  
bounding lines—high wood  
piping. All leather—2 sizes—  
all sizes and widths. Fall  
up to \$3.50.

ROSEN BACH  
SHOES  
17 STORES

Broadway  
and  
Locust  
Take Elevator  
Save at Least  
Two Dollars

WE GIVE  
EAGLE  
STAMPS

## AMERICAN FLYERS FIND A ROOSEVELT THAT WON'T TALK

Refusal of Quentin to Speak  
at Banquet Vouched for by  
Plane News, Paper of  
Yankee Airmen.

## COPIES OF JOURNAL REACH ST. LOUIS

Instructor Contributes In-  
structive Article on Disci-  
pline—Tricks of German  
Aviators.

The June 1 and June 8 issues of  
Plane News, air service paper of the  
American Expeditionary Force, have  
reached St. Louis. The paper has  
been enlarged recently, and is a four-  
page issue devoted almost entirely to  
the news of the flying force, and to  
matters of interest to its members.

Lieut. Quentin Roosevelt, son of  
the Colonel, is one of a group of  
aviation officers pictured in one of  
the numbers. A personal paragraph  
about Lieut. Roosevelt is headed, "If  
Father Could Only Hear Me." It  
relates that Lieut. Roosevelt at a  
banquet, said: "Don't let this get  
any farther or I will lose my reputation.  
I am going to say something  
no other Roosevelt ever said; I am  
not prepared to make a speech."

An item about "Unsportsmanlike  
Tricks to Deceive Ally Flyers" re-  
lates that "The Hun's are at their  
old tricks again. Their machines are  
being marked to make them look as  
much like allied markings as pos-  
sible. The Germans have taken to  
rounding off the cross on the wings  
of their planes, to make them look  
like allied barges. The game of the  
German airmen is to play around,  
get in a shot if possible, and then  
run. American flyers, for fear of  
attacking a probable friend, must get  
up close to an enemy machine, usually  
after considerable maneuvering,  
before opening a fight."

Article on Discipline.

In an article by Capt. Harry S.  
Gwynne, officer in charge of an air  
service training field, the necessity  
for discipline in aviation training is  
discussed. Capt. Gwynne writes:

"Aviation long ago passed the 'fly-  
ing for exhibition' stage. It seems  
odd that so many pilots and students  
are so far behind the times as not to  
realize this fact."

"I have observed that the student  
who climbs out of his machine after  
having completed a few tours de  
piece and approaches the waiting  
students with something like this:  
'Did you see me lay her over in those  
banks?' or 'These buses fly fine;  
let's try a little formation when we  
get out for our air work, always re-  
quire more time to complete the  
course at the field and probably are  
sent back for a few minor field,  
and rarely make good pilots. The  
first thing the instructor has told  
them is to take the turns easy, and  
on their air work to try wide, easy  
banks and to accustom themselves  
to the machine, yet they cannot wait  
for their acrobatics until they get to  
the aerobatic field or for their  
formation until they get to the  
formation field."

"The whole situation pivots right  
back to the old question of discipline.

"Do what you are told.

"Don't try anything new.

"Your instructor knows, or he  
wouldn't be there, instructing, and if  
he wants you to try something new  
he will tell you to do so."

"The success of an operation is  
dependent upon the discipline of the  
command and this applies in the air  
as well as upon the ground, and it  
is most important that this be ac-  
quired in the training stage. Here  
you may only endanger your own life  
and some property; at the front you  
may endanger an important operation  
and thousands of lives."

"Infantry which performs  
brilliantly extended order must have  
the highest kind of discipline, as  
ever man must be less 'on  
his own.' The air service requires  
a still higher order of discipline. In  
the air you are always 'on your own.'

There are many instances in this war  
where, contrary to orders, a pilot  
has left his formation, because he  
thought he saw a wonderful oppor-  
tunity, thereby bringing about the  
destruction of the whole group."

New Meaning of "A. E. F."

A new meaning is given to the letters  
A. E. F. in an item about a  
commanding officer who, it is hinted,  
"wants a job in A. E. F. (Anywhere  
Except France.)"

An appreciation from Scott Field,  
Belleville, is sent by Sergt. Thomas  
T. Gillen of that post, who requests  
that some number of Plane News  
be printed on shingling or galvanized  
sheeting. The copies printed on  
paper wear out before half the men  
can read them, he declared.

A clipping, said to be from a  
Southern weekly newspaper, is  
printed, as an instance of "dishing  
out patriotism at so much per." The  
item told of a man who "stated at a  
meeting of citizens that he had \$5000  
which he would lend at 6 per cent  
to those desiring to purchase Liberty  
Bonds."

The Supply Sergeant of the  
Thirteenth, Sergt. Henck, another  
item relates, "is a victim of Dame  
Rumor. She slipped it to him that  
all noncomprehensives above the  
grade of common Sergeant were to  
fly. He quit his job and went to  
swinging prop. Let the asbestos  
drop here, and his soul rest in peace.  
It was all a vampire frameup.  
Henck is again swapping socks and  
stalling the boys off about summer

WE GIVE  
EAGLE  
STAMPS

**Sensenbrenner's**  
SIXTH AND ST. CHARLES

WE GIVE  
EAGLE  
STAMPS

Come Help Yourself!

## All Summer Millinery

Every Summer Trimmed Hat . . . . .

Every Summer Sport Hat . . . . .

Every Summer Untrimmed Hat . . . . .

All Summer Hat Trimmings . . . . .

at

1  
1/2  
PRICE



Plenty of Georgettes  
Plenty of Leghorns  
Plenty of White Milans  
Plenty of Every Popular  
Millinery Fashion  
None Reserved—None Withdrawn

Our second floor will be a busy place tomorrow, for  
where is the woman who can afford to let such a chance  
slip by? You'll find the variety so great that it will be  
easy to secure a becoming style. And the wonderful  
thing is, that each and every hat is up-to-the-minute in  
fashion, in trimming, in color.

No Returns, Approvals or Exchanges Permitted.

## 186 Dresses—Half Price and Less

Up to \$22.50  
Values for



\$9

Four Styles  
Pictured



Others Just as  
Attractive

Just the Type of Dresses That are Wanted—of Splendid Quality, Smartly Styled

Plain and Striped Taffetas  
Organdies

Crepe de Chines  
Sheer Voiles

Combinations of Georgette with Taffeta

Up to \$35 Values in

Suits

Serge, black and white checks, taf-  
feta, La Jers, silk poplin and mixtures.

While They Last

\$10

Up to \$35 Values in

Coats

Of various woolen fabrics, jersey  
and silk taffeta.

## White Oxfords

\$4

Handsome New  
White Sea Island  
Oxfords just re-  
ceived—built over a  
high arch, medium  
receding toe last,  
with covered  
French Louis heels  
and hand-turned  
soles. All sizes  
and widths.

## "Keds"—Tennis Oxfords

98c

First-grade Cham-  
pion Rubber Sole  
Tennis Oxfords in  
black with black sole  
or white with white  
sole. Misses' and  
children's sizes at  
79c. Women's, boys'  
and men's sizes  
all at 98c.

## White Oxfords, Pumps, Boots

\$2.15

Choice of covered Louis, Cuban or  
Military heels. All have hand-turned  
leather soles. 18 styles of newest Oxf-  
fords and Pumps to select from in all  
sizes and widths.

## White Pumps

\$3

Beautiful White  
Sea Island Plain  
Opera Pumps with  
either covered  
French Louis or  
Military heels—  
hand-turned soles.  
All sizes from 1 1/2  
to 8. Widths A  
to E. Wonderful  
values at \$3.



## Bathing Shoes & Cap

69c

High-cut Roman  
Bathing Sandals, in  
Red, Green, Purple,  
Black, or White.  
Soft Cloth Bath-  
ing Caps in colors  
to match. The  
entire combina-  
tion worth \$1.  
Special, per set,  
98c.

## Barefoot Sandals

98c \$1.25

Just received a big shipment  
of first-class Sandals, made  
of Tan Lotus Calf, with  
extra durable chrom-  
eum leather soles; guar-  
anteed not to rip or  
tear. Sizes 5 to 8 at  
98c. Sizes 8 1/2 to 2  
at \$1.25. Com-  
pare prices else-  
where with these.

Tiny bottles of Freezone cost only a few cents at any drug store.  
Millions of women keep Freezone handy. When a corn comes,  
just a "drop" and that corn is forgotten. Freezone is the  
magic discovery of a Cincinnati genius. Try it! Wonderful!





**GRAY HAIR**

Horse Had the Gout.

LONDON, June 28.—Called for the defense in a cruelty case at Oldstreet a veterinary surgeon said that the horse was suffering from gout.

**WHAT HAPPENS**

WHEN U. S. PATROL RAID FOES TRENCH

Continued From Previous Page.

**"OUT-OF-SITE"**  
ALL-METAL  
Aluminum  
Suspenders  
Cool Relief from  
Prestress  
Wearers  
One at each side  
Shirt  
Shirt  
Send for  
details  
of  
testimonials.  
Satisfaction  
guaranteed.  
Patents allowed  
and pending.  
LEONARD WOODS  
H. & C. Co., St. Louis, Mo.

# Addison's

511-515 WASHINGTON AV.

## 2000 SUMMER GARMENTS

WHITE WASHABLE SILK WAISTS—  
BLACK OR WHITE SILK LACE WAISTS—  
BEAUTIFUL ORGANIE AND SWISS WAISTS—  
WHITE PIQUE AND GABERDINE SKIRTS—  
A FEW NAVY BLUE SERGE SKIRTS—  
NORFOLK MIDDY SMOCKS—  
CHILDREN'S WHITE DRESSES—  
WOMEN'S GINGHAM DRESSES—  
SILK DRESSING SAUCES—  
CHOICE OF ALL UNDERMUSLINS—  
CHOICE OF ALL SILK PETTICOATS—

**\$100  
EACH!**

Black Taffeta Silk Skirts . . . . .	\$3.98
Navy and Black Wool Poplin Skirts . . . . .	\$4.98
Plaid and Striped Silk Skirts . . . . .	\$4.98
1000 soiled Wash Waists, choice . . . . .	.50c
One lot of Silk Dresses, choice . . . . .	\$5.00
Finest Silk Foulard & Crepe de Chine Dresses, . . . . .	\$7.98
Georgette and Crepe de Chine Dresses, . . . . .	\$9.75
Fiber Silk Sweater Coats . . . . .	\$2.98
One lot of Misses' Middy Waists . . . . .	.25c
One lot of Women's Wash Skirts . . . . .	.50c



Taffeta Silk Coats  
Taffeta Silk Suits  
Wool Poplin Suits  
French Serge Suits

Velour Coats—  
Serge Coats—  
Poplin Coats—  
Satin Coats—  
Moire Coats—  
Bengaline Coats—

**\$5  
UP**

**PLUSH** Advance Winter styles—  
genuine fur bottoms and  
collars full lined—also  
extra sizes, too!

**CHILDREN'S COATS** Silk and wool—  
choice . . . . . \$2

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"Crook's" Hair Dressing  
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and cause all of your  
hair to become evenly  
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silicate which is easily  
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Healed.

had eczema over her  
on the back of her  
in the form of a rash,  
spreading until it  
that she could not  
and burning, and she  
had scratch so that the  
famed. It caused her  
and fretful.

lasted about two  
ing one cake of Cuti-  
one box of Ointment  
(Signed) Geo. Col-  
field St., Morrison,  
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poor complexion im-  
ment occasionally.

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Widow

her death 9 years  
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regularly and  
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we now have—  
thousands of satisfied  
customers our  
record!

**WHAT HAPPENS  
WHEN U. S. PATROL  
RAIDS FOE'S TRENCH**

*Continued From Previous Page.*

and the little party moved on in 25-yard steps.

**Crawling Is Hard Work**

It is hard physical work to crawl along the ground, picking a rifle in front of you. The muzzle of the rifle is filled with a little roll of cloth to keep out the mud. Your belt insists in catching on weeds, and the work is destructive to everything that will wear or tear. No cost is charged against a man for goods or equipment lost or destroyed in No Man's Land. That is one of the best rules we have. It would be impossible to do the work, if a fellow had to worry about his equipment.

The stretching and contracting column reached the graveyard, and silently deployed into a line and moved through the little group of graves silently, each man on his own and the party was scattered at the other ends of the cemetery. No enemy was within sight.

The party was now at the point in the graveyard nearest to the rock pile 500 yards away, behind which the German sniper was supposed to hide, and the Lieutenant set about making a nest for his own sniper. A shrub which leaned over a forgotten grave made a good cover. There were weeds in front of it, this year's and last year's weeds, and there a place was smoothed and the sniper was ensconced. The aspect of the position from the viewpoint of the rock pile was left unchanged. Then the patrol moved on to complete its circuit, and the section teacher was left in quiet to think his long thoughts and to wait for the dawn.

The patrol proceeded a distance which seemed many miles, but which really was less than a mile, but to the tired, aching muscles of the crawling men, it was a tremendous distance. Patrols must crawl, not so much for their own protection as to prevent the enemy learning in what sections they are working, for the presence of a patrol almost always brings on a barrage, and some of the other fellows in trench or dugout, would suffer because the patrol was not sufficiently careful.

**Back in the Trenches**

This patrol was back in the trench at midnight, having been three hours in No Man's Land, with all its work done. As the men walked back through the silent town, a faint moon tried to break through the heavy, scattering clouds. The town had a watering trough, which in times of peace doubtless was usually surrounded by bucket-carrying girls and horse-leading boys. Water piped from a spring back in the hill supplied the trough, presumably that for three years no horse had watered there. Doubtless the last were the transport animals of the retreating Germans. The fountain and the street it stands in are in the direct and indirect machine-gun fire of the Germans, and in good view of them by day. But the fountain is playing away as merrily as ever, and the water which runs over the edge of the stone trough wanders off in a meandering stream, just as in happy days.

The support company to which the patrol belonged was in a town several kilometers away. No one removed the blacking from the face, of course, for that had to be shown to the other fellows back there. These men, all veterans now, had been rookies but a few short hours ago, for it was the first time they had invaded No Man's Land. Once over the top, whether in a charge, a trench raid or on a patrol, it is a better soldier that comes back than went out.

There is a thin sort of feeling which pervades a man between 1 and 2 o'clock in the morning. Physical weariness adds to it, and rain helps it along. Fettians of the early days of the war talk of it as the Flanders trench, in those times before the Hun had been reduced to a known quantity, and when he was still something of a magnified, mythical figure, of unknown and unhappy powers.

**A Curious Sensation in the Trenches.** You can get the sensation best in the trenches, doubtless, but lacking that, try walking along a dark and muddy road, silently, when you feel physically done. Shell holes every hundred feet or so tell you how well the enemy guns register on the road, and the fragile fabric of camouflage erected alongside is, you know, no protection from a blind artilleryman firing from a map and according to rule. The grumble of the guns comes from a half circle around you, and in the east a giant is setting off flares. Light in the illumination of the guns, the sparkle of the vicious, waspish fire of war.

There was comfort in a long line of French artillery drawn along the roadside near the town where the supports were quartered, and joy in the hot coffee drank while the cork was being removed and the patrol described with spirit and quaint embroidery. Then the tired soldiers slept, fairly wet but completely happy.

No man can fathom the mind of the artillery. That night at 3 a. m., when everybody was pounding his ear, a battery of 75s burst forth like hell boiling over. The very existence of this battery was unsuspected by the most of the battalion. To have three ravenously voiced war cats begin howling virtually under your bedroom window just after you return from No Man's Land, and have just fallen asleep, is something of a shock.

It must have been pretty good shooting, too, for it so annoyed Fritz that he dropped a few gas shells in the town, and "Whanaouwhanyou" went the gas alarm. So every weary warrior had to turn over on his back and put on his gas mask. After 20 minutes, the "All clear" was given, and there was nothing specially on hand to do except go to sleep.

The following day was one of steady French spring rain, and at night the same Lieutenant led seven

other men out on patrol to pick up the sniper and do a little wire repairing where a shell fell during the day. I am not able to tell in detail all this patrol did, but they crawled carefully to the graveyard, "abandoned" their way across it, and called cautiously to the sniper, according to an agreed signal. There was no answer. He has fallen asleep, the Lieutenant thought. He crept up, still using the agreed signal, found the man and shook him. But there was no wasting effort. The sniper had the misfortune to be cold and dead. The Lieutenant calmly sent the body back and proceeded with his wire-fixing expedition. In the sheltered dugout it was found that a bullet had caught the American fairly in the top of the head and passed lengthwise through his body. The German sniper on the rockpile had got his blow in first.

Three days later the town on the first line did not feel deserted at midnight. It was just as dark, and just as silent, except for a rustle of whispering, but there was no longer the feeling of loneliness and isolation. Every home of the line of broken houses was in it. In the cellars or thoroughly tight and light proof cigarettes were going, and low, intoned stories while the tedium. These seemed little excuse for such care, because the guns on both sides of the line were pounding away in a manner unknown before in this sector. Portions of the line which sent 10 shells across in a day of last week were now giving 1500. Far back the big naval guns were adding their terrible voices to the uproar, and occasionally nearer by the squat, barrel-like mortar joined in with a roar like an ammunition dump going up.

The demand for a few German prisoners had reached the highest point of insistence. Three hundred men, all dressed for the masquerade, were going over the top, and they were going on until they got the needed prisoners.

**Three Hundred Go After Prisoners.** They went. Through the wire and into the field, crawling on hands and knees, flattening for star shells and mines.

*Continued on Next Page.*

**SUMMER RESORTS**

**Eat Your  
Fourth of July  
CHICKEN DINNER at  
Madame DeFoe's**

**HER FAMOUS CHICKEN  
DINNERS ARE APPETIZING**

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These resorts, and the merchants' names signed below, are among St. Clair's leaders. Write to any of them for information:

Wm. E. May, The Outpost.  
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**Bring the Kiddies!**



**St. James**

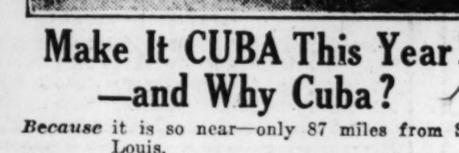
**For Swimming, Fishing, Boating**

A beautiful little town, with good driving roads out of it in every direction, and three rivers close by—the Bourbeuse, the Dry Forks and the Meramec.

St. James' citizens have prepared for many guests this Summer, by growing lots of fruit and vegetables. Plenty fresh eggs, real butter, and chickens. Write to any of these residents of St. James.

Mrs. W. Krieger, Krieger's Farm  
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**They Have Not One, But  
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Leasburg offers you the wonderful Ozark scenery, good food, good fishing, hunting, boating, canoeing and bathing—because it is near the Meramec, Huzzu and Courtois Rivers—three prettier streams cannot be found anywhere. Some of the most wonderful scenery in Missouri is around Leasburg.

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**Butler County**

is a favorite with the hunters, who come here for Quail and Wild Turkey during the hunting season.

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**The Butler  
County Fair**  
July 3d and 4th

There will be some fine horse racing, aeroplanes, and a general good time for all.

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will be among the speakers.



**Poplar Bluff**

is the principal city of Southeast Missouri, and is easily and quickly reached by the Missouri Pacific and Frisco roads. It is surrounded by a wonderfully fertile country, and the nearness of the Black and Current Rivers, as well as the wonderful Ozark Mountain country, make it the mecca of thousands of vacationists during the Summer season, who scatter in every direction in pursuit of their favorite sport.

While you are staying in Poplar Bluff, see the City—its Parks, Library, the handsome public buildings—and perhaps you'll be interested in some of our 32 factories and mills. It's a busy, bustling little city.

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**Jerome and  
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All aboard for the beautiful Gasconade—the fisherman's paradise. Bass, crappie, sunfish and jack salmon fishing is especially good at this point, and they're running well this season.

Delightful one-day floats can be made from here; motor boats, rowboats, canoes and launches may be had. The Gasconade is a safe river for bathing. And the wonderful scenery will make you want to tour the surrounding country on foot, horseback or drive.

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S. J. Bryant, Bryant's Cottages  
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# ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Circulation Last Sunday, 336,931

General News

PART TWO.

ST. LOUIS, SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 30, 1918.

PAGES 1-8

## What Our Navy Has Learned About Making War on German Submarines

### Striking Facts From Consulting Board's Report

Development of Detecting and Locating Instruments Is Urged Upon Inventors as the Most Vital Need of the Hour, as Depth Bomb Is a Most Effective Destructive Agent When Position of Underwater Vessel Is Fairly Accurately Determined.

**W**HAT our navy has learned about making war on submarines is set forth, with discreet reservations, in a highly interesting pamphlet issued during the past week by the Naval Consulting Board, composed of noted scientists and inventors, who are co-operating with the naval authorities in an effort to suppress the German U-boat.

This pamphlet, designed primarily to aid inventors in their efforts to develop effective anti-submarine devices makes the first disclosure of what one of invention has been effective and what has been found to be utterly impractical. The following observations on the submarine and the methods of combatting it, are culled from the pamphlet, which urges inventors to concentrate on detecting and locating instruments as these are needed now above everything else. Once the U-boat's location is known, the highly efficient depth bomb will destroy or disable it.

#### The Various Types of Submarines

Modern submarines are divided into two general classes—the coast defense type of from 300 to 7000 tons surface displacement, and the cruising type of from 300 to 2500 tons displacement, having a radius of action of from 3000 to 8000 miles and capable of operating along the Atlantic coast of the United States from European bases.

Germany appears to be devoting her energy at present to the construction of a small group of still larger type, reported to have a displacement of 2800 tons, which also possesses superior gun equipment for surface operations, greater speed when cruising on the surface, very much more habitable quarters for the crew, and storage capacity for a larger number of torpedoes and other supplies.

Many hundreds of proposals have been received advocating one-man submarines and submarines of small size, to be manufactured in great numbers for the purpose of attacking and destroying the larger types of enemy submarines. This subject has been given exhaustive consideration and it has been conclusively proved that no small submarine can be provided with the necessary power, speed, equipment and living quarters for the crew to enable it to operate successfully in the submarine zone. Even the smallest of modern submarines requires a number of devices for its successful operation; an internal combustion engine, an electric motor—which also can be used as a generator to charge the storage batteries—water ballast and trimming tanks, pumps, air compressors, air storage tanks, torpedo tubes, storage space for torpedoes, quarters for crew, and other machinery and auxiliaries.

#### Submerged Submarine Not Dead

The submarine when submerged so that its periscope does not project above the water is blind, but not deaf, for it is provided with sound detectors or microphones that will indicate the approach and direction of a ship. If its own machinery is at rest or moving slowly, with noise so slight as not to interfere with the listening.

A modern submarine may, if it is in good order and the hull is not punctured, remain resting safely on the bottom for a day or more without inconvenience to the crew. Under favorable conditions, where the waters are less than 200 feet in depth, a submarine might lie at rest on the bottom and detect the approach of a vessel several miles away. In case the water is more than 200 feet in depth, a submarine must usually be kept in motion, to obtain steerage way, in order to hold its proper depth of submergence. This speed does not exceed one knot.

#### Protection of Ships From Submarines

Torpedoes may be discharged with equal effectiveness whether the submarine is on the surface or is submerged, but, at the most effective range, say one-half mile or less, the superior gunfire and greater accuracy of the guns of armed merchantmen and war vessels (because of their higher and steeper gun platforms) make the defeat of the submarine, operating on the surface, probable—in fact, almost certain—if the torpedo attack is unsuccessful. A single effective shell might disable or sink the submarine, because of its relatively small positive buoyancy, while the surface vessel might have many shells strike it and still remain in a seaworthy condition.

Many merchantmen and transports are equipped with microphones so that they may detect the

#### Most Powerful Electro-Magnets of No Use Against Submarines

A large number of suggestions to the Naval Consulting Board for the war on German submarines has involved the use of the electro magnet either as detector or grasper. All are utterly impractical.

Although the laws governing the use of electro-magnets are generally known and applied in a practical manner in a multitude of devices in common use, even the man of wide experience will be astonished at the limited range of their effect.

For instance, the magnets used in our manufacturing plants, for lifting heavy masses of iron or steel are designed to exercise maximum magnetic effect, and for operation require a very considerable amount of electrical energy; yet a magnet which can lift twenty tons when placed in contact with an iron plate of that weight, will not lift two pounds of iron or steel if separated from it a distance of two feet.

Therefore proposed devices which depend on the attractive power of magnets for their operation in deflecting or arresting torpedoes, mines or submarines, must be governed by the simple laws of magnetism.

A torpedo weighing approximately 2500 pounds and traveling at a speed of 25 to 45 miles an hour, will not be deflected to any considerable degree by any known application of magnetism; and it is not believed that an enemy torpedo, mine or submarine will ever be found in a position to be interfered with effectively by any electro-magnetic means, however powerful.

presence of submarines, take the necessary and available precautions to defend themselves, or make escape. These instruments are of the same general type as those used by submarines.

Many designs of nets and such devices are suggested, and most of them are intended to be attached to the hull of the vessel to be protected.

Many other suggestions along these lines, differing only in some of their minor characteristics from the foregoing, have been received.

Up to the present time not one of these proposals involving screens of any kind has received the approval of the Navy Department or of the Merchant Marine.

The principal objections to these devices are that they are heavy, difficult to hold in position, unmanageable in a heavy sea, and that they interfere with the speed and with the ability of the vessel to maneuver.

Many of the suggested devices would prevent the launching of lifeboats or rafts from the vessel. It is barely possible, however, that there may be developed some form of this general plan which will be found practicable.

In no other field have so many suggestions or so many duplicate inventions been presented to the board.

Pontoons and boats, from which plates or screens are sometimes designed to be suspended, to intercept a torpedo, either self-propelled or towed on both sides of the vessel or convoy to be protected, have been proposed, but require so much power to propel that they are considered wholly impractical.

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It is, however, the wake of the periscope on a moving submarine, rather than the periscope itself, that attracts the attention of an observer.

A submarine may be equipped with from one to four, or even more, torpedo tubes. These tubes are usually located in the bow, but some of the larger vessels also have tubes in the stern, and there are some with broad-side tubes. These, however, are not German. The tubes in the submarine usually being built into the hull, it is necessary, in order to aim a torpedo, to maneuver the vessel so that the tube points at the target. Swiveling torpedo tubes are considered undesirable for submarine work.

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Military Goods—Third Floor.

**Nugents****Here Is a Great Page for THRIFTY People**  
**We Are Performing a War Service in Presenting Such Fine Offerings**

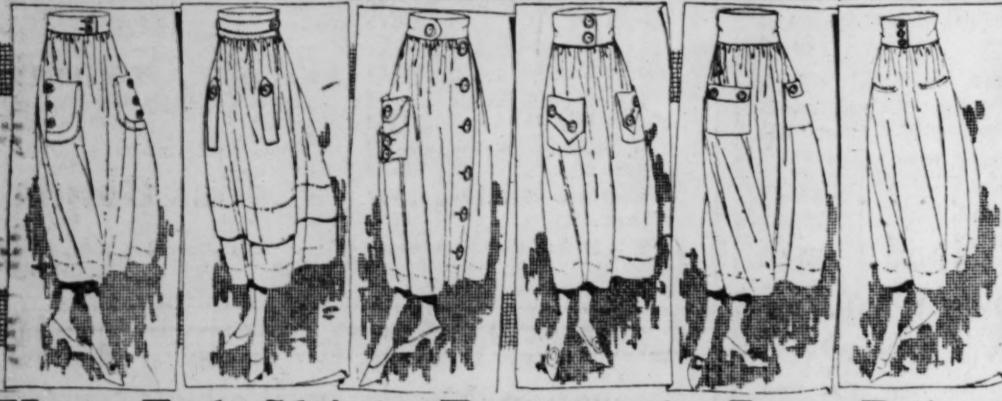
We Sell Butterick Patterns

**Exquisite New Georgette Blouses**  
*In an Underprice Event for Monday*

A blouse event we are proud to announce as one of the most satisfactory of the season. You'll be delighted with the heavy, firm quality of Georgette, which is developed into the loveliest models of the season—and you'll quite agree that the price is several dollars less than these blouses would ordinarily sell for.

Three styles are illustrated. The exquisite hand-embroidery on one is not only elaborate, but beautifully applied. Another shows the latest use of piping and hemstitching, and the third touches of hand-embroidering.

(Second Floor—Nugents.)

**New Tub Skirts Extremely Low Priced**

**\$2.95** **\$3.95** **\$4.95**

Latest arrivals announce the increasing popularity of gabardine and feature the clever use of horizontal pin tucking on skirt and novelty pockets and belts.

The extensive assortment Monday includes gabardine, crepe gabardine, waffle weave and novelties, with handsome pearl buttons used on the pockets, belts—and often on the placket.

(Second Floor—Nugents.)

**\$3.00 White Summer Silks, Yd., \$1.98**

36-inch Sport Tussah, ideal for skirts, suits and sleeveless jackets.  
**\$1.50** Stripe Chiffon Taffetas; light shades; 36 in. wide.  
**\$1.29** Satin Stripe Tub Silks, 32 in.  
**\$1.29** Satin Foulards, 36 in. wide.  
**\$1.29** Wide Silk Poplins, in black, navy blue or gray.  
**\$1.29** White Habutai Wash Silks, 36 in. wide.

**Box Loom Crepe de Chine, Yd., \$1.50**

40 inches, beautiful quality, 15 Summer shades and the Pekin and military blues.

**\$1.69**

**Monday!—\$47.50**  
**Wilton Velvet Rugs**  
**\$39.85**

Standard size rugs, made seamless. These are rugs of unusually good quality and are warranted to give most satisfactory service. They come in very attractive designs and in the prettiest of colorings.

(Third Floor—Nugents.)

**Lace Curtains**  
*In Filet Weave*  
*On Sale Tomorrow*

**\$1.39** Pr.

2½ yards long, plain and detached figured designs, double thread weave and finished with the new overlocked edges; made of the best quality Egyptian yarn.

(Second Floor—Nugents.)

**A Hot Weather Sale of**  
**Porch and**  
**House Dresses**  
**Regular \$2.95 and**  
**\$3.95 Models**

Hundreds of them—lined up for this extraordinary event tomorrow.

In the Downstairs Store

Cool, attractively designed Dresses that are not only suitable for porch and house wear, but for Summer outings as well.

Voiles, lawns, ginghams and percales in plaids, stripes and checks, belted and straight line models, designed with pockets and collars of organdie, pique, voile. Sizes 36 to 46, extra sizes 48 to 52.

**Over the Store**

**\$1.75** Georgette Crepe, Monday, Yard, **\$1.49**

Crisp finished Georgette Crepe in pink, coral, orchid, turquoise, navy, light gray, steel gray, champagne, myrtle, yellow, taupe and lavender.

(Main Floor—Nugents.)

• • • • •  
**Women's Cotton Vests, 19c**

Made to sell for 25c. Mercerized, taped Vests—size 36 and 38.

(Fourth Floor.)

• • • • •  
**\$2.25 Sheets, Monday, \$1.89**

Extra long, size 81x99; made of bleached cotton free from dressing.

• • • • •  
**\$2.55 Sheets, Monday, \$1.98**

Extra size, 90x99; bleached cotton. Pillowcases, Monday, 29c; bleached cotton; size 42x36.

• • • • •

**Notions**

200-yard Wilmington Spool Cotton; white only; 50, 60 and 70 size, 7 spools, **27c**.

10c American Lady Hair Nets, Cap or Fringe, **5c**.

10c Clark's O. N. T. Mercerized, Crochet Cotton ball, **6c**.

(Main Floor—Nugents.)

• • • • •  
**Boys' \$1.00 Rompers and Coveralls, Monday, 77c**

A sample line of a St. Louis well-known maker—beautiful Rompers at less than wholesale price. Broken lots and lines, not a garment sold for less than \$1.00, and are worth today \$1.50.

• • • • •

**Boys' Straw Hats, Monday at 59c**

Brand-new shapes; black, also white; all sizes.

(Third Floor—Nugents.)

• • • • •  
**Traveling Bags, \$11.50**

Made to sell for \$15.00

A wonderful offering of women's splendidly made bags of fine quality black cowhide. Full leather lined, inside pockets; solid brass lock and catches.

(Third Floor—Nugents.)

• • • • •  
**Cowhide Suit Cases, \$8.95**

Good size genuine Cowhide Suit Cases, made over steel frame, cloth lined with shirt fold in lid, and two leather straps.

(Third Floor—Nugents.)

• • • • •  
**Hair Goods**

Transformations of Wavy Hair, **1.50**

Wavy Switches and Transformations, **2.50**

Switches and Transformations of fine hair; all shades and gray, **5.00**

Hair Nets, 5c each or 50c doz.

• • • • •

35c Curtain Marquise, **Yd., 25c**

40-in. Curtain Marquise, highly mercerized; ideal for curtains, draperies and valances; white, cream or Arabian color.

(Second Floor—Nugents.)

• • • • •  
**Table Damask, Yd., 59c**

64-in. Mercerized Damask, full bleached—spot or floral pattern.

(Main Floor—Nugents.)

• • • • •  
**Table Damask, Yd., \$1.00**

72-in. Mercerized Damask, bleached; spot, stripe or floral pattern.

(Main Floor—Nugents.)

• • • • •  
**Pattern Lunchcloths, \$1.25**

64 Pattern Cloths, made of heavy mercerized damask.

(Main Floor—Nugents.)

• • • • •  
**3.50 Westinghouse Electric Irons, \$2.95**

Element guaranteed for life, full 6-lb. size. Regular price \$3.50; Monday, **\$2.95**.

Initial Water Sets, like ours—high grade, 6 tumblers, with your initial on every piece, complete set, **\$1.25**.

Decorated thin China Cups and Saucers, floral and Blue Bird design; set of 6 and Saucers, **\$1.50**.

Cut Glass Fern Dishes, cut on heavy blank, with plated metal handles; made to sell for **\$2.50**; Monday, **\$2.30**.

Thin blown Water Tumblers, decorated with leaded edge; set of 6, **75c**.

240.00 semi-porcelain Dinner Set at **\$2.75**. Coin gold band; 16-piece; 8 in. plates; 12 saucers; Haviland silver shape.

Earthen Water Pitcher in thin Head design; **14** gallon size; Monday, **35c**.

4-inch F. G. Glass Berry Bowl; clear crystal glass; regular price **25c**; Monday, **20c**.

2.50 "Marcel" Butter Molds; oval shape, **89c**.

2.75 Gas Stoves; **2** ft. **14c**; **3** ft. **22c**; **4** ft. **30c**.

2.50 Medium Cabinets; white with green and gold, **\$1.50**.

2.50 "Wear-Ever" Aluminum Preserving Kitchens; **1.40**.

2.50 "Wayne" Cast Iron and Wood Stoves; **97c**.

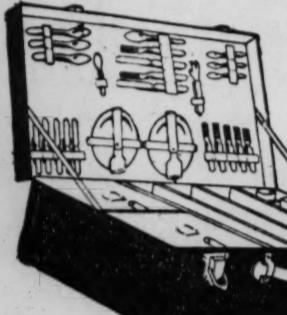
2.50 "O'Cedar" Floor Mop; adjustable handle.

2.50 Kitchen Kerosene Lamp; **9c**.

2.50 "Wear-Ever" Aluminum Preserving Kitchens; **1.40**.



### Vacation Luggage



\$6.50 to  
\$29.75

(Not including  
Thermos Bottle.)

First Floor—Ninth Street.

Bathing Cases, waterproof, 75¢  
Leather Suitcases with reinforced corners, brass bolts and lock, a great selection to choose from \$8.50 to \$25.00

Special Suitcases, made of Keratol with leather corners, straps around entire case, cretonne lined, \$5

Steamer Trunks, all sizes, well made, \$7 to \$30

Steamer Ward Trunks; a wonderful collection, \$2.75 to \$50

Thermos Bottles, pts. \$2.25 to \$3.75 qts. \$3.75 to \$5.25

We are agents for the celebrated "Mendel" and "Oshkosh" Wardrobe Trunks for men. Prices \$35 to \$100  
LUGGAGE SHOP—Second Floor.

BUY THRIFT STAMPS

### Your Bathing Suit

—can best be selected from our immense showing of the newest styles.

Bathing Suits of surf satin \$3.95 California Bathing Suits, in a variety of colors \$3.95

California Bathing Suits, in black, prettily trimmed with woven stripe border, in colors \$5.95

Bathing Suit Shop—Third Floor.

BUY THRIFT STAMPS

### Women's Bathing Shoes

In colors of black, green, red, blue and white, 75¢ in colored combinations \$1

Women's Shoe Shop—Second Floor.

BUY THRIFT STAMPS

### Palm Beach Suits

Light and dark colors, in a splendid variety of the newest styles.

\$9.75 to \$12.50

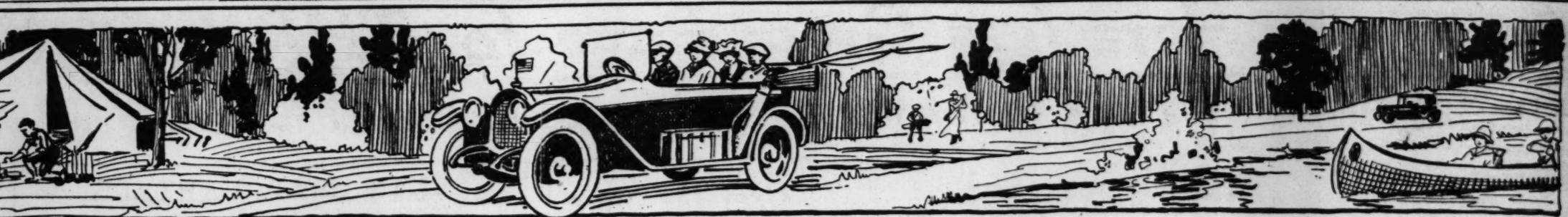
Extra Palm Beach Trousers, \$4.00.

Cool-cloth, Breezeway, Mohair and Tropical Worsted Suits in a splendid selection of colors and patterns priced according to materials, at

\$8.75 to \$25

Palm Beach Dusters, \$9.75 Sport Coats, \$8.50 to \$10 Outing Trousers of white flannel or serge \$6.00 Golf Suits, \$18 to \$25 Golf Knickerbockers, \$5 to \$8.50

Men's Clothing Shop—Second Floor



## Supply Your Vacation Needs Here Tomorrow

### You'll Need a Closgard Folding Wardrobe

A real necessity about the camp for the protection of your clothes; made up of fancy art ticking in beautiful combination colorings.

An absolute protection against moth and dust; three sizes:

Coat length \$3.75  
Skirt length \$4.75  
Dress Length \$5.50  
Drapery Shop—Fourth Floor.

Blankets

—for Out-Door Sleeping

You'll need a good comfortable blanket at the tent or on your auto tour; gray and khaki, each \$5.50 and \$6.00.

• • • •

Auto Robes

—for Summer Use

Light and medium weights, various designs, each \$2.50 to \$5.00.

Blanket Shop—Second Floor.

Rain or Shine Umbrellas

Made of silk taffeta in blue or green, with natural wood handles and silk cord loop; each \$5.00

Tourist Cases

Made of good quality material, with rubber lined, some have wash cloths; pretty flower cretonne covering; each 25¢ to 75¢

Notion Shop—First Floor.

### Camp and Outing Needs

Tin Spoons, each 5¢ to 18¢

Tablespoons, each 10¢ to 35¢

Knives, each 10¢ to 20¢

Forks, each 10¢ to 20¢

Paper Plates, box 5¢ to 25¢

Drinking Cups, nest of 5, package 5¢

Paper Napkins, per 100 20¢

Whisk Brooms 25¢ to 45¢

Clothes Brushes 25¢ to 35¢

• • • •

Picnic Set, 25¢

Consisting of 6 dinner plates, 2 vegetable dishes, 2 meat or sandwich plates, 6 handy side dishes, 6 salt and pepper dishes, 12 spoons, 6 napkins, 1 tablecloth, made from one piece of genuine sugar maple; set, complete 25¢

Housefurnishing Shop—Basement.

• • • •

Traveling Conveniences

From Our Art Needle Work Shop

Cretonne Bags, suitable for toilet articles, a splendid variety

\$1.25 to \$2

Bags, useful for Pullman, also for knitting, made of various materials \$1.75 to \$9

Knitting Wool; don't forget to take a good supply with you on your vacation; all colors; the ball 40¢ to 60¢

Army and Navy Wool, the ball 65¢

Skeins, \$1.00 and \$1.10.

Japanese Baskets, the flat fold, also telescope styles, suitable for packing small articles for your trunk and bag 10¢, 15¢ and 20¢

Silk Shop—Second Floor

### Vacation and Traveling Hats

Women's white and colored

Sailors in straight and mush-

room shapes—Milans, rough

straws and Milan hemp; the

new ribbon hats with straw

facing, large soft Hats, Ta-

fet and Satin Hats, and a

host of others.

The newest and most at-

tractive designs and trim-

mings appropriate for travel

and vacation wear are shown.

\$2.95 to \$12

Women's Hat Shop—Third Floor.

• • • •

Outing Shoes for Men

Beach Rompers in white seersucker or striped kinder-

garten cloth, sizes up to 4 years

\$1.00

Creepers, in solid colors,

checked and striped ging-

hams, sizes up to 2 years 95¢

Infants' Wear Shop—Third Floor.

• • • •

\$1.65 to \$4.50

Men's Shoe Shop—Second Floor.

• • • •

Summer Silks

—for Vacation Wear

Buntes assorted Mint Con-

fections, the box 75¢

White silks, satins, crepes, pon-

gee, etc., suitable for blouses, coats, skirts and lingerie, the yard

60¢ to \$5

Printed foulards, crepes, pon-

geelettes, for outing frocks, porch

gowns, etc., the yard \$1.50 to \$4.50

Plaid or stripe crepe de chine

for golf, tennis, beach and moun-

tain wear, the yard \$2 to \$2.50

Kimono silks, artistic and prac-

tical designs and colorings, yard

\$1.25

Crystallized Gum Drops, lb.

25¢

Buntes Hard Candy, in 3-lb.

glass jars, for the camp; jar

\$1.50

Silk Shop—First Floor.

### Auto Veils

In all the wanted colors and

appropriate styles and sizes,

59¢ to \$7.50

• • • •

White Shetland Veils

In a wide variety; in square

and long drape effects

50¢ to \$3.75

• • • •

Coat and Dress Vests

In white and colors; Geor-

gette, satin, organdie, poplin

and pique; a splendid selec-

tion; each \$1.00 to \$8.50

Vell Shop—First Floor.

• • • •

For Baby

Beach Rompers in white

seersucker or striped kinder-

garten cloth, sizes up to 4 years

\$1.00

Creepers, in solid colors,

checked and striped ging-

hams, sizes up to 2 years 95¢

Infants' Wear Shop—Third Floor.

• • • •

Take candy with you on your vacation

Summer Silks

—for Vacation Wear

Buntes assorted Mint Con-

fections, the box 75¢

Buntes Satin-finish Hard

Candy, keeps well in warm

weather, pound 50¢ and 60¢

Toasted Marshmallows, lb.

50¢

Crystallized Gum Drops, lb.

25¢

Buntes Hard Candy, in 3-lb.

glass jars, for the camp; jar

\$1.50

Candy Shop—First Floor.

### The Sportman's Vacation Needs

Quadruple Multiplying Reel; 60 yards

Gas Company Employees' Picnic.  
The annual picnic of the employees of the Laclede Gas Light Co. will be held at Hammont Park, July 4. Five attendance prizes are offered and the

proceeds will be turned over to the Red Cross, Y. M. C. A. and Knights of Columbus War Funds. There will be athletic contests, music and dancing.

**THE KEELEY INSTITUTE**  
FOR TREATMENT OF LIQUOR,  
DRUG AND TOBACCO USING  
AND NERVOUS DISEASES

Forty Years of Success.  
Competent medical care. Pleasant surroundings.  
No Place in Missouri Authorized  
to Use Keeley Remedies or  
Methods.

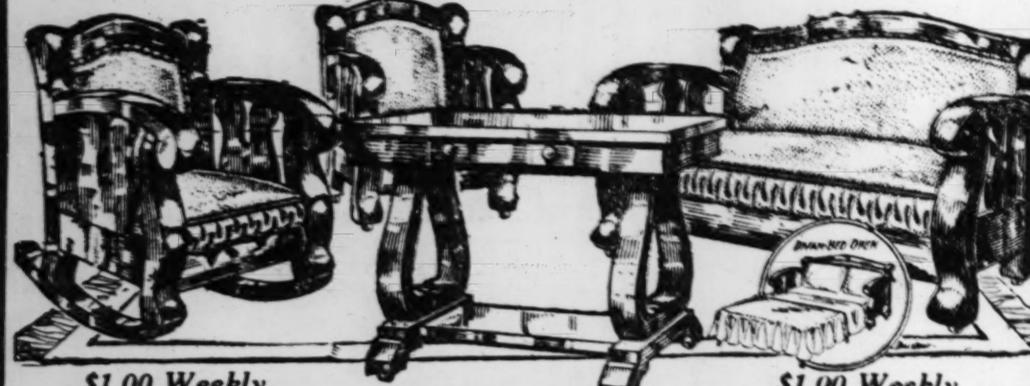
Write for particulars. All business  
strictly confidential. Address

**THE KEELEY INSTITUTE**  
West St., DWIGHT, ILLINOIS

**DOCKELS**  
Water Glass  
Makes the Best  
Egg Preserver  
**POCKELS** JEFFERSON & GRAVOS

# READ and SEE these astounding money-saving FURNITURE OFFERS

By all means attend this gigantic Million Dollar Campaign, Monday. Bargains that know no equal are being featured. A small cash payment is all that is necessary to secure these great values.

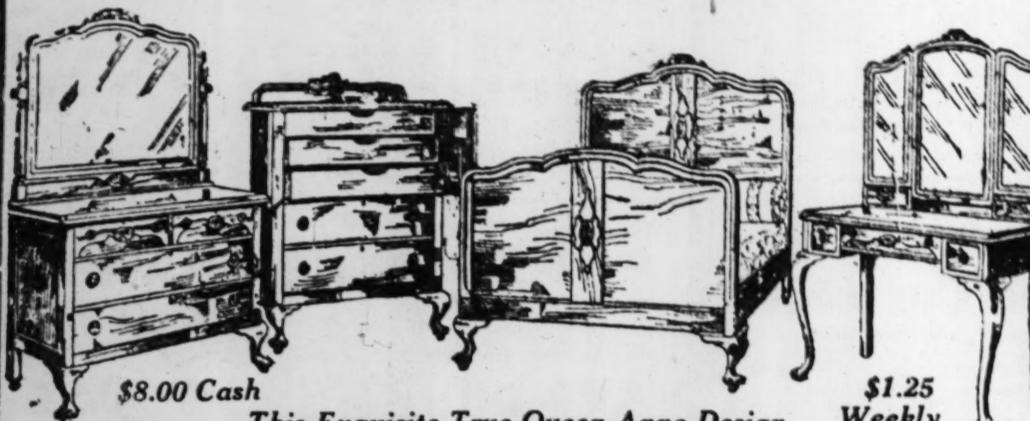


\$1.00 Weekly

\$1.00 Weekly

**This Massive Scroll Arm 3-Piece \$90 DAVENETTE SET, \$63.75**

Here is "real" furniture that you'll be proud to own and show to your friends. Don't compare this with the flimsy straightline designs featured everywhere. It's entirely different, for it has massive, wide scroll arms finished in a magnificent mahogany-richly upholstered in genuine Morocco leather—divan opens into a full sized bed-arm chair and rocker to match—priced at.....



\$8.00 Cash

\$1.25 Weekly

**This Exquisite True Queen Anne Design \$125 BEDROOM SUITE, \$89.75**

The designer of this set showed his master craftsmanship in every feature and every detail. Every carved ornament of this rare old period design is in its proper place. Each piece is very large size. Dresser has French bevel plate mirror. Beautifully finished in either a rich Imperial walnut or mahogany. Set comprises Bed, Dresser and Chifforette—Dressing Table priced extra. Sale now at



Blue Porcelain  
COMBINATION  
RANGE  
\$98

\$27.50 Enameled Side-Icer  
REFRIGERATOR  
\$17.60

\$1 Weekly

See this amazing  
sanitary all-blue  
porcelain  
range—cooks  
and bakes with  
either gas or gas  
and electric  
burners and  
4 coal hot sections  
just as shown—  
with automatic  
lighter—sensational  
bargain  
Monday at \$88.00.

**This \$40 Dining-Room Set, \$29.75**

\$2.50 Cash,  
50c Weekly

Your own eyes will tell you that this is an incomparable bargain. Think of it: A massive solid oak Extension Table, in golden or fumed oak finish—heavy round pedestal and six sturdy solid Oak Morocco Leather Seat Chairs—complete set as shown—\$40 value—sale Monday at \$29.75.

**THE RELIABLE**  
COMPLETE HOME FURNISHERS  
S.E. Cor. 8th & FRANKLIN AVE.

## OUR NAVY LEARNS OF THE HABITS OF THE SUBMARINES

Continued From Page One.

rent, is very difficult to comprehend, until seen.

**Use of Airplanes Is Limited.**

Aeroplanes, dirigible balloons, kites and aircraft of all kinds are used for detecting the presence of submarines. They may be operated either from shore or from the larger ships, and are sometimes very effective; as, under favorable conditions, a submarine is discernible from aircraft flying at a proper height, even though the submarine be submerged to a considerable depth.

While aeroplanes have been used successfully in the English Channel, they are unable to operate far out at sea, where the submarine forces are now most active. The coming of the dirigible, however, to competing and harassing aeroplanes is necessarily a slow process, under present conditions, when all shipyards are overloaded with other important work.

### Submarines Used Against Submarines

Submarines have very low visibility. They were originally designed to operate against the large surface vessels, and it has been the general impression that submarines are not effective against submarines. This belief was also held by the general naval staffs of the various combatants at the beginning of the war; however, Allied submarines have been successfully used in destroying enemy submarines.

In operating against hostile submarines, the hunting submarine may employ one of two methods: it may remain totally submerged and take observations by thrashing up the periscope every few minutes, or it may expose the superstructure above water when the enemy submarine is sighted. In both cases, the hunting submarine maneuvers very slowly, in order to avoid attracting the attention of the enemy, and to prevent detection by means of listening devices.

The method of total submergence is used in restricted waters, such as channels and lanes through which the enemy submarine must pass. Torpedoes are used when submarines fight each other, and, if possible, the extremely effective ram. All submarines can ram without specially designed devices for so doing.

A submarine is most vulnerable to surface gunnery when it is on the surface, recharging the storage batteries; for the gases rising during this operation are stifling, and must be vented into the air, and several minutes are required to close the hatches and submerge. A submerged submarine can be reached with ordinary service shells only by high angle fire, because at low angles they ricochet on the surface of the water.

**Depth Bombs Most Effective Weapons.**

The rapid development and improvement of the depth bombs, and the increased carrying capacity of the modern high-powered hydro-airplane, have made possible a new type of "bombing hydro-airplane," designed to carry a considerable number of bombs, each containing a heavy charge of high explosive.

There are many methods for dealing with the submarine when its whereabouts are determined. The problem lies rather in locating the submarine.

The modern submarine torpedo varies in size according to the service for which it is intended, and ranges from 14 inches in diameter to 15 feet in length to 21 inches in diameter and 21 feet in length, weighing from 1000 to 2600 pounds, the smaller type being used by the Germans to sink unprotected freight and passenger ships at short range.

It is capable of a speed of more than 30 miles per hour, and when traveling at normal speed possesses great momentum, about 65,000 foot seconds pounds.

A torpedo is projected by means of a special form of tube or gun. The tube is usually built into the hull of the submarine, in which case it is aimed by maneuvering the boat. In the case of destroyers and battleships, the torpedo may be projected from submerged tubes or from deck tubes.

Generally speaking, torpedoes are projected from submerged tubes by compressed air and from deck tubes by a small charge of gunpowder. Submerged tubes on battleships, however, may be designed to use either powder or compressed air. When the torpedo is fired from a submerged tube, the compressed air or the gas from the powder follows the torpedo out of the tube with a rush, and causes an eruption on the surface of the sea, which is visible for a considerable distance. As a result of the warning given by this eruption, vessels have sometimes been able to escape the torpedoes by a quick maneuver.

The modern torpedo is self-propelled, being driven through the water by its own compressed air motor, the air being supplied from a strong-built fuel reservoir within the body of the torpedo itself. Torpedoes directly operated by internal combustion engines as motive power have been experimented with and discarded.

The range of a torpedo is approximately a mile, those designed for use on battleships and destroyers being longer ranged than those for use on submarines. The great difficulty in getting proper direction and sufficient motive power to give the required range for a long duration of time renders the long-range torpedo impracticable. It is stated that the latest German torpedo has a range of about 2000 yards, as the compressed air storage reservoir has been reduced in size in order to increase the charge of high explosive in the warhead. The charge is said to be from 300 to 400 pounds.

The torpedo keeps a fairly accurate course by means of a gyroscopic steering mechanism, which is immune to outside magnetic disturbance.

The depth at which a torpedo travels may be regulated to hit the most vital part of the vessel, and that is usually about 10 feet below the surface. In case of torpedo attack against an armored ship, the torpedo is dangerous should strike beneath the armor belt, which usually extends about 10 feet below the water line.

Torpedoes are usually provided with means to cut, more or less effectively, through nets placed in their paths.

The detonation of the torpedo is accomplished through a mechanism placed within its warhead; and if the torpedo is checked in its forward motion, the firing mechanism instantly ignites the heavy charge of explosive contained within this warhead.

It is not necessary to strike a blank pin on the end of a torpedo by means of a flexible cable connecting it with the ship.

This was the

first type of torpedo built, but was discarded for the present difficult type, as the weight of cable, difficulties in insulation, etc., render it of no practical value.

Many suggestions have been submitted to the board for a torpedo to be effectively propelled from a ship.

Such as the weight of cable, difficulties in insulation, etc., render it of no practical value.

RUDOLPH WURLITZER



THE FOUNDER

## A Message to All St. Louisans

About the Rudolph Wurlitzer Company, Both Locally and Nationally

The Rudolph Wurlitzer Company (local branch at 1109 Olive St.) are selling at least twenty-five times as many pianos to the American people as all the piano stores in St. Louis combined (manufacturers excepted).

The Rudolph Wurlitzer Company is one of the largest manufacturers of Pianos and Player-Pianos in the world.

The Rudolph Wurlitzer Company was founded in 1856. The founder of this company, Rudolph Wurlitzer, who died at the age of 84, started in the musical business in Cincinnati in the year 1856, with a few hundred dollars. First as a retailer then as a manufacturer.

The Rudolph Wurlitzer Company is now capitalized at Four Million Dollars and operates twenty-five piano stores in all the large American cities from New York to San Francisco and does an annual business of Ten Million Dollars.

This concern is now operated and controlled by the founder's three sons, Howard Wurlitzer, President; Rudolph Wurlitzer, Vice-President, and Farny Wurlitzer, Treasurer.

Every detail of this immense organization is under the direct supervision of these three men who have spent their entire lives in the study, manufacture and selling of Pianos and Player-Pianos.

Reflection will tell you that a success like this must be founded on merit and merit alone.

The old saying, "Make a better mouse trap than your neighbor and though your house may be in the woods, the public will make a path to your door," is best exemplified in piano building by Rudolph Wurlitzer, for most surely the public has shown its appreciation of his musical genius.

If hundreds of thousands of families in St. Louis and throughout this broad land have seen fit to buy musical instruments of the Wurlitzer manufacture and have been pleased and satisfied customers, does it not stand to reason that you can buy a Piano or Player-Piano for your home with every confidence of lasting satisfaction?

The writer of this announcement was recently appointed General Manager of the Rudolph Wurlitzer Company's St. Louis store. I have been selling and supervising the selling of pianos in St. Louis for the past 15 years.

I dare say I have sold as many pianos to St. Louisans as any man that ever sold pianos in this city. I number the people to whom I sold as my personal friends and bid them welcome at my new home.

Naturally I welcomed the opportunity to become associated with a firm of the character and standing of the Rudolph Wurlitzer Company.

To see and examine the wonderful instruments on the floors of this store would give anyone just pride in selling them to their friends and fellow citizens. Without fear of contradiction I say to you that the Pianos and Player-Pianos to be found here are the finest, in their respective grades, that can be found under one roof in America.

"A Better Player-Piano for Less Money" is the Wurlitzer slogan.

In buying of us you are buying directly of the manufacturer. Naturally you save the middlemen's profits.

Our Player-Pianos range in price from \$415.00 to \$1000.00.

Our Grand Pianos range in price from \$475.00 to \$1250.00.

Our Upright Pianos range in price from \$265.00 to \$700.00.

Every family in St. Louis contemplating the buying of a Piano or Player-Piano owes it to itself to inspect the Wurlitzer line.

Every instrument sold, of course, is backed by the Rudolph Wurlitzer Company's guarantee.

A guarantee which amounts to something. I know of guarantees given on pianos that have a hundred-and-one loop-holes in them, and are couched in such language as to make them worthless.

The Wurlitzer guarantee is "Absolute Satisfaction to the Customer or Money Refunded."

James Moran

THE RUDOLPH WURLITZER CO.,  
1109 Olive Street



J. B. MORAN, General Manager

## LABOR CONFERENCE ON BORDER

Pan-American Federation to Be Organized Within Three Months. By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Plans for an international labor conference on the Mexican border within the next three months, at which a Pan-American federation of labor will be organized, were made at a meeting today of American Federation of Labor officials and Luis N. Morenos, Salvador Alvarez and P. Morales, representing the Mexican Federation of Labor. Representatives of labor organizations of all Pan-American countries will be invited.

## PEEL OFF ANY CALLUS

## Here's Magic! Instant Relief Without Any Pain

"Hard skin" or callus spots on the sides or the bottom of the feet peel right off without pain or soreness, after you apply a little Freezeen, says Cincinnati authority. This ether drug loosens the dead calloused skin so it peels off with the fingers.

A quarter ounce of Freezeen costs but a few cents at any pharmacy, but is sufficient to remove every corn or callus from one's feet. This is the best way to free the feet from corns and calluses without sores, danger or infection.

After the corn or callus is lifted away the skin beneath is pink and healthy, and not sore, tender or even irritated.

—ADV.

## BARNETT'S \$1 CASH

\$1.00 A WEEK  
LADIES' ELGIN WATCH BRACELETS  
Hurry, if You Want One

Buy now—delay will mean higher prices. This Elgin Watch Bracelet is small size and reliable time. Last year's model is \$14. gold filled and guaranteed for 20 years. Weekly payment \$1.00 cash and \$1.00 a week. Special for this week at \$20.

17-JEWEL ELGIN WATCH \$1.00 CASH  
COME tomorrow and choose the size and style you want. Take it pay with it. Every Watch is guaranteed every way—\$1.00 a week. \$23

SOLDIERS' RADIOLITE ELGIN WRIST WATCH  
20-Year Guaranteed Case

EVERY soldier and sailor should have an Elgin Radiolite Wrist Watch. Dependable, time-keeping with a 20-year guaranteed case. Pay with it now. Pay it every week \$1.00 cash and \$1.00 a week special at \$20.

Ben Barnett JEWELRY CO. 808 PINE ST. (Between 8th and 9th Sts.) See Our Windows

Free Sample on Request including booklet on the Causes, Effects, Treatment and Prevention of PYORRHEA.

PYORRHOCIDE POWDER  
(Antiseptic)

A scientifically medicated powder used like a dentifrice for the correction of SORE, BLEEDING, SPONGY, RECEDING GUMS—for cleansing and polishing the teeth—and as a co-operative, home agent for the prevention and treatment of PYORRHEA.

Pyorrhocide Powder and booklets. Learn how to prevent tooth decay, loosening of teeth and how to correct a pyorrhic condition of the gums.

Write today for FREE Sample of Pyorrhocide Powder and booklets. Learn how to prevent tooth decay, loosening of teeth and how to correct a pyorrhic condition of the gums.

The Destinol & Pyorrhocide Co., 1400 Broadway New York

## FOUR BIG AFFAIRS TO AID THE PURE MILK AND FREE ICE FUND ARE ARRANGED

Mrs. Karl Kimmel to Sing at Highlands Theater July 11—Card Party July 17—Business Men's Picnic July 20—Sunset Hill Aquatic Carnival Aug. 17.

## CONTRIBUTIONS.

Previously acknowledged \$651.51  
Since 1919 Whittier street 4.35  
"In Memory" 1.00  
Show, 4033A North Newstead 2.50  
"Adelaide and Bill" 60  
Lemonade Stand, 946 Catalpa 2.25  
Children of Irving avenue 7.10  
Burdle and Leona Hurwitz, 27 Lewis place 11.90  
\$681.31

made a preliminary contribution of \$11.90 to this year's fund, obtained, as usual, by flower sales.

Nine children of Irving Avenue, nearly all of them living in the 1500 block, gave a vaudeville entertainment at 1502 Irving June 22, which brought the Milk and Ice Fund \$7.10. Anna Shettell of 1533 Irving and Ruby Morrison of 1538 Irving were the managers, while Wesley and Marion Colbert, Helen and Evelyn, Lenora Frank, Hazel Kolb

comes. Yes! It is harmless.—ADV.

Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white, shake well, add a quarter pint of the best freckle and tan lotion, and complexion beautifier, at very, very small cost. Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply three ounces of orchard white for a few cents. Massage this sweetly fragrant lotion into the face, neck, arms and hands each day and see how freckles and blemishes disappear and how clear, soft and white the skin becomes. Yes! It is harmless.—ADV.

DR. H. E. DOWELL DOES DENTISTRY WELL

S. E. Cor. 7th and Olive  
Opposite Republic  
Hours, Daily, 8 to 6; Sunday, 9 to 12

## Dentistry Truthfully Advertised

When we tell you that we can save you money on your work, and that both workmanship and materials are guaranteed, we mean all that we say, and stand squarely back of our guarantee.

OUR PLATEWORK

is of a nature, in its correctness, outlines

and natural appearance. It represents a

degree of efficiency attained only after long

experience and careful study, enabling me to

make you A SET OF TEETH THAT FIT.

\$4.00 Up

Nervous People I Keep Gold Crowns, \$4.00  
Receive Careful the Kart Bridgewood... \$4.00  
Attention. YOU CAN'T PAY ME MORE

DR. H. E. DOWELL

DOES DENTISTRY WELL

Entrance on 7th Street

Opposite Republic

Hours, Daily, 8 to 6; Sunday, 9 to 12

## HOT WEATHER NEEDS AT REMARKABLE SAVINGS

We Give Eagle Stamps

We Redeem Eagle Stamps

Hour Sale—3 to 4 P. M.  
\$1.49 Mohair Sicilian

For One Hour  
—Yard..... 75c

ST. LOUIS BARGAIN CENTER  
Penny & Centes  
BROADWAY & MORGAN ST.

July 4th Specials Ready-to-Wear

\$3.50 Tub Skirts

Crisp and fresh, ready to put on at a moment's notice; 10 smart styles to choose from. Made of fine white gabardine, pique and waffle cloth. All regular sizes.

\$2.50 White \$2.50 and \$3  
Waists, \$1.50 Smocks, \$1.98 \$2.50

Dainty new styles. Just out of their boxes—sheer, lace, lace on one side of fine organdie and voile.

Women's 25c Vests—50 dozen Vests; excellent quality; spe- cial at..... 15c

50c Union Suits—Women's ribbed union suits; low neck, sleeveless; large size..... 39c

\$1.25 Union Suits—Men's ribbed union suits; ankle length; spe- cial at..... 89c

\$4 Bathing Suits, \$2.98

Knitted California one-piece bathing suits; lace with assort- ed borders; all sizes.

\$2.95

Hour Sale—10 to 11 A. M.  
\$2 "Corticelli" Taffeta

For One Hour  
—Yard..... \$1.49

One of the very best Silks made; ex- cellent quality chiffon taffeta; in navy, black, green and other splendid colors.

Special Sale of Sport Hats Monday

Ideal for boat trips and picnics, of Pan- ropa, sailors, etc., trim- med with polka dotted and solid fancy bands and bows in two sizes..... \$1.25 & 50c

White Milan Cushion Brim Hats are now the very best. Everyday wear. Trimmed with bows and bands and bows in two sizes..... \$2.95

59c, 69c Purses

Sale Price... 39c

Genuine leather pocketbooks; 6- inch sizes; with back strap handle.

Women's 10c to 15c Handkerchiefs

Sheer all-linen with hemstitching; 71c

27 in. wide, with embroidered ruffles; hemstitched..... 44c

59c Baby Flouncing

Sheer all-linen with hemstitching; 71c

27 in. wide, with embroidered ruffles; hemstitched..... 44c

3 PIECE SUITS

Men's \$20 SUITS

Men's \$22.50 SUITS

Men's \$25 SUITS

Strong, sturdy, Can- can, and Homespun Suits that can be had in all sizes and patterns and all colors—Monday at

\$13.75 \$15.75 \$18.75

Men's \$5 Cassimere PANTS

Carefully tailored in colors of the prettiest stripe effect—made in all sizes and in cuff or plain bottom—Monday at

\$3.00 \$4.00

Men's \$8 Mohair PANTS

Look! Just received a special lot of One-Centene Mohair Pants in patterns to match most coat—size 36—Monday at

\$4.85

WEIL

Northwest Corner Eighth and Washington Av.

## Suffered 50 Years With Rheumatism

Now Cured, Goes Fishing at Age of 83, and Feels Fine

Minnesota Man Tells Others How He Did It. Wants No Money and Will Gladly Help Others to Realize Same Benefits.

"I am eighty-three years old, and I doctorred for rheumatism and its associated troubles ever since I came out of the army over fifty years ago. Like many others I spent many years free from so-called 'cure' and yet very much ailing. 'Urtic Acid' I could not sleep nights or walk without pain; my hands were so sore and stiff I could not hold a pen. But now I am again in active business and can walk with ease or write all day with comfort. Friends are surprised at the change. My heart naturally aches for those who suffer, and don't know what to set the matter right that enabled me to cure myself, after doctors and so many other remedies had failed. Therefore, while I ask no money from those who write me, yet I will gladly assist any sufferer toward getting the same treatment that set me absolutely free from rheumatism and gave me a new lease of life, remarkable health, strength and power of endurance."

NOTE.—Those who know Mr. Ashelman mar- vail at his recovery and renewed vital energy. He, like thousands of others, had given up hope of ever being well again. He had been unable to find a treatment that drove the poison out of his blood and system. Scientific men now say that this and not rheumatism is the real cause of rheumatism. Any per- son having the slightest symptoms of rheu- matism, neuralgia, lumbago, neuritis, neuralgia and like disorders should write Mr. Ashelman and benefit by his friendly offer.—ADVERTISEMENT

J. B. ASHELMAN, Room 511-A, 1400 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Detroit, Michigan.

and like disorders should write Mr. Ashelman and benefit by his friendly offer.—ADVERTISEMENT

Electric Cle

30c Ohio Special

30c Ohio Janitor

30c America

## THREE ORGANIZATIONS PROTEST AGAINST GARBAGE CONTRACT BILL

A protest against the action of the Board of Aldermen in passing the garbage contract bill without first having granted a promised public hearing was issued yesterday by Dr. B. W. Clarke, president of the Central Civic Council; Jesse W. Barrett, president of the West End Business Men's Association, and Arthur Stoehr, president of the Tenth Ward Improvement Association.

The bill was passed at Friday's meeting of the Board, and after Fred W. Barnard, representing the National Food Administration, had said that the Government requires glycerine, one of the by-products of garbage, The contract for reducing the garbage now held by the Indiana Reduction Co. expires Sept. 1. A two-year contract is authorized in the bill.

Mayo Kiel has promised to give opponents of the bill a hearing in his office tomorrow morning.

# "TIZ" FOR TIRED, ACHING FEET

Instant Relief for Sore, Tender, Sweaty Swollen, Calloused Feet and Corns



A whole year's foot comfort for 25 cents.

## SHE WILL SING AT HIGHLANDS TO HELP POOR BABIES' FUND



## FOUR AFFAIRS TO AID PURE MILK FUND ARRANGED

Continued From Preceding Page.

talpa and Mary Harvey of 946 Catalpa—earned \$2.25 by selling lemonade, orangeade and other soft drinks, in front of 946 Catalpa June 22.

Children resting in the neighborhood of 4033 Newstead on June 22, while netting the fund \$2.50. The workers were Florence Williams, at whose home the show was given; Anna Shea, Hazel Delecrete, Rose McNin and Fred Montroy.

People who are forced to stand on their feet all day know what sore, tender, sweaty, burning feet mean. They use "TIZ" and "TIZ" cures their feet right up. It keeps feet in perfect condition. "TIZ" is the only remedy in the world that draws out all the poisonous exudations which puff up the feet and cause tender, sore, tired, aching feet. It instantly stops the pain in corns, callouses and

bunions. It's simply glorious. How comfortable your feet feel after using "TIZ." You'll never limp or draw up your face in pain. Your shoes won't tighten and hurt your feet.

Get a 25-cent box of "TIZ" now from any druggist, department or general store. Just think! a whole year's foot comfort for only 25 cents—ADV.

Testimony as to the value of Jephtha Howe's services as attorney for Henri Chouteau, in the partition suit of the real property in the estate of her father, the late Robert Bagnell, was heard yesterday by Circuit Judge Garesche. Howe did not ask for any specific amount, but the expert lawyer-witnesses he called to the stand placed the services as worth from \$10,000 to \$15,000.

Virgil Rule fixed the value at \$10,500, C. D. Corum at \$12,500, Lon O. Hocker at \$12,000, Rhodes E. Cave at from \$10,000 to \$12,000, and Theodore Rassieur at from \$12,500 to \$15,000. The realty was appraised at \$29,000.

Mrs. Chouteau was plaintiff and her sister, Mrs. Joseph C. O. Graham was defendant. As a result of the partition the property was divided between them after a settlement was made by which they paid to their mother, Mrs. Kate Bagnell, \$27,500. This was figured as the value of a life interest of Mrs. Bagnell in one of the pieces of realty.

Roscoe Anderson and W. R. Gilbert, attorneys for Mrs. Graham, contended that the lawyers' fees and other expenses of the partition should be paid equally by the sisters. They said that if the Court grants Howe's motion for a fee Mrs. Graham's interest will have to stand one-half of it, in addition to which she would be required to pay the entire fee of her own counsel. The case was taken under advisement.

Allied Aviators Fly Over Churchyards

By Associated Press.

LONDON, June 29.—In two village churchyards near London three German aviators killed in a night air raid on the metropolis on Sunday, May 19, were buried three days afterwards when inquests over bodies of their victims were being conducted in London.

In one churchyard two Germans were buried with military honors. At another cemetery services were held over the body of a German aviator which had been found in the wreckage of his flying machine. The casket, covered with a German flag, was conveyed to the burying ground on a gun carriage, followed by officers and men of the Royal Air Force. Allied aviators flew over the churchyard during the ceremony.

Three Miles of Boarding Places Are Listed in Today's BIG REAL ESTATE AND WANT DIRECTORIES— $\frac{1}{4}$  miles more than the two other St. Louis Sunday newspapers combined.

\$100,000,000 ASKED OF U. S.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—One hundred million dollars more for housing war workers in industrial centers, in addition to the \$60,000,000 already appropriated for shipyard workers, has been asked of Congress by Housing Commissioner Elizur.

Apex Washer, galvanized... \$95.00

Copper..... \$115.00

Eden..... \$110.00

Wayne..... \$75.00

Alco..... \$65.00

Thousands of Pieces of Real Estate and Farm Land

Worth millions, which will be worth millions more in a few years, are on the market and advertised in today's BIG REAL ESTATE AND WANT DIRECTORIES.

## New July Victor Records on Sale Tomorrow

A feast of song and dance by famous artists and orchestras will be served by the Victor Co., in the new releases for July—on sale at Smith-Reis beginning Monday.

Lists will be published in Monday's Globe-Democrat.

## SMITH-REIS PIANO COMPANY

1005 Olive Street

Val A. Reis

A. E. Whitaker

"Mother's Life Saver"

### Electric WASHERS AND Electric Cleaners

are the two greatest time, labor and money-saving devices ever built for use in the home. Why Delay? \$5 down will put one in your home. Balance is small monthly payments.

Apex Washer, galvanized... \$95.00

Copper..... \$115.00

Eden..... \$110.00

Wayne..... \$75.00

Alco..... \$65.00

Thousands of Pieces of Real Estate and Farm Land

Worth millions, which will be worth millions more in a few years, are on the market and advertised in today's BIG REAL ESTATE AND WANT DIRECTORIES.

Economy in boarding expenses noticed by persons who, including the small makes the space room wants Post-Dispatch board and room worth a careful reading.

Electric Cleaners

80.00 Ohio Special \$32.50

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COMPANY

Daily Demonstration in Our Store. OLIVE 1058.

CENTRAL 1058

## FREE OPERATIONS FOR DRAFTED MEN WITH REMEDIAL DEFECTS

Illinois Medical Society Head to Request Service at Suggestion of Gov. Lowden.

Operations for all draft men with remedial defects were decided upon Friday night at a meeting in the Arcade Building in East St. Louis, presided over by Dr. J. W. Flegenbaum, president of the Illinois State Medical Society, and addressed by Maj. John M. Dodson of Chicago.

At the request of Gov. Lowden, who had been informed that there were many young men who were in

deferred classifications who with slight operation would be available for Class 1 service, Maj. Dodson said that the surgeons and the draft boards co-operate to make this possible.

Dr. Flegenbaum will issue a call this week to Illinois surgeons and to the management of hospitals to tender their services without cost for this remedial work.

Miss Hirt Marries in Florida. The marriage of Miss Lorraine Dey Hirt, daughter of Mrs. George Hirt of Miami, Fla., formerly of 4141 West Pine boulevard, to Robert Lee Hill of Miami, took place yesterday afternoon in Miami, St.

Louis friends of the bride learned last night. Miss Hirt went to Florida eight months ago and met her husband shortly afterward in Miami. She has many friends in St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

## Former Health Commissioner Says Nuxated Iron

Should be Used in Every Hospital and Prescribed by Every Physician—Attributes His Own Great Physical Activity Today at Over 60 Years of Age Largely to His Personal Use of Nuxated Iron.

### WHAT FORMER HEALTH COMMISSIONER KERR SAYS

"As Health Commissioner of the City of Chicago, I was implored many times to recommend different medicines, mineral waters, etc. Now I have got my own remedy, which is a particular remedy, but I feel that in Nuxated Iron an exception should be made to the rule. I have used Nuxated Iron for 20 years. I have experienced its health-giving, strength-building, effect and in the interests of the public, the results of its use. I am well past my three-score years and am in the best of health. My great physical activity is due largely today to my personal use of Nuxated Iron, and if my endearing wife, Mrs. Kerr, would let me, I would advise down men and women to take Nuxated Iron and receive the wonderful tonic benefit which it affords. I have no personal financial interest in Nuxated Iron, but I have a personal interest in the use of Nuxated Iron in recommending it to every physician, or they will refund your money. I feel that it is such a valuable remedy that it ought to be used in every hospital and prescribed by every physician in this country."

W. M. Kerr

Former Health Commissioner, City of Chicago.

MANUFACTURERS' NOTE.—Nuxated Iron, which has been used for 20 years, is not a secret remedy but one which is well known to druggists everywhere. It is a well known fact that the manufacturers of Nuxated Iron do not injure the teeth, make them black, nor upset the stomach. The manufacturers of Nuxated Iron are the only ones who can guarantee to every purchaser, or they will refund your money.

It is the manufacturer of Nuxated Iron who guarantees to every purchaser, or they will refund your money.

For further information, address Wm. M. Kerr, 200 W. Madison Street, Chicago, Ill.

Former Health Commissioner, City of Chicago.

FAMOUS &amp; BARR CO.

New Store Hours, Beginning Monday—Daily from 8:30 A. M. to 5:00 P. M. Saturdays from 8:30 A. M. to 1:00 P. M.

FAMOUS &amp; BARR CO.



## 2500 New Washable Skirts

Wonderful Values Grouped Into Three Lots at

**\$2.45      \$3.45      \$4.45**

What better selection could the most exacting women desire. Two thousand five hundred Skirts is an unusually large number to assemble for one event. But we wanted to make this sale unusual in every respect. Numbers, styles, prices, all were carefully considered—and this is the result.

Each group is composed of specially purchased garments, samples and broken assortments taken from our own stock. The best Eastern manufacturers have sent us some of their best models.

Each group contains innumerable styles varying from the plain tailored effects to the fancier and dressier afternoon models. And they are finished in attractive ways with wide and narrow belts and many oddly shaped pockets, and pearl buttons.

Skirts of Pique, Waffle Cloth, Corded Poplin and Gabardine, at **2.45**

Skirts of Tricotine, Pique, Gabardine, Pollo Cloth, self stripes and checks, at **3.45**

Skirts of Cotton, Corduroy, Tricotine, Gabardine, Pique and other splendid novelty weaves, at **4.45**

Third Floor

## Another Big Shirt Event

Well timed, coming just before the Fourth, and offering surprising values at

**3 for \$5.00**



3000 Shirts are involved in this sale. These were contracted for over 8 months ago, and are constructed of very high-grade cloths, including—

Fancy Jacquard woven fabrics, Persian cord effects, novelty pongee, Doncetines, Wauregn and silk striped mixtures in a multitude of new and novel striped and other pattern effects.

Sizes range from 14 to 17, and all sleeve lengths are represented. The values justify your stocking up on Shirts for a long time to come. Each, **\$1.75**, or 3 for **\$5.00**.

Main Floor—Aisle 9

## And Now Comes That Eagerly-Awaited, Semi-Annual Sale of Novelty Jewelry

Offering more than 1000 pieces originally priced from 75c to \$5.00. Choice of any for

**50c**

Sale Begins Monday Morning at 10 O'Clock



All sorts of desirable articles are included, not many pieces of any one kind, but many kinds. A miscellaneous grouping—partially detailed below:

Earrings of all kinds  
Bar Pins  
La Valieres  
Bead Necklaces  
Jet Jewelry  
Enamored Manicure Articles  
Cameo Jewelry  
Brooches

and dozens of other desirable articles.

So that as many of our patrons as possible may participate this sale will start Monday, beginning at 10 A. M. Choice of any for 50c.

Main Floor

## If You Have Rugs to Buy This Fall, See These \$50 AXMINSTER RUGS FOR

A value that you will find extremely difficult to duplicate. Extra heavy, closely woven Axminsters, 9x12 size, in handsome Oriental patterns and colorings, also the very desirable medallion, floral and conventional designs in tan, blues, old rose and rich mixed effects.

**\$60 Axminster Rugs**

Monday Special, **\$47.50**

13.3x12 size. Deep rich heavy pile in Oriental, floral and small all-over designs.

**Wilton Velvet Rugs**

Monday Special, **\$46.00**

13.3x12 size. Deep rich heavy pile in Oriental, floral and small all-over designs.

**Brussels Rugs**

Monday Special, **\$21.85**

Firmly woven, small figured, Oriental and medallion patterns; in blue, tan and rose colors. Size 9x12.

Fourth Floor

Entire Block: Olive, Locust, Sixth and Seventh  
We Give Large Selections from Books and Largest Selections of Books  
in Cash or Credit in Numerous New and Established Authors Accepted.

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## PART THREE.

### PROFITEERING IN FLOUR, MEAT AND STEEL IS CHARGED

Report to Senate by Federal  
Trade Commission Says  
Millions of Dollars Have  
Been Extorted.

### TOUCHES NEARLY ALL NECESSARIES OF LIFE

"These Packers Have Preyed  
Upon People Unconscious-  
able," Is Reference to Meat  
Concerns.

By the Associated Press.  
WASHINGTON, June 23.—Profiteering on a tremendous scale in practically all the basic commodities of life was reported to the Senate today by the Federal Trade Commission, as the result of an exhaustive investigation.

"Inordinate greed and barefaced fraud," as well as "war pressure for heavy production," the commission reported as the causes. Reappraisements of properties were made by great concerns, when it became evident that the Government was about to fix prices on a basis of return on investment, the report says, and salaries, allowances and expenses were in many instances padded to show increased costs of conducting business.

Tendency to Maintain Prices.

The outstanding feature of its investigation, the commission reported, was the evidence of a tendency to increase and maintain prices against the forces of competition.

Of all the big profits disclosed by the investigation, the report says, the profits of the meat packers and those allied with them and by the flour millers, stand foremost, despite the fixing of prices by the Government.

Manipulations of the market by the five great packers—Armour, Swift, Morris, Wilson and Cudahy—the commission asserts, "embrace every device that is useful to them, without regard to law."

The report charges that the five concerns had a monopolistic control of the meat industry and "are reacting for like domination in other products."

During 1915, 1916 and 1917, the report says, these companies "pocketed" \$140,000,000.

"The experience with steel, flour and coal," says the report, referring to price fixing, "shows that a high stimulating fixed price, while stabilizing an ascending market, produces an economic situation which is fraught with hardship to the consuming public and with ultimate peril to the high cost companies through increasing power of their low cost competitors."

Where the Government has fixed prices on the basis of fair return on net investment, the report hints at padded deprecations, increased salaries of officials, new construction charged off as repairs, fictitious values on raw materials and manipulated inventories.

Payment to St. Louis.

Illustrating high remunerations charged off to expense accounts, the report cites the following cases: the showmen and officials of the American Metal Co. of New York, which deals chiefly in zinc; "B. Hochschild, chairman of the board, \$179,663; C. M. Loeb, president, \$364,326; Otto Sussman, vice president, \$221,596; J. Loeb, vice president, \$147,930; Sol Roos, manager, St. Louis, \$148,530; M. Schott, manager, Denver, \$136,523.

In the steel industry, the report says, profits increased from 4.7 per cent in 1912 to more than 24 per cent in 1917. One of the smaller mills showed a profit of more than 300 per cent.

In the meat industry, the report says, Morris & Co., realized more than 263 per cent on three millions of capital stock outstanding and during 1916 Armour & Co. raised their capital stock from \$20,000,000 to \$100,000,000, "without receiving a dollar more in cash."

Independent packers meanwhile in 1914, 1915 and 1916 earned a higher rate of profit than the large concerns.

Large Profits in Shoes.

In the leather industry the profits of one concern jumped from \$44,000 in 1912 to \$2,576,000 in 1917. The shoe business meanwhile showed large profits and the report says "it appears the retailer has profited more in proportion than the wholesaler."

The commission in its report submitted a copy of a letter in which it was proposed by Swift & Co. to re-appraise six tanning companies in which it owns 50 per cent.

"I approve if done quietly and promptly," was the memorandum Edward F. Swift is said to have placed on the recommendation.

In the flour industry, the report

### GERMANS SAID TO BE UNEASY OVER AMERICAN AID IN WAR

Showing Anger and Anxiety Over  
Arrival of U. S. Troops, French  
Dispatch Says.

ROME, June 23.—An official French dispatch received here today indicates that the arrival of American troops in France in large numbers and their fighting qualities are causing great uneasiness in Germany. The dispatch says:

"In proportion as the American troops are landing in France, Germany is showing her anger and anxiety. After having treated the American help with disdain the German newspapers now pretend to say that this help is coming too late and that Hindenburg and Ludendorff will not allow it time to produce an effect."

"As for preventing the Americans from crossing the ocean, that is a hope that must be abandoned. It is particularly remarkable that Von Kuehnlmann who has obligingly enumerated all the advantages possessed by Germany, has not uttered a word about the submarine warfare, as if that were a weapon on which Germany could no longer count.

"Nevertheless, the evidence of visionaries, without exception, confirm the fear of the German high command of America. According to the statements of officers, this is the principle reason why Germany is trying all the possible means to obtain freedom next winter. On the other hand the prisoners do not conceal the astounding punishment that the ardor and supineness of the Americans have caused the Germans. They are all the more impressed by the struggle with these new and redoubtable adversaries as their chiefs had carefully refrained from speaking about them and their abilities."

GROCERS AND BAKERS UNDER  
STRICT SUNDAY CLOSING ORDERS

Three Explanatory Paragraphs Ac-  
company Order by Gephart—  
County to Enforce Rules.

Strict rules for the Sunday closing of grocery stores and bakeries have been issued by W. G. Gephart, Federal Food Administrator for St. Louis. Ward supervisors have been asked to report to him any grocery that remains open on Sunday, or of any bakery that sells bread and war products on that day. The St. Louis County Food Administration will enforce the same rules, it was then argued, would be suicide for Japan.

He declared that China, in some respects, is in worse political and social condition than Russia, and that many of its provinces are in a more deplorable state than Belgium in the first days of the German invasion.

He said that Japan's position in the war was that of an opportunist, that he was convinced that the Bolshevik movement had penetrated through the Russias.

Between Japan and the United States was unlikely, though perhaps not impossible. To enter such a conflict, he

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Between Japan and the United States was unlikely, though perhaps not impossible. To enter such a conflict, he

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He declared, further, that all pos-

sibility of Japanese intervention, in Siberia, though particularly desired by both France and England, had passed. In his opinion, because of President Wilson's stand against intervention as a violation of the war aims of the Allies.

Milliken, who recently was ap-

pointed a deputy constable for the apprehension of speeders, was pur-

suing a speeder when the accident occurred. He declared that the Ford truck of the Yarhola Pipe Line Co., which he struck, was traveling on the wrong side of the road.

Walters, who declared that Milliken was traveling at very high speed,

and Davidson were thrown clear of the car, which brought down two pillars of the building against which it lodged. The machine was wrecked.

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Milliken is son of John T. Milliken, rich St. Louis chemist.

Young Milliken was unconscious

when picked up, but soon was re-

vived and was found to have suf-

fered only minor scratches. His

companion, Leslie Davidson, a depu-

ty constable of Bonham town-

ship, also was only bruised.

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when picked up, but soon was re-

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fered only minor scratches. His

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ty constable of Bonham town-

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Milliken, who recently was ap-

pointed a deputy constable for the apprehension of speeders, was pur-

suing a speeder when the accident occurred. He declared that the Ford truck of the Yarhola Pipe Line Co., which he struck, was traveling on the wrong side of the road.

Walters, who declared that Milliken was traveling at very high speed,

and Davidson were thrown clear of the car, which brought down two pillars of the building against which it lodged. The machine was wrecked.

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ment as to the total number of troops shipped from the country to France would be made later. The first National Army division has taken up a sector at the front. Gen. March also announced. It is the Seventy-seventh, raised in New York, trained at Camp Upton, and originally commanded by Major-General J. Franklin Bell. It was taken across under Major-General Johnson.

#### Situation Favorable.

Surveying the entire battle front, Gen. March said the situation could be said to be extremely favorable to the allies. He would make no comment upon the indications of an impending German attack.

Gen. March disclosed that the official reports from the Italian front place the number of Austrians taken at 18,000, and the amount of war material. The line of the Piave has been entirely restored by the Italians and in some places has been slightly advanced.

Military opinion, Gen. March said, found the Austrian attack faulty, because it was spread over so large a front as to make it impossible to carry through successfully.

The practical result in prisoners and guns taken also was, of course, valuable.

#### Military Men's Interest.

"The Italian line," \* \* \* said Gen. March, "has been the object of greatest interest to military men. The Italian pressure has practically restored the line to where it was held before the advance began to the Piave, and in two places it has been slightly advanced. The Italians have crossed to the north bank of the Piave at one place, and down toward the sea, the old line, which has been held by the Austrians and Italians for many months, has now been pushed back by the Italians so that it is closer to the Piave River in the swamp regions near the coast. The line is practically the same as before the big drive was begun by the Austrians.

Taken as a military proposition, the attack of the Austrians is considered faulty because they spread their attack over such a large front that it was impossible to carry it through. The attack on the mountains down is 200 miles long and there were not large enough forces at all points necessary to carry through such a drive. The Austrian disaster which ensued is extremely valuable not only from the military sense, but the psychological sense. It inspires all the allies and inspires Italy with the consciousness that their forces can be used to distinct advantage, and the practical result in prisoners, guns and material captured is, of course, extremely valuable.

The reports which we get of the Austrians captured by the Italians is 18,000."

"During the week the activities in the American sectors in Italy as published in Gen. Pershing's communiques from day to day have been local in character. The Americans at all times and in all places more than holding their own," said the General.

#### Ranks and File Doing Fine.

"Reports of individual valor are now coming in, and with the soldier which has been adopted of allowing the mention of the gallant conduct of all, our people understand that the rank and file are doing splendidly all along the line."

"That's all right, sir; our brakes are working fine," the driver rejoined briskly.

The Captain said: "We had best turn off to the right, anyway, as the machine gun function quicker than the wrecks of the bridge."

We started from the mansion that houses the headquarters of one of the American contingents in the Marne sector about twilight, after being informed by a captain on the staff of the American General commanding our forces in this sector and another correspondent. What we saw was neither trench warfare nor the open order of operations, nor yet the "Injun fighting" that prevails in Belleau Wood. It was something of all three, with a touch of the barricade of the Paris commune and a reminiscent hint of a Philadelphia street car strike.

The element that makes it radically different from all these is the "Injun" machine gun. The most ticklish No Man's Land to fight across that could well be devised. And fight across it they do, for both French and American patrols have reached the German bank and engaged enemy groups in hand-to-hand encounters in the eastern suburbs of town.

We went along the river, only slightly screened from the prying German observers, and thence along the canal that divides the southern quarter of the city. From a certain point we made our way in head-round to the very center of the town, where Rue Carnot runs into the bridge. The American machine gunners blew up by exploding a charge with a well-aimed hand of bullets after the electric fusing had been cut by the German's fire.

The Rue Carnot is Chateau-Thierry's principal thoroughfare, running as it does, in a straight line from the central bridge southward to the station, a mile away. At its northern end a barricade of heaped-up boxes filled with sand faces a similar obstacle on the opposite side of the wrecked bridge.

In the northern wall of a house at an angle of the Rue Carnot and the river was a cannon ball which was imbedded there during Napoleon's stand at the Marne in 1814. I wondered if it was still there, but did not try to see because the enemy had not area very neatly spotted. We ventured tip-toe down the Rue Carnot, which had swept end to end by a direct gun fire from the heights north of the Marne to the first cross street where stands the old Hotel Du Cygne. We looked into the venerable hotel and found it no more damaged than it was on my last visit three months ago.

Retired Before Peppering Fire.

While we were in the hotel, which of course had no occupants, the machine guns on both sides started spitting furiously and we decided it was about time to go home. We moved cautiously back through the Rue Carnot, feeling as if the moon beams were searchlights turned on for the German machine gunners' benefit.

"Better not take a chance that way," it warned. "They cut loose on that street every little while with machine guns."

The soundness of the doughboy's advice was proven a moment later, when we heard the sinister snapping of bullets on the paving we had just left.

A Polli guided us through a mystic maze of gardens and backyards along a path that led through holes chopped out of stone walls. This was once the fashionable residential district. In many fine old houses we passed doors and windows that had been wide open in the haste of the owners' flight.

Then we came upon the debris that was the evidence of a stray enemy shell, but for the most part damage had been slight.

An hour's ramble, always in the rear of rows of houses—because the streets are unhealthy in Chateau-Thierry—brought us to a partly ruined An Eric Firing Line.

Filling past these structures, their accoutrements casting fantastic shadows in the moonlight, was a company of American infantry. They were in some positions in the various series roads and alleys that form the firing line hereabout. We accompanied them to a place from which one made out, gleaming white in the moonlight across the river, a villa that was the nearest machine gun fort.

The doughboys and the quick-firing elements from the same unit were part of the force that aided the French in keeping the Germans from the great result.

The Italians are doing all in their power to make the visitors feel at home, escorting them about town to all the places of interest and the difficulties of conversation in the two languages are smoothed over by friendly signs and gesticulations. It is not an uncommon sight to see an American soldier, his hat decked with flowers, riding as a guest of a taxicab party of Italian men who are immensely proud of their role of hosts.

Berlin Says British and French Attacks Were Checked.

By the Associated Press.

BERLIN, June 29.—The official statement issued today says:

"North of the Lys infantry attacks were launched by the British after violent artillery fire. Three assaults against Merle's broke down with loss."

"In the middle battlefield the enemy penetrated into Vieux Béguin. A counter attack brought him to a standstill there and threw him back beyond the western border of the village. North of Merville the enemy's attacks broke down under our fire. Southwest of Bucquoy strong attacks by several reconnoitering detachments were repulsed."

Artillery and Aerial Activity on the Italian Front.

By the Associated Press.

ROME, June 29.—The artillery struggle was somewhat lively yesterday on the Asiago plateau," says the

## FRENCH AND AMERICANS USE MIXED TACTICS IN HOLDING ENEMY ALONG THE MARNE

Northern Part of Chateau-Thierry Being Turned Into Germany Cemetery—Patrols of Both Armies Attack Across the Marne.

BY LINCOLN EYRE.

A Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch and the New York World.

WITH THE AMERICAN FORCES

ON THE MARNE, June 29.—French

and American artillery, French and

American machine guns, and French

and American snipers are turning the

northern part of the city of Chateau-

Thierry into a German cemetery.

Operating in even more perfect un-

ison than ever before, the pell-mell and

the boys from the United States are

drenching the bodies with a down-

pour of lead and high explosives

wherever and whenever he raises

his head.

I made a four-hour tour through

the southern quarter of the city last

night, this morning, accompanied

by a captain on the staff

of the American General commanding

our forces in this sector and another

correspondent. What we saw

was neither trench warfare nor the

open order of operations, nor yet

the "Injun fighting" that prevails

in Belleau Wood. It was something

of all three, with a touch of the

barricade of the Paris commune and a

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## WILSON LETTER BRINGS \$2000 AT SUNSET HILL CLUB

Eberhard Anheuser and C. O. Pfieff Pay \$55 to Caddy for "Chick" Evans and "Bobby" Jones in Golf Match.

### A. A. BUSCH BUYS 3 PICTURES FOR \$1200

Two Airplanes Among Attractions at Red Cross Fete — Swimmers Dive for Coins in Pool.

June 29.—The Ruff building, a fixture at Fourth and Locust, which collapsed yesterday afternoon, was 10 to 20, with most of the building still standing. Most of the seriously hurt are placed at the building, and the collapse is due to the removal of the roof. On the third floor, which was buried in the debris, are believed to be the remains of the building. The building collapsed in the two stories, crushing both. A number of these buildings are believed to be the cause of the accident. All the fire departments, assisted by volunteers, aided in and in searching for the bodies.

The receipt and auctioning of a letter of felicitation from President Woodrow Wilson furnished the surprise feature to many of the big crowd who attended the Red Cross benefit fete there yesterday and last night, and netted \$2000 for the fund. Opportunities to win possession of it were sold for \$25 each, and it was won by Ollie Nuerman.

Airplane flights, golf, oratory and art contributed to the gala occasion. The club was open to the public, and the gathering probably was the largest ever assembled there. Farmers' club from the district around the club gave in undesignated contribution at the 100 per cent which St. Louis men and women gave to the cause.

At the auction of paintings donated by St. Louis artists, August A. Busch, the brewer, bid in for \$500 the painting of the club grounds by Carl G. Waldeck, with which Waldeck won the competition that was decided Friday. Busch also paid \$500 for a Western scene by Oscar Berninghausen, which was not in competition. A scene from the club grounds, by E. A. Wuerpel, which was given honorable mention, was purchased by Busch for \$200.

The object of the fete was to get money for the Red Cross, and it succeeded. A German helmet found on the battlefield of the Marne, in 1914, was auctioned to C. Stanard for \$105. Other things auctioned were an automobile, won by W. B. Christman; a diamond wrist watch, won by Joseph Daly, and a photograph, won by W. C. Blank. Those who gave the most money appeared to be having the best time.

Judge William Becker, who had general charge of the arrangements, announced early this morning that the money received for the Red Cross would total more than \$10,000.

The scene was a gay one. Bright-hued sweater jackets mixed with khaki, naval uniforms and flannels to enliven the grounds. Two bands, a drum corps and volunteer ballyhoo men banished silence from the scene.

A diving exhibition and water basket-ball game attracted a large crowd to the swimming pool late in the afternoon. A suggestion that coins be thrown into the pool to be divined for met with instant approval, and half dollars, quarters and dimes rained on the water for several minutes. As fast as the divers recovered them they dropped them in a hat, and they were turned over to the Red Cross.

One man dropped a \$1 bill on the water, where it floated. A burly life guard leaped from the diving platform and came up with the bill in his mouth.

Attraction at the Links.

An exhibition golf match between "Chick" Evans, open and amateur champion of the United States, and Warren K. Wood, on one side, and "Bobby" Jones, 16-year-old "wonder" and Perry Adair on the other, attracted a large crowd to the links.

Here again donations were in order. Privileges for caddying for the stars were auctioned. Eberhard Anheuser paid \$55 to accompany Evans, C. O. Pfieff paid the same amount to go with Jones, and Burkhardt, \$50 for Wood and Warren C. Adair, \$25 for Adair. These "cadettes" as a matter of fact, were not caddies at all, but they were permitted to walk with the players.

The "gallery," which followed carrying a round abreast, paid \$1 to \$5 a person for places on the rope. A picturesque touch was added by the players themselves, each of whom wore a bright red cap, similar, except in color, to those worn by the French "Blue Devils."

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## Governor's Wife Raising Flag and Airplane Flying Over Sunset Hill Country Club at Big Red Cross Fete



spouse, the girls circulated among the crowds on the grass and on the veranda, seeking purchasers.

Numerous paddles were given to the buyers, and the winners were decided by the turn of a "wheel of fortune." In the same manner, opportunities to win \$5 Thrift Stamp cards were sold in the same way at another booth. Competition between the two groups of saleswomen was very keen.

### Retrieved Coins From Water.

A diving exhibition and water basket-ball game attracted a large crowd to the swimming pool late in the afternoon. A suggestion that coins be thrown into the pool to be divined for met with instant approval, and half dollars, quarters and dimes rained on the water for several minutes. As fast as the divers recovered them they dropped them in a hat, and they were turned over to the Red Cross.

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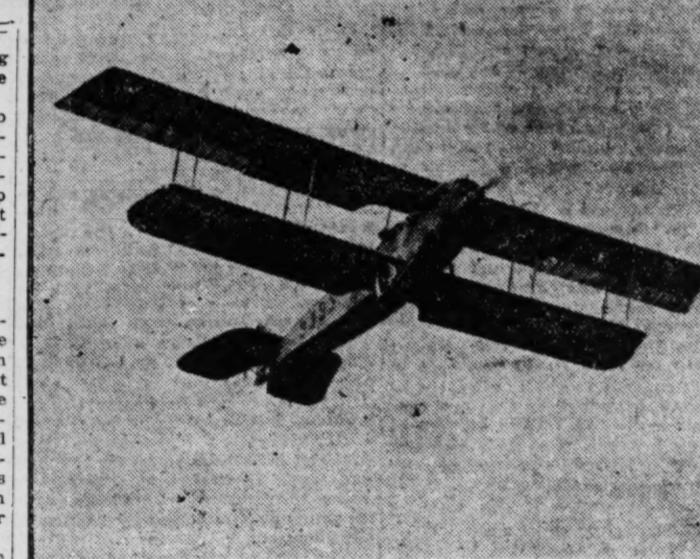
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## INDEPENDENCE DAY PAGEANT TO HAVE 4 PRESENTATIONS

Extra Performance Will Be Given at Municipal Theater if There Should Be Rain July 4, 5, 6 or 7.

### THREE THEATRICAL STARS IN THE CAST

Synopsis of Two Parts of Production, "Pilgrimage of Liberty Through the Ages" and "Drawing the Sword."

A feature of the Fourth of July celebration Thursday will be the first presentation of the Independence Day Pageant in Forest Park Municipal Theater by several hundred persons. Other presentations will be given Friday, Saturday and Sunday. The program contains the names of at least three artists of national reputation—Helen Ware, who will appear as Belgium; Robert Edeson, who will represent England, and Henrietta Crossman, who will be Liberty.

Miss Eula Guy of Pittsburgh, a young woman whose portrayal of Joan of Arc and France in the East have been frequently commented upon, will appear as France.

The pageant will have two parts—"The Pilgrimage of Liberty Through the Ages" and "The Drawing of the Sword." It will be the most ambitious affair undertaken in St. Louis since the presentation of the Pageant and Masque of St. Louis.

#### Description of First Part.

The first part presents episodes in the struggle between Liberty and Autocracy since the beginning of time. The time is twilight; a faint light illuminates the Temple of Liberty. From the central space comes a group of maidens, attendants upon the goddess. Then follow the dance of the Spirits of Liberty, and the women's chorus is heard singing a welcome to the goddess. Liberty counsels her attendants to watch her after fire, telling them that all of the beauty she has ever dreamed of, and all of happiness that she had won is menaced in the city of fire. The skies are black; the trumpets of war and a faint light shows the throes of Autocracy. Autocracy enters attended by his male slaves. Autocracy greets Liberty:

"Now, pale rebellious spirit, look once more. Upon my power, and yield to me the world."

Liberty replies: "I will not yield. I can not die. My fire Defies thee to thy fall."

After the dancing and singing of the Spirits of Liberty and the slaves of Autocracy, the episode of "The Battle of Thermopylae" is presented in pantomime, showing the vision of Leonidas and his Greeks fighting for European civilization at the Pass of Thermopylae. The Persians attack them, they are betrayed by a traitorous Greek and are finally overcome. Autocracy rejoices, but Liberty makes it clear that these men, in dying as they did, aided her cause.

Another vision is shown—that of the signing of the Great Charter of Magna Charta—by King John, and Autocracy tempts Liberty by saying the King signed with the intention of breaking his oath, but Liberty, still full of courage and hope, declares: "His oath will keep his people and my fire."

Plumed up in glory when he touched the seal, And out of this, after long watchful years, And struggles ever rising toward my shrine, There comes another day when thou and I, Fusing each other with the seas between, Play out the game—and once again I win."

Prediction Carried Out.

The next scene carries out this prediction. The scene is changed to the City of New York at the beginning of the Revolution. A messenger brings news to George Washington of the signing of the Declaration of Independence by the Continental Congress. The news is loudly acclaimed, and the crowd pulls from its pedestal the statue of King George III. Autocracy, in rage, cries to Liberty:

"No more of these blind mockeries! These heroes and these scrools that men have written."

All these are down before my steel and flame. What though a little while the scroll endure, At last there is no law save might, and that is mine."

Liberty, calmly but triumphantly, answers: "Blindly you answer as you blindly strike."

I grant that you are strong and merciless. And but for you I might have made the world weep. Here this a garden rich with fruitfulness and peace."

Another scene discloses the siege and destruction of the Bastille at Paris at the beginning of the French revolution. Autocracy points out that this was but the prelude to the

## Women Stars Who Will Appear in Municipal Pageant, "Fighting for Freedom," This Week



## U. S. PROTESTS TO MEXICO OVER OIL LAND TAX MEASURE

Bill of Feb. 19 Last Amounts Virtually to Confiscation of American Interests, Secretary Lansing Says.

### WILSON'S SPEECH TO EDITORS IS QUOTED

Statement Given Out After Carranza Published America's Note Without Asking Our Consent.

By the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, June 29.—Declaring that all the United States asks of Mexico for American citizens in justice and fair dealing, the State Department today made public a "solemn protest" sent to President Carranza against the Mexican decree of Feb. 19, 1918, establishing a tax on oil lands.

The statement says the new tax amounts practically to confiscation, or at least, unfair imposition, and cites extracts from President Wilson's speech to the Mexican editors on the future relations of nations as follows:

"As long as there is suspicion there is going to be misunderstanding, and as long as there is misunderstanding there is going to be trouble. If you once get a situation of trust then you have got a situation of permanent peace."

The statement by the State Department says further:

"The United States always desires to accord to the Mexican Government and people justice and fair dealing and it is confident that it will be accorded the same justice and the same fair dealing in return."

Two Notes in Conflict.

The State Department gave out its statement and the text of its protest today, after having learned that soon after President Wilson's speech to the Mexican editors here recently had been printed in the Mexican paper the Carranza Government gave out the text of the American Government's protest against the oil decree and it was commented upon as being inconsistent with the President's speech.

The United States Government would have appreciated being asked for its consent to the publication of this note, inasmuch as this procedure is usually followed in diplomatic dealing between friendly nations, says the department's statement.

"Such consent would, of course, have been readily given if the Mexican Government had intimated that it believed the note should be published."

The department statement continues:

"An examination of the note proves that all that the United States asks for its citizens who have made investments in Mexico relying on the good faith and the justice of the Mexican Government and Mexican laws, is justice and fair dealing. There is no disposition on the part of the United States Government to interfere in the internal affairs of Mexico."

The names of short lines relinquished will be announced Monday by the railroad administration, although telegrams notifying the presidents of these railroads of this action were sent out today.

The railroad administration's statement announcing its action, specifically approved by President Wilson, said:

#### McAdoo's Statement.

"It has become apparent there are large numbers of the shorter railroads over which Federal control is not needed or desirable."

"The Railroad Administration has relinquished all such railroads except in cases where it has already been ascertained Federal control is redundant and undesirable."

"The Railroad Administration is mindful of the particular importance of preserving unimpaired the local public service performed by the railroads which may thus be rendered less liable to be sold or leased to foreign powers."

"The capacity in which Busch offered his services was as a horse buyer. He then claimed exemption on the ground that he was president of the Busch-Sulzer-Diesel Engine Co. and because he had a dependent wife. His exemption claim was denied, but he was given deferred classification. When orders came for revision or the lists, however, he was moved up to class I."

#### Sold Out.

"The intent," the statement continues, "to serve in the army and expect to be ready when my turn comes. Since I made out my questionnaire, I offered my services to the government for the purpose for which I am especially fitted, and am still trying to be induced into the military service where I can do really effective work."

"The seizure of property at the will of the sovereign without due legal process equitably administered and without provision for just compensation has always been regarded as a denial of justice and a cause for diplomatic representations."

"Ambassador Fletcher's note of April 2, after stating that the United States Government had given careful consideration to the effect of the decree, says:

#### Sold Out.

"The United States cannot acquiesce in any procedure ostensibly or nominally in the form of taxation or the exercise of eminent domain, but really resulting in confiscation of private property and arbitrary deprivation of vested rights."

"The seizure or spoliation of property at the mere will of the sovereign, unless special care shall be taken to avoid such unfavorable results, with consequences detrimental both to the local public service and to the just interests of the railroad owners."

"To avoid these consequences and to preserve in every reasonable way a status for the railroads so relinquished as favorable as that which they enjoyed during the three-year test period (the three years ended June 30, 1917) great care will be taken to see the railroads so relinquished are given fair divisions of just rates, are insured a reasonable car supply—circumstances considered—and are protected against any undue disturbances in the routing of traffic."

#### Bureau for Short Lines.

"There will be created at once in the railroad administration's division of public service and accounting a short-line railroad section, the manager of which will be charged with the special duty of ascertaining what is necessary to give reasonable protection to the railroads relinquished."

"Where Federal control of railroads now relinquished is useful or desirable there will be no hesitation in taking the action necessary to put them under such control."

"It is the definite policy of the railroad administration to see all short-line railroads receive fair and considerate treatment."

"Officials of the railroad administration said they hoped the action would not be regarded as defiance of Congress."

"There is reason to hope that the entire indebtedness of approximately \$75,000 will be wiped out."

"The pick of the used—but-useful articles on the market in today's Post-Dispatch Want Ads."

## M'ADOO RELEASES CONTROL OF 1700 SHORTLINE ROADS

ST. LOUIS MAN WHO DIED OF WOUNDS IN FRANCE



ST. LOUIS

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ST. LOUIS

OFFICER

WRITES

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## TELLS HOW AMERICANS FOUGHT AT CANTIGNY

St. Louis Officer Writes of Advance of U. S. Troops and Counter Attacks.

Lieut. George A. Chappell, 35 years old, son of Mrs. A. D. Chappell of Taylor and McPherson avenues, has written an interesting letter to his brother, A. Red Chappell of 5827 Berlin avenue, describing how the first all-American regiment went over the hill, attacked the Germans in the Cantigny sector and captured a town and how the American boys later successfully resisted enemy counter attacks and took many prisoners.

Lieut. Chappell has been in France since last winter, having been graduated from the second officers' training camp at Fort Sheridan, Ill., in December, 1917.

The letter in part follows:

"I witnessed yesterday morning an extraneous battle—yours you don't know how bad it made me feel to see the first Americans go over the hill in an actual attack. I suppose the papers are full of it now. We were unsuccessfully raided the morning before and all that day we bombarded the enemy's positions and then about 4:30 or 5 in the morning it appeared that everything in the way of explosives seemed to go over his way."

"The air was just filled with projectiles of all kinds and the town we took seemed to go up in smoke, and then our machine-gun barrage as well as the artillery barrage opened up and the boys went over, and our liaison airplanes and balloons were maneuvering all around."

"I saw the boys keep on going, even in the face of heavy German artillery fire. Then shortly after that a steady stream of German prisoners began to come back and also the wounded, ours and the Germans, too. Everyone was very happy, but the Germans were the happiest of the lot. I talked to the wounded and they seemed cheerful and the attack was successful in every way."

"So far we have successfully resisted four counter attacks and have been under a constant fierce artillery bombardment. This morning we expected a strong counter attack again, but it did not come. We were all prepared and Fritz can thank his stars that he did not try again. But he undoubtedly will try again, as the ground we took is very advantageous and high."

ST. LOUIS NOT YET OVER TOP IN SAVINGS CAMPAIGN

From 60 Per Cent of Meetings Shows Subscriptions of \$1,011,250.75. St. Louis did not go over the top in Friday's War Savings campaign, it was decided by the leaders of the campaign last evening, after receiving partial returns of the subscriptions held in different parts of the city.

Retiring from 60 per cent of the meetings, including some of the largest ones, showed subscriptions of \$1,011,250.75. This did not include the sales during this week, the subscriptions in manufacturing plants, or the sales at the White House dedication Friday. The last named item will be about \$112,000.

St. Louis' quota of war savings stamps is \$16,000,000, and the previous sales had been \$7,000,000. The balance must be sold before the end of the year, and the present time is considered the most favorable, as there is no Liberty Loan drive until the lines.

Old-Fashioned Furniture Needed for the "White House."

A large quantity of old gold and silver, including jewelry, has been left at the White House in front of the old postoffice, to be assayed and appraised, the amount relinquished to be used in the purchase of War Savings Stamps. Among the pieces received was an old watch which was given by an old man who said he had no valuable money, but that he wanted to give his "bit." There were 6 cuff buttons, 8 lode pins, 2 pearl studs, 1 gold medal, 1 set false teeth on plate with one gold tooth, 2 silver picture frames, 1 gold picture frame, 3 silver ornaments, 1 gold mesh purse, 1 locket, 2 gold ornaments, 1 tie clasp, 1 part silver spoon, 6 gold rings, 1 bar pin, 4 watch chains, 2 silver watches, 1 silver, 1 gold watch, 6 earrings.

Postmaster Selph and Mrs. N. A. McMillan, chairman Woman's Division War Savings Committee, request all those who have Colonial furniture that they desire to lend or give to the "White House" booth to furnish it true period, to communicate with either Postmaster Selph or Mrs. McMillan. Patriotic citizens have offered Colonial chairs and pictures; some have made gifts of Colonial furniture for use in the "White House" booth. This furniture will be sold afterwards and the proceeds used in the purchase of War Savings Stamps.

You immediately become a Player Pianist, playing the simplest or the most difficult piano selections as well as the average amateur pianist.

And another great pleasure will be your ability to immediately play the accompaniment to the popular as well as other songs you want to sing.

Come in and let us "show you" when a GULBRANSEN Player Piano is worth many times your investment.

## KIESELHORST'S

ESTABLISHED 1878

1007 Olive St.

Kieselhorst's, St. Louis

Send catalog checked.

Name .....

Address .....

( ) Players

( ) Talking Machines

( ) Used Pianos

Business firms who want your orders for cleaning, repairing and other services are advertising in the Post-Dispatch Want Pages.

KILL THE BUGS BEFORE THEY KILL YOUR PLANTS AND VEGETABLES. OUR SPRAYERS AND INSECTICIDES

Are guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Spray with nicotine, the best insect killer. Garden size, 25c. Sprayers, 25c and 50c each.

Arsenate of Lead for potato bugs—1 oz. makes 1 gallon of spray; 35c, 50c per pound.

The attitude of officials opposed to keeping all short lines is that this would constitute an unnecessary financial risk for the Government

REED WIRES THE PROUTY APPROX RIVER BARGE

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TELEGRAM IS RECEIVED JACKSON JOHNSON, president of the

## REED WIRES THAT PROUTY APPROVES RIVER BARGE LINE

Telegram Is Received by Jackson Johnson, President of the St. Louis Chamber of Commerce.

### WOULD MEAN SEVEN TOWS, 59 BARGES

Johnson Says That He Feels Satisfied That Secretary McAdoo Will Approve of the Necessary Expenditure.

Senator Reed yesterday telephoned Jackson Johnson, president of the Chamber of Commerce, that Chester A. Prouty, one of two members of the Interstate Commerce Commission appointed by Director-General of Railroads McAdoo, to determine whether the establishment of a Government barge line of seven towboats and 59 barges on the lower Mississippi, would be a feasible wartime transportation measure, had recommended that the line be established.

The Post-Dispatch, in an exclusive story from Washington, last week, forecast Judge Prouty's action.

A telegram was received Thursday by W. S. Mitchell, United States District Engineer in St. Louis, to determine from the St. Louis river delegation what the city could contribute to the immediate establishment of the line. The telegram, which was from the Indiana Weymouths Committee, to whom the establishment of the line would be entrusted if approved by Director-General McAdoo, caused the St. Louis delegation to believe that McAdoo had accepted the theory that the barge line would be a good war-time measure and was seeking further information on its practicability.

#### E. A. Faust's Idea

E. A. Faust, in an interview given to a Post-Dispatch reporter, outlined plans which would enable St. Louis to construct all seven towboats and 14 of the barges, by July 1, 1918, the first towboat and two barges to be in the water by Dec. 1.

President Johnson of the Chamber of Commerce yesterday made the following comment on Judge Prouty's recommendation for the barge line:

"I feel satisfied that Secretary McAdoo will approve the expenditure upon Judge Prouty's recommendation.

"This one of the most important things that has ever happened, as far as St. Louis' commercial supremacy is concerned. While the use of the river is purely a war measure of relief for our national transportation system, it will be a stimulant of greatest value to St. Louis—the terminus of both upper and lower river navigation.

"All of the river glory and importance of 20 years ago will return to St. Louis tenfold with this move. The use of the river will give St. Louis the advantage that has been of greatest value to our competitive cities—water transportation for low-grade commodities.

"With the present proposed expenditures of \$8,000,000 on the lower river, the total being expended on the removal of traffic on the Mississippi amounts to approximately \$12,000,000. This is sufficient, I believe, to firmly establish a permanent, successful carrier system on the river.

"There isn't any doubt in my mind but what the use of the river as a war emergency will prove so effective and practical that its after-war status is beyond question. The Government use of the river means that all the efforts of years on the part of the valley cities has been realized.

Chamber of Commerce's Part. "Naturally, I am pleased at the part the St. Louis Chamber of Commerce has been permitted to play in the bringing about of the use of the river.

"While years of effort have been expended in this work, I believe that real progress was not made a year ago, when at the call of the Chamber of Commerce, the interests of the entire Valley met in St. Louis and formed the Mississippi Valley Waterways Association. Definite headway was immediately made under such an organization representing the entire Valley.

Headquarters of the association have been located at the Chamber of Commerce and a vast amount of preparation for the presentation of the case in Washington was worked out in co-operation with the chamber. The St. Louis committee that went to Washington June 17 was from the chamber.

"One thing is important to the success of river hauling, and that is complete co-operation between the railroads and the water routes. I mean by that, provision for joint rates and short hauling to the river. I am sure that under the terms of the expenditure when it is made, Director-General McAdoo will cover this phase fully."

Boy Falls 16 Feet From Porch. Peter Gache, 4 years old, climbed through the wooden railing on the back porch of his home, 931 Brooklyn street, last night and fell 16 feet to the ground. He suffered a fractured skull and severe bruises and was taken to the City Hospital.

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Willie Collier and Julius Tannen Said to Be Among Lawyer's Creditors—Mother "Not Worried."

Lester I. Heyman, attorney, with a suite of offices in the Boatmen's Bank Building, who was a prominent figure in St. Louis night cafe gaieties, has suddenly withdrawn from business and social life, while his stepbrothers, Carl and Sydney Hecht, sons of Max Hecht, president of Hecht Bros. Clothing Co., 1224 Washington avenue, are endeavoring to straighten out certain of his business transactions. Members of the Heyman family say that Heyman is out of the city at present.

Heyman is about 36 years old. Tall, of swarthy complexion and a striking figure, always well dressed, he was conspicuous for several years in his association with theatrical people at hotel dinner dances and after-theater affairs. During the winter season he always had a table reserved at the after-theater parties at Hotel Jefferson, at which he entertained stage stars. He is a Yale graduate, member of the Lambs Club of New York for theatrical people and Lieutenant of the Home Guards.

#### Interested Theatrical People.

It is understood that Heyman's financial difficulties are the result of speculations in the fur market. Jean Herbet, political editor of the Temps in commenting editorially on France's decision to celebrate the Fourth of July.

Heyman, according to his friends, became interested in the fur market through this method: He would attend fur sales in the United States, and take with him a plentiful supply of money. Many small fur dealers buy furs but do not always have the money with which to pay for the furs.

Heyman would buy the furs for the dealers, hold them until he had the cash, and charge interest and a profit.

Policemen called to the Boyd-Welsh Shoe Co., 4407 Cook avenue, at 11 o'clock last night, found the door to an iron safe in the office open and contents of the safe missing. Isaac W. Kelly, 52 years old, watchman at the factory, who called the police, said that three men entered the building, bound and gagged him at the point of revolvers, and stole about \$100 from the safe.

After the men had left, Kelly said he worked himself free and telephoned the police. J. C. Boyd, 5410 Cabanne avenue, president of the company, said that not more than \$100 was taken.

#### JOFFRE PRAISES U. S. IDEALS

Tellus Pastor Wants to Visit America After War.

PARIS, June 29.—Marshall Joffre received the Rev. Charles S. McFarland, general secretary of the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America. He said:

"I warmly welcome messages from the Christian people of America, because the unity of our two nations must be the unity of moral and spiritual ideals. The idea that we have in common is economic and commercial ideas. The idea that America is primarily a commercial nation very far from the truth. America is a nation of great ideals. That is why she is joined with France today in this conflict. I am grateful for the message from your church because they personify those ideals. I hope and expect to visit America again after the war."

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Heyman, according to his friends, became interested in the fur market through this method: He would attend fur sales in the United States, and take with him a plentiful supply of money. Many small fur dealers buy furs but do not always have the money with which to pay for the furs.

Heyman would buy the furs for the dealers, hold them until he had the cash, and charge interest and a profit.

Policemen called to the Boyd-Welsh Shoe Co., 4407 Cook avenue, at 11 o'clock last night, found the door to an iron safe in the office open and contents of the safe missing. Isaac W. Kelly, 52 years old, watchman at the factory, who called the police, said that three men entered the building, bound and gagged him at the point of revolvers, and stole about \$100 from the safe.

After the men had left, Kelly said he worked himself free and telephoned the police. J. C. Boyd, 5410 Cabanne avenue, president of the company, said that not more than \$100 was taken.

JOFFRE PRAISES U. S. IDEALS

Tellus Pastor Wants to Visit America After War.

PARIS, June 29.—Marshall Joffre received the Rev. Charles S. McFarland, general secretary of the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America. He said:

"I warmly welcome messages from the Christian people of America, because the unity of our two nations must be the unity of moral and spiritual ideals. The idea that we have in common is economic and commercial ideas. The idea that America is primarily a commercial nation very far from the truth. America is a nation of great ideals. That is why she is joined with France today in this conflict. I am grateful for the message from your church because they personify those ideals. I hope and expect to visit America again after the war."

"While years of effort have been expended in this work, I believe that real progress was not made a year ago, when at the call of the Chamber of Commerce, the interests of the entire Valley met in St. Louis and formed the Mississippi Valley Waterways Association. Definite headway was immediately made under such an organization representing the entire Valley.

Headquarters of the association have been located at the Chamber of Commerce and a vast amount of preparation for the presentation of the case in Washington was worked out in co-operation with the chamber. The St. Louis committee that went to Washington June 17 was from the chamber.

"One thing is important to the success of river hauling, and that is complete co-operation between the railroads and the water routes. I mean by that, provision for joint rates and short hauling to the river. I am sure that under the terms of the expenditure when it is made, Director-General McAdoo will cover this phase fully."

Boy Falls 16 Feet From Porch. Peter Gache, 4 years old, climbed through the wooden railing on the back porch of his home, 931 Brooklyn street, last night and fell 16 feet to the ground. He suffered a fractured skull and severe bruises and was taken to the City Hospital.

ATTORNEY WHOSE AFFAIRS  
ARE IN RELATIVES' HANDS

RELATIVES TAKE  
CHARGE OF AFFAIRS  
OF L. T. HEYMAN

Lawyer Prominent in Night Life, Known for Association With Theatrical People, Said to Be Out of City.

### WAS INTERESTED IN FUR BUYING

Willie Collier and Julius Tannen Said to Be Among Lawyer's Creditors—Mother "Not Worried."

Lester I. Heyman, attorney, with a suite of offices in the Boatmen's Bank Building, who was a prominent figure in St. Louis night cafe gaieties, has suddenly withdrawn from business and social life, while his stepbrothers, Carl and Sydney Hecht, sons of Max Hecht, president of Hecht Bros. Clothing Co., 1224 Washington avenue, are endeavoring to straighten out certain of his business transactions. Members of the Heyman family say that Heyman is out of the city at present.

Heyman is about 36 years old. Tall, of swarthy complexion and a striking figure, always well dressed, he was conspicuous for several years in his association with theatrical people at hotel dinner dances and after-theater affairs. During the winter season he always had a table reserved at the after-theater parties at Hotel Jefferson, at which he entertained stage stars. He is a Yale graduate, member of the Lambs Club of New York for theatrical people and Lieutenant of the Home Guards.

#### Interested Theatrical People.

It is understood that Heyman's financial difficulties are the result of spec

# AUTOMOBILE NEWS

## WAR ORDER CLOSES GAS STATIONS AND WHOLE AUTO TRADE

Entire St. Louis Industry, Including Battery and Repair Service, All Day Sunday and Every Night at 7 O'Clock.

Beginning this morning every branch of the automobile business of St. Louis and St. Louis County is to be closed. This is an order from Washington, transmitted through Sigmund Baer, chairman of the Service Division of the Missouri Council of National Defense.

Notices to this effect were mailed Friday night to all automobile interests in St. Louis. According to the plan, the order not only includes automobile dealers, dealers in accessories and supplies, repair shops, truck dealers, but also all gasoline filling stations. The order specifically states that these places must be closed all day Sunday, all day on holidays and at 7 o'clock every evening in the week.

The closing of the order is that public garages may receive and deliver cars to owners at any time of the night, but will not be permitted after 7 o'clock in the evening, or on Sundays and holidays to sell to even their own customers, gasoline, spark plug, tire or any other article.

On Saturday, the order goes to Washington for the appointment of a commissioner, who will see to the enforcement of this order, in St. Louis and St. Louis County. The committee to be secretaries of the Automobile Manufacturers and Dealers' Association and the St. Louis Motor Accessory Trade Association, Robert E. Lee.

Saturday all the gasoline filling stations in St. Louis were notified by telephone to close up the various filling stations today and every automobile dealer, accessory house and repair shop in St. Louis was sent a letter Friday night, citing the order to close.

St. Louis was the first city in the United States to bring about general voluntary closing. The automobile dealers of the city and most accessory houses closed up June 1, of their own motion. There were several meetings about closing, on which refused to do so, and when this was reported to the National Council of Defense, an imperative order was at once issued. The order is to continue for the term of the war, unless rescinded or modified. At this time it includes the closing of all truck dealers and truck repair shops, but this part of the order may be modified by a ruling if it is found that it interferes with the movement of merchandise.

Hereafter, under the order, the man who wants to run his passenger car or truck at night, or on Sunday, must have a car which has extra tires and plenty of gasoline.

Emergency service will be furnished by the Henry Motor Service Co., under arrangements with the St. Louis Automobile Manufacturers and Dealers' Association. The company will answer calls from owners whose cars are in trouble and will look after wrecks and tow-ins, but will not do general repair work at night or on Sunday.

### STATE LICENSE OFFICE IS NOW AT CITY HALL

Seeking the convenience of the motoring public of St. Louis and at the same time insuring that the city of St. Louis will get all the revenue due it from motorists, Mayor H. W. Kiel and Commissioners of Public Building, J. N. McElvey, have arranged to give room 336 in the Municipal Courts Building to the State Motor Vehicle Registration office. The office of the major vehicle registration department of Louis' bureau has been in charge of Deputy P. J. Schilling since its establishment last January, under a new State law. It was located at the Planter Hotel with the Automobile Club.

It is believed by the Mayor and by Schilling that the location of the State registration office, or as it is more commonly known, automobile license office, at the city hall is more convenient to the public seeking registration, but will insure that the city of St. Louis will collect city license fees from a large number of owners who have contented themselves with buying a State license, hoping to evade the watchful eye of the policeman.

The new office, 336 Municipal Courts Building, will be occupied by Schilling for about two months, who will then move to the new city hall building so as to be as near as possible to the office of local License Collector Alt.

A representative of the St. Louis Automobile Manufacturers and Dealers' Association, and the St. Louis Motor Accessory Trade Association secured this concession from the city officials.

### NO RADICAL ACTION ON AUTOMOBILE TAX

F. W. A. Vesper, president of the National Automobile Dealers' Association, who visited Washington, D. C. Wednesday with committee he appointed to appear before the Ways and Means Committee of the House, has advised the St. Louis office that they had a most courteous hearing and had every reason to believe that the automobile situation was understood. No decision regarding present tax considerations will be made until the committee reports the bill with recommendations. The view of the committee of seven it is stated by Mr. Vesper, is very optimistic and it is thought no drastic action will be taken againsting against the automobile industry.

The Acason truck, although new in this territory, have made a number of sales where they became the distributor in this territory for the Acason Motor Truck Co. of Detroit, Mich.

Acason trucks, although new in this territory, have been manufactured in England for years. In the past most of the output has been sold in the East, England and Russia. The truck is built in four sizes, ton and one-half, two, three and one-half and five.

It is equipped with the famous Waukesha motor, and Timken Worm-Gear rear and front axle and bearing.

The Acason truck is built for heavy duty hauling and one of its features is the fact that it uses a different motor for front and rear. The truck has a larger motor than the 1½ ton and the five has a larger motor than the 3½ ton. The world's largest ship building plant at Hoag Island, Pa., where the Government has standardized on Acason trucks, and at the present time 50 of these trucks are in daily operation at this world's largest ship yard, Hoag Island.

Winton Motor Car Co., Inc., outside of carrying a complete line of chassis on their floor, will also carry a complete line of parts and in their new location, 2821 Locust street, which they are now occupying, they will give the best of service to Acason truck users.

### NO GASOLINELESS DAYS ARE IN PROSPECT

An official bulletin from the United States Fuel Administration received by St. Louis Saturday specifically states that there is not at this time any shortage of gasoline and that with some degree of economy on the part of motorists and the prevention of waste in garages there will be no shortage.

There are at this time about 12 million barrels of gasoline, 32 gallons each, in storage and the daily production is ahead of consumption.

This is in spite of the fact that the German propaganda that has been circulated that there will be gasolineless Sundays and gasolineless nights ordered by the War Department.

## National —with airplane-type motor

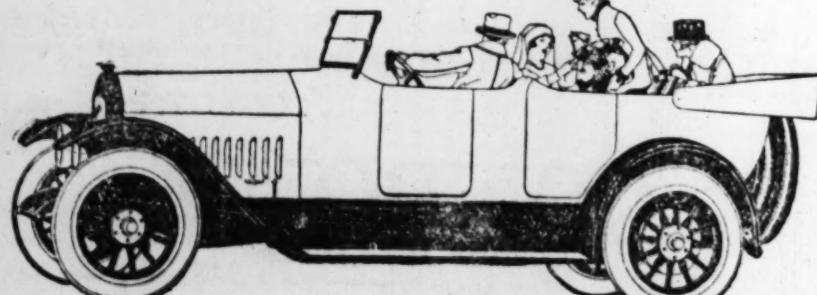
It is advisable that those who are going to need new automobiles secure them now. Soon deliveries of cars, in anything like reasonable time, will be out of the question, due to diminished production. To tide over probable extended period during which motor cars will be scarce, the ownership of a National Six or Twelve will assure efficient service for several seasons.

A Complete Range of Body Styles in Both

### Six and Twelve Cylinder Models

7-Pass. Touring Car, 4-Pass. Phaeton, 4-Pass. Roadster, 7-Pass. Convertible Sedan

NATIONAL MOTOR CAR & VEHICLE CORP., INDIANAPOLIS  
Eighth Successful Year



Weber Implement & Automobile Co.  
19th and Locust Sts.

### CLOSING MOVEMENT IS NATION WIDE

After 10 days of nation wide action through the medium of local associations the officers of the National Automobile Dealers' Association now feel they are assured of co-operation in compliance with War Service Suggestions through the United States

Among those advising immediate

compliance with the war time recommendations of the Automobile

Association of Kansas, over

the signature of its president, H. Limes, Topeka, Kan., who advises that

every community and city thus far

has consented to the closing

suggestion. The Standard Oil Co.

one of the greatest oil companies

and one of the first to agree, this is

worthy of comment in view of the

fact that the only difficulty exper-

enced in obtaining the present war

planning has been the oil and

plastic sealing stations.

W. M. Smith of Dubuque, Ia., ad-

vises they "went over the top" 100

per cent in compliance with the rul-

ings. R. Whittemore, Nasco, Minn.

noted that the office is closed

tight at 7 p. m. daily, Sundays and

holidays entirely. Ralph R. Cull, Cin-

cinnati Auto Trades Association, ad-

vises complete approval and com-

pliance with Government rulings.

Among those turning in 100 per

cent membership in the National

Association during the last year are

Cincinnati, O., Youngstown, O., Wat-

erloo, Ia., and St. Joseph, Mo. In ad-

dition numerous other cities wired

the majority of members already in

but holding up lists for full quota.

### WILSON TO SELL ACASON

Officers of the Wilson Motor Car Co. have made arrangements whereby they become the distributor in this territory for the Acason Motor Truck Co. of Detroit, Mich.

Acason trucks, although new in this territory, have been manufactured in England for years. In the past most of the output has been sold in the East, England and Russia. The truck is built in four sizes, ton and one-half, two, three and one-half and five.

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and at the present time 50 of these

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Winton Motor Car Co., Inc., outside

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### NEWMAN TO SELL TRUCKS, TRAILERS AND TRACTORS

Although he sold half a million dollars worth of passenger cars last year, Harry Newman of Harry Newman, Inc., St. Louis Kissel Kar dealer for the past three years, has withdrawn from the passenger car business. The entire attention of the firm will be given to the Harry Newman Motor Truck and Tractor Co. of St. Louis.

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## DOUBTING THOMAS

## AT SILVER JUBILEE

The head of Wilson Motor Car Co., local Haynes dealer who has set aside the week of July 1 to commemorate the Silver Anniversary of the invention of the automobile in America, tells many interesting stories regarding Elwood Haynes, the inventor of the first car, and circumstances surrounding his experiments with the "horseless carriage."

"Here comes Elwood Haynes in that 'famous old horseless carriage of mine,' said the spokesman of Kokomo, Ind., back in the day when the first successful automobile was still in the experimental stage.

The news of the new invention, however, was slow in reaching a certain town in Tennessee. Mr. Shortridge, a friend of Mr. Haynes, who lives in Kokomo, was traveling for a mill supply company and on one trip called on a hardware dealer in the Tennessee town. The dealer was interested in the car, and the salesman was taking his order. Mr. Shortridge, true to the reputation of the traveling men, thought an occasional bit of news might add to his progress, so he asked the merchant whether or not he had ever heard of the "horseless carriage."

"A 'horseless what?'" asked the puzzled merchant.

A "horseless carriage"—a machine that would actually run on its own power, would carry passengers, too. Such a machine had never invented by a man back in Kokomo.

The merchant was dumbfounded. He was worse than dumbfounded. He was deeply chagrined that Mr. Shortridge would dare to tell him kind of a fairytale upon him. The result was that the salesman lost the buyer's confidence completely, and finally the entire order was canceled. A carriage that would run on its own power? The idea was utterly and glaringly foolish. No salesman could come with such a sea tale and hope to sell him any goods.

This was in 1893. Today 5,000,000 automobiles are humbling over city boulevards and country highways. Mr. Shortridge says that he would give a hundred dollars to shake the doubting merchant by the hand and ask him to renew that hardware order.

## CHANDLER SIX SHOWS GENUINE SERVICE

"The meaning of the word 'service' surely is explained and its uses justified in connection with the performance of Chandler cars," said J. D. Perry Lewis of the Lewis Automobile Co., local Chandler distributor.

"A four-passenger roadster, purchased from the B. F. Goodrich Company, Akron, O., that has been used for about eight months as a tire-testing car, is conclusive evidence of Chandler stamina. And tire-testing crews are not noted, either, for anything but the breaking of a car. In fact, the very nature of their work demands rough usage of the car."

"With above 55,000 miles recorded on the speedometer and a tire average of over 9000 miles, it is good proof of the power of the Chandler Six—and just because this Chandler roadster has shown such excellent performances, the Goodrich company has purchased and taken delivery of another Chandler roadster, also a tire-testing unit."

"There are vital reasons, certainly, why Chandler cars give the service they do," continued Mr. Lewis. "The motor is the dominant feature of the Chandler car, and the engine has earned the Marvelous motor, but the Chandler is not simply a motor with a car built around it. The complete harmony of the whole car impresses even the casual observer. The motor is mounted on a spacious chassis, and on this chassis the purchaser may have the choice of an equally fine body in a number of various fine types."

## Crooked Spines Straightened!

By a New and Most Wonderful Method Right in Your Own Home Without Risk or Danger

We Send on 30 Days Trial to Guarantee What It Will Do for You.

It doesn't make any difference if a case is old and chronic or just in the first stage. It doesn't make any difference if a person is a man or a woman, nor what their age, if they suffer from spinal trouble. You can be relieved and probably wholly overcome your

affliction without any pain or inconvenience and you can try our method as far as your home, to satisfy yourself fully and absolutely.

In 17 years over 30,000 of the worst and most chronic deformities have been successfully treated. We can give you names and addresses of people in your own state and perhaps in your own town, representing some of the most astonishing cures of all sorts of spinal troubles. You are under no obligation in writing us, save a description of your case, and we will advise you fully and without any cost to you.

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affliction without any pain or inconvenience and you can try our method as far as your home, to satisfy yourself fully and absolutely.

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&lt;p



## GRANT SIX \$1245

### Size, Power and Dignity Without Extravagance

BUSINESS men in the cities and on the farms, to whom the motor car is a necessity that cannot be dispensed with, find in the GRANT SIX a most satisfactory car. It gives the utmost in motor car service at lowest cost of investment.

The business man knows that there is in motor cars, as there is in machinery or in buildings, a point where low price ceases to be a low price in the long run. His aim is always to buy at that intermediate point which, combined with economy of operation and long service, gives lowest actual cost.

The GRANT SIX price, we believe, is such a price among sizes. The size and appearance of the car, its mechanical refinement which makes for durability and long service, and finally its high economy of fuel, oil and tires, make the GRANT SIX the ideal car from a business man's viewpoint. Price, \$1245 f. o. b. Cleveland.

*As the reduced production is rapidly making a serious shortage, we urge you to buy your GRANT SIX now.*

**CITY DISTRIBUTORS WANTED**  
**DELIVERIES IMMEDIATELY** SEE THEM NOW

**DEALERS**—There is still some excellent territory open on this wonderful car. Also on the new Grant Truck. See us at our Salesroom this week. It is just the truck you have been looking for.

**Barcus Automobile Co.**  
3950 Olive Street St. Louis, Mo.  
GRANT MOTOR CAR CORPORATION—CLEVELAND

## Cool driving!

—for  
Your  
Ford

Fits  
Any  
Model

**Shurnuff**  
TRADE MARK  
WINDSHIELD  
VENTILATOR

Here's an attachment that will give you all the ventilating features and the rain and dust-tight advantages of high-priced car windshields. With the Shurnuff you can open the bottom or top panes either forward or back—you can have a gentle zephyr or cyclonic wind coming down to your feet and driving out the heat from the engine. Consists of two side arms (taking the place of those now on Fords) with cross pieces, etc. Quickly put on by anyone.

Get this "cool-off" attachment on your Ford now. Guarantee Trial: You can get the Shurnuff Ventilator from your dealer or from us, if he hasn't it, on a guaranteed trial basis. Price \$7.50 (West of Rockies \$7.75). Try it 10 days. If you'd give it up then, we'll give you every cent back at once. Order it TODAY

**Shurnuff Grease Retainers**

effectively stop grease leaking from rear axle of Ford. Which rots tires, causes brakes to lose their efficiency and make a dust-collecting mess on the floor of the car and the house. Shurnuff cost only 90¢ per pair and you can put them on any Ford. Dealer can supply you, send us \$60 and we will. Guaranteed.

**DEALERS:** Shurnuff necessities for Ford cars are sure-enough fast sellers. Send for literature. Packed in attractive cartons for show display. Carried by jobbers everywhere. Write for literature.

SHURNUFF MFG. CO., Dept. C, St. Louis, Mo.

## WHAT KIND OF TIRES HAVE YOU BEEN USING?

HOW MUCH HAVE YOU BEEN PAYING FOR THEM?  
HOW ABOUT THE MILEAGE?  
HAVE YOU BEEN SATISFIED?

**MAYBE YOU ARE.**  
Don't take any chances, but buy a tire that will give you mileage, service and satisfaction at a very low cost.

**STRONG TIRES** are known for dependability and service. Strong tires are sold for a very low price.

**STRONG TIRES ARE GUARANTEED**

### 3500 MILES

**STANDARD GUARANTEE**  
With **STRONG DOUBLE-TREAD TIRES** you will be  
SATISFIED.

**Strong Double Tread Tires** are reconstructed by our  
wonderful system.

**Strong Double Tread Tires** are backed by an iron-clad  
guarantee. The name adjustments guarantees that the large  
and small tires will last you, and we sell Strong Tires for  
one-fifth the cost of other tires with the same guarantee.

Do you want to pay the difference for the name or just pay  
for the tire?

**PRICE LIST OF STRONG DOUBLE-TREAD TIRES**

30x2 1/2 . . . \$7.50 32x4 . . . \$8.50 36x4 1/2 . . . \$10.50

30x3 1/2 . . . \$6.00 32x4 . . . \$7.75 36x4 1/2 . . . \$11.00

32x3 1/2 . . . \$6.50 32x4 1/2 . . . \$8.00 36x4 1/2 . . . \$11.25

32x4 . . . \$7.50 32x4 1/2 . . . \$8.25 36x4 1/2 . . . \$11.75

Send \$2.00 deposit for each tire backed by an iron-clad  
guarantee shipped subject to your examination.

State whether S. & C. photo or N. S. is desired—all  
same price.

Pay the entire amount of order, you can save 5 per  
cent—our special cash-with-order discount.

**STRONG TIRE & RUBBER CO.**

Chicago, Ill.



## AUTO NOTES GOSSIP.

William J. Kennedy and Harley Warren, who has been with the Hudson-Phillips Motor Car Co. for several years has been called to the army.

The Mitchell Automobile Corporation reports the following sales during the past week: E. J. Malone, Mayor of Skidmore, Jordan Sport Marine, Harry Bond, Charleston, Mo., Jordan Sport Marine, H. G. Thompson, Charleston, Mo., Jordan Suburban Seven; Dr. Alfred A. Meyers, 4603 South Grand, Jordan Suburban Seven; A. D. Gates, 1926 McCasland, Mitchell Sedan; W. W. Wise, 5567 Waterman, Mitchell Sedan.

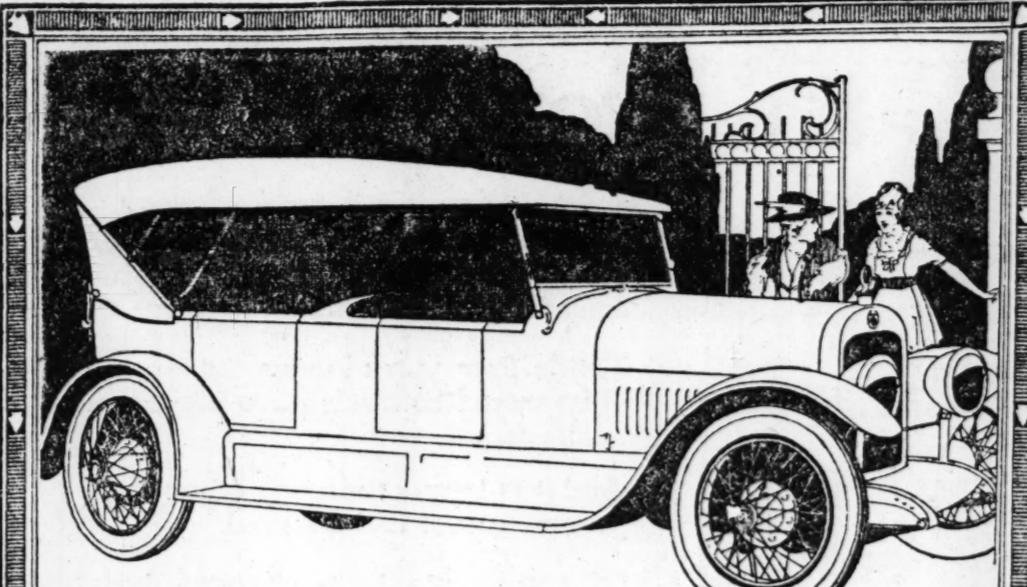
touring in particular, are thoroughly familiar with Uniontown Hill. Ever since the earliest days of the industry Uniontown Hill has been in the limelight. Many of the most famous hill climbing contests on record were held there and for these many years it has been the custom of all motorists passing that way.

Many proud owner who has pridefully boasted of the many achievements of his car, has been obliged to chalk up last merit works to the credit of his car. In recent years the famous hill "is high." Driving a New Series 19 Studebaker Big-Six from the Detroit factory he merely took advantage of the splendor of the performance.

"When I reached the base of the mountain road, the Big-Six was idling along in 'high' at 20 miles an hour," writes Mr. Ricks, in recounting his experience. "The speed official is 'Without shifting a gear, and without varying the speed of the car two

miles one way or the other, the Studebaker went unfalteringly up the steep, hard pull and over the top. The engine showed absolutely no signs of effort—and you could lay your hand on the radiator without any discomfort."

He concluded his letter by saying that other motorists at the top of the hill had been compelled to move their radiators in order to come down, were incredulous. They couldn't believe their own eyes when they saw the Studebaker come purring up the mountain road in high gear. So, for the moment, enthusiastic Mr. Ricks obligingly repeated the performance—with the incredulous ones as passengers and observers.



## The First Seven Passenger Without the Bulge

The new Jordan Suburban Seven marks the realization of another Jordan ideal.

It is the first seven passenger motor car without the unsightly bulge in the rear of the body.

Sides run straight fore and aft. Edges are sharply beveled. The body is custom built in aluminum, eliminating all rumbles, ripples and rust.

It is one hundred pounds lighter.

Doors are broad, square and wide

opening. The driver sits lower. Seat cushions have Marshall springs. The top is perfectly tailored. Chassis is lower with smaller wheels and fatter tires. Optional colors—Briarcliff green or Liberty blue—both striking.

The Jordan chassis ideal remains the same—a standard chassis of finished mechanical excellence, including all the universally approved mechanical units, and fitted to suit the buyer with a choice of distinctive custom style bodies.



## JORDAN

Suburban Seven

Mitchell Automobile Corporation of Missouri

JOHN BOE, President WM. A. C. HALWE, Secy-Treas.

Telephone, Benton 1222; Central 5520. 8126-28-30 LOCUST ST.

A Few High-Class Dealers Wanted in Missouri, Illinois and Arkansas.

JORDAN MOTOR CAR COMPANY, CLEVELAND, OHIO



## Announcement—

The remarkable performance of 50 Acason Trucks under the most trying condition at the world's largest shipyard—Hog Island—

The rapid progress being made by the Acason Motor Truck Company at Detroit, Mich., under the direction of several of the best known men of the motor truck industry—

Our excellent facilities for serving motor truck users—

The fact that we can secure immediate deliveries on a truck that justifies our decision—

Makes us proud to announce that we become the factory distributors for the

## ACASON MOTOR TRUCK

A complete line of 1 1/2 to 5 tons capacity, light and heavy duty type tractors. Price \$2500 to \$4700 f. o. b. Detroit.

Let us solve your Haulage problem

## Wilson Motor Car Co., Inc.

2921 LOCUST STREET

Some Desirable Territory Open for Live Dealers

Acason

TRUCKS

Standardized

at the Great

Hog Island

Shipyard

Acason

TRUCKS

Standardized

at the Great

Hog Island

Shipyard

Acason

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Standardized

at the Great

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## Proposes Insurance for Labor.

By the Associated Press.  
WASHINGTON, June 29.—Broad extension of Government insurance to the laboring classes was proposed in a bill introduced today by Senator Lewis of Illinois. It would enable all

workmen engaged in work "which imperils or injures" life or health to get Federal insurance.

The pick of the used—but-useful articles on the market, in today's Post-Dispatch Want Ads.

Deposits Made During

## First Five Days in July

In Your

3<sup>rd</sup> NATIONAL BANK SAVINGS ACCOUNT

Will Receive

## Interest From July 1st

## NATIONAL BANK PROTECTION FOR YOUR SAVINGS

Open Monday Nights Until 6:30 O'Clock

A Savings Account for Every 100% American

## HIGHER FREIGHT RATES TO INCREASE TRUCK USE

"The action of the Interstate Commerce Commission in granting a ten per cent increase in express rates, following rightly on the heels of increased freight rates, is certain to stimulate greatly the use of trucks in inter-city hauling," says F. H. McKinney, of the Packard Motor Co., Detroit. "The higher rates go into effect July 1, and in the next two weeks the increased express rates will force many truck owners into employing their own trucks for many of the short-haul shipments now being made by express. This will allow the part of the hard-pressed express companies facilities to be used in long-haul work."

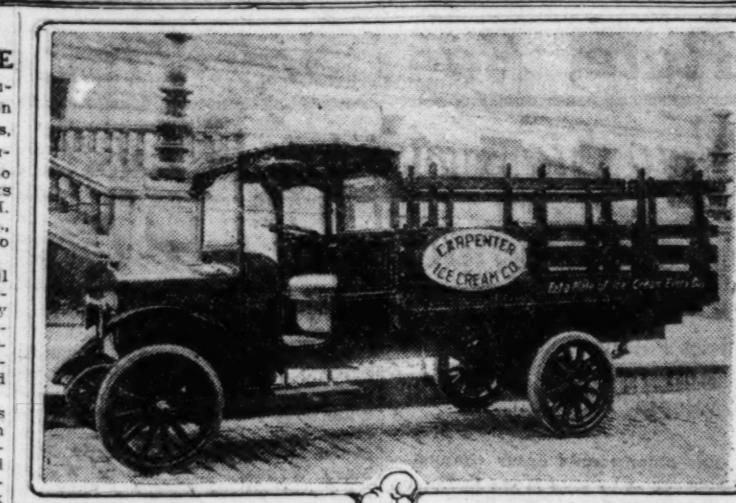
"A splendid example of how trucks are shouldering some of the burden without hurting the express companies financially may be witnessed any day on the road between Cleveland and Akron. There motor truck traffic now amounts to 65 per cent of all rail traffic between the two cities. This includes express and freight shipments."

## EFFICIENCY METHODS IN ALL OVERLAND SHOPS

In adopting standardized repair methods throughout their service stations all over the country, The Overland Co. is making saving to the thousands of Overland owners.

The factory is constantly figuring time and labor saving methods to cut costs of production. This gives the Overland Co. the opportunity to apply these methods in their own repair shop so that the owner will get the advantage of this factory knowledge and short cuts in reduced repair bills.

This system of service is making repairmen more effective. The Overland Co. figures that good workmen with good appliances are able to turn out a much greater volume of work in a given time without any additional effort. This of course makes



A SPECIAL MAXWELL TRUCK.

## MAXWELL DISPLACES

## THE THIRSTLESS CAMEL

With the horse already losing his job to the automobile, now it's the camel's turn to be displaced by the motor car as a common carrier. At least such is the purport of a letter from Mr. Paul M. Mayer, Maxwell dealer at Algiers, Alaska, to the Detroit headquarters of the company this week.

The letter, inscribed in quaint Arabic characters, is from Baba Ben, grand son of the Caliph Kasi, mogul of the Algerian province called Guerrara on the edge of the Sahara Desert and under French rule. As translated, it reads:

"Praise only be to God and let him bestow his mercies on our prophet Mohamed. 'Guerrara, 18th January, 1918.'

the cost of each repair job considerably less.

A complete plan of ship equipment has been worked out from suggestions by the factory experts and the experiences of dealers all over the United States. All of these plans have been compiled and are being supplied to every Overland dealer and branch organization, including the Overland Automobile Co. of St. Louis. These are supplied in tool kit form and are being constantly added to from time to time. One of these appliances alone will save considerable time. It consists of a Universal motor stand which makes it much easier to repair motors. This stand will accommodate any type of Overland motor.

The Overland company also makes use of their tool-designing department and as soon as any labor saving device is found practical at the factory it is immediately made available to every Overland dealer.

This system has in mind the training of every mechanic in every city, to make him more efficient and skillful and to supply him with the newest tools. In a final analysis this means that Overland owners are repaid by lessened bills and quicker service.

## CAUSES WOMAN'S ARREST ON CHARGE OF DISLOYALTY

Drafted Man Says Mrs. Katie Campbell Expressed Herself as Favoring German Cause.

Fred Lawrence, 4001 North Broadway, caused the arrest at 10 o'clock last night of Mrs. Katie Campbell, 53 years old, who resides in the rear of that address.

Lawrence said that when he exhibited a card from his draft board notifying him to report, Mrs. Campbell made some disloyal remarks, among which were the following:

"I hope the papers say that the Americans are saying they can whip the Germans with their hands tied. I guess they mean they can whip the Germans if the Germans' hands are tied."

"They're going to get fooled by the Germans. The Germans will knock them out, and I'm glad of it. Everybody is against the Germans except me."

"I hope all you American boys will go over there and never come back."

Mrs. Campbell is held for the Federal authorities.

## EMERSON MOTORS MEN GUILTY

Convictions Obtained on Charges of Using Mail to Defraud.

By the Associated Press.  
NEW YORK, June 29.—After more than 20 hours deliberation, a jury in the Federal Court here today found the Emerson Motor Co. Inc. and several corporate and individual co-defendants guilty of using the mails to defraud.

The defendants found guilty are the Emerson Motors Co. Inc., C. R. Davis & Co., Robert P. Matches & Co., Nichols Field Wilson, Robert P. Matches, William Loomis and Osborne E. Chaney.

There were 13 counts in the indictment with maximum penalties ranging from two to five years' imprisonment, and an aggregate maximum fine of \$22,000. Some of the defendants found guilty were convicted on all the counts and all the rest on one. They will be sentenced next Tuesday.

Theodore L. Campbell, president of the Emerson Motors Co.; his son, George M. Campbell, George E. Gifford and William H. Stasen, other co-defendants, were acquitted.

## NEBRO KILLS HIS NEIGHBOR

Lawrence Hudson, 27 years old, a negro, living at 121 Pennsylvania avenue, East St. Louis, shot and killed his neighbor, George Jones, 27, about 12:30 a. m., yesterday, at his home, 119 Pennsylvania avenue, last night. Hudson told the police that Jones poured cinders into the eyes of his 4-year-old son last Friday "for meanness," and that when he told Jones last night he had probably blinded the child, Jones replied "that he didn't give a damn."

Hudson said he then got his revolver and shot Jones several times. Hudson is under arrest.

Detroit Papers Raise Price.

DETROIT, Mich., June 29.—An announcement was made tonight by the Detroit Sunday News and the Detroit Sunday Free Press of a raise in price from 5 to 8 cents, effective July 7.

## FIFTY MECHANICS WANTED FOR ARMY ORDNANCE WORK

The Ordnance Department of the United States Army is in urgent need of 50 mechanics to do general machine work in small arms ammunition plant near St. Louis. The men do not have to be expert mechanics and there are no age limitations. Ordnance officers regard the work as an excellent opportunity for 50 volunteer workers to "do their bit."

The men will be in civilian service and will be paid Government standard wages. The men are needed at once and those who wish to apply are asked to go to the United States Government Employment Bureau, 17 North Eighth street, where detailed information about the work will be given.

In connection with the call, ordnance officers pointed out that an excellent chance is afforded men now employed in nonessential industries to do work vital to the successful prosecution of the war. Any man who can repair automatic machines and get them in order is eligible.

The Thief Takes the Unprotected Car

## To Our Patrons and Friends

Notwithstanding the fire at our office and works, 308 N. Commercial street, we are still doing business and are ready to take care of old and new customers with our usual quality and prompt service. Call Main 15, Central 929.

O'Brien-Northrop Oil & Chemical Co.  
308 N. Commercial St.

## NOTICE TO VOTERS

Any registered voter whose name is open and unregistered upon the books of registration and who has moved since last registering, may have his name transferred at this office up to and including July 8, 1918. This office will remain open until 9:00 P. M. on the following nights: July 1, 2, 5, 6, 8, 1918, for the purpose of such transferring.

Board of Election Commissioners,  
120 City Hall

## The Theft Signal

is simplicity itself. When the owner leaves his car he locks the Signal on the right front wheel. It is in plain sight of everyone; it is away from all mechanism; an unauthorized person must "tamper" or leave it alone. The owner instantly unlocks it with his special key. In this way it enables the public to know the owner from a thief.

## \$100 REWARD

will be paid by the manufacturers, to the person responsible, at any time, anywhere, for the arrest and conviction, as a thief, of anyone operating an automobile equipped with a Security Auto Theft-Signal, or tampering with a Theft-Signal in place.

Be suspicious of anyone working around the right front wheel of an automobile for more than a few seconds. It is likely to be a thief trying to remove a Theft-Signal. Call the police.



## Here's the Proof

Thousands of car owners in the United States have avoided loss by adopting this System. During the past year more than 100,000 cars NOT equipped with the Theft-Signal have been stolen.

## Motorists.

You can make any repair or adjustment in plain sight of the public without interference—any thief can do the same. But the thief will leave your car severely alone if it wears the Security Auto Theft-Signal. Avoid risk, worry and possible loss. Buy a Theft-Signal of your dealer to day. He will explain its merits. Nothing to install—cannot damage the car.

At Your Dealer, or SECURITY AUTO THEFT-SIGNAL SALES CO.

622 Pine St., St. Louis

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES



"SEEING THINGS" FOR INSTANCE  
MADE BY THE JUDGE & DOLPH STORES  
MONDAY SPECIALS

50c Moistened Cacoanut Oil . . . . . 35c Castoria . . . . . 23c  
\$1.00 Listerine . . . . . 67c Woodbury's Facial Soap . . . . . 17c

Dandrene . . . . . 50c and 75c Stone's Creosol Disinfectant, quart. . . . . 40c  
Newbr's Herpetic . . . . . 50c and 65c J. D. Rosch Powder, powder . . . . . 25c  
Farr's \$1.00 Gray Hair Restorer . . . . . 75c Dioxogen . . . . . 15c and 25c  
\$1.00 Wild Root Hair Tonic . . . . . 75c Finkham's Vegetable Compound . . . . . 25c  
Allen's Fog Ease . . . . . 15c Stewart's Drosophila Tablets . . . . . 25c  
Lanolin, P. H. bottle of 100 . . . . . 25c Sal Hennepin . . . . . 25c  
Beeswax, Acid Phosphate . . . . . 25c Resin, Soap cake . . . . . 25c  
Gude's Perfumarian . . . . . 15c Cudrook's Blue Soap, 2 cakes . . . . . 25c  
Odorone . . . . . 15c and 25c Menner's Talcum, small . . . . . 25c

Prescriptions Are Filled Here Exactly  
as Your Physician Writes Them

It is easy for us to accurately follow any physician's directions, for we daily receive shipments of pharmaceuticals from all of the best makers. Fresh drugs have their full virtues and are more effective. Our prices on prescriptions are very reasonable and our service prompt.

LEARN MORE ABOUT  
COOR'S PURE MALTED MILK  
and Taste It Yourself

Served FREE at 7th & Locust Store all Week  
Malted Milk Beater FREE with pound package

The Lower Priced Drug Stores  
Seventh and Locust  
Broadway and Washington  
515 Olive Street  
Delmar and Clara



## Hardin Junior College and Conservatory

Located on three main lines of railway—110 miles from St. Louis, 165 miles from Kansas City.

Hardin College, having an endowment, can therefore give more for the money than the unendowed.

Modern conveniences; extensive grounds; new gymnasium; swimming pool; abundant opportunity for outdoor recreation.

Hardin gives two years of college work, which is approved and fully accredited by the University of Missouri and the University of Chicago. Teachers' State certificates given.

Special courses, including Home Economics, Art, Expression, Physical Training and also a full Commercial Course.

Advantages in music under Dr. A. L. Manchester, Dean, are unsurpassed west of the Mississippi River.

Seventy more reservations than at this time last year.

For a beautiful View Book and catalogue, address

Z. J. EDGE, President  
Hardin College, Mexico, Missouri.

## BEGIN MONDAY, JULY 1ST

THIRD SPECIAL ENROLLMENT DATE

Brown's War Emergency Short Course

## Young Women

The ranks of the office forces of every business enterprise have been depleted by the war, becoming a serious handicap.

Now is your golden opportunity to secure a foothold in business.

A BROWN TRAINING provides the means through which you can secure a fine, well-paying position within a short time with exceptional opportunities for advancement.

THIRD SPECIAL ENROLLMENT DATE, MONDAY, JULY 1ST

BROWN'S WAR EMERGENCY SHORT COURSE

BRIEF—INTENSIVE—THOROUGH

Other courses for those who can remain in school six months or longer.

Olive 5850. Literature upon request. Central 4452.

BROWN'S BUSINESS COLLEGES

OF ST. LOUIS

JEFFERSON AND GRAVY, EASTON AND BLACKFORD,  
GRAND AND HERBERT, VANDENVER and DELMAR

EIGHTH AND PINE.

The Sunday Post-Dispatch has over ONE-HALF MILLION  
more readers than any other newspaper west of the Mississippi.

"First in Everything."

Proposes Insurance for Labor.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Broad extension of Government insurance to the laboring classes was proposed in a bill introduced today by Senator Lewis of Illinois. It would enable all

workmen engaged in work "which imperils or injures" life or health to get Federal insurance.

The pick of the used—but-useful

articles on the market, in today's Post-Dispatch Want Ads.

Deposits Made During

First Five Days in July

In Your

3<sup>rd</sup> NATIONAL BANK SAVINGS ACCOUNT

Will Receive

Interest From July 1st

NATIONAL BANK PROTECTION FOR YOUR SAVINGS

Open Monday Nights Until 6:30 O'Clock

# J. Timothy Burke Is O K; at Any Rate, Fans Say Timothy Ought to Stack Up All Right

PLEA FOR \$60,000  
TO PAY OFF CARDS'  
DEBTS NETS \$2000

Note for \$40,000 Held by  
Mrs. Helen Hathaway  
Britton Is Due Monday;  
Other Obligations Said to  
Total \$20,000.

STOCKHOLDER THINKS  
MONEY WILL BE FOUND

Says Club Will Be Taken  
Over by Former Owner or  
Put Up at Auction if Prin-  
cipal Note Is Not Wiped  
Out.

That only \$2000 of the \$60,000 fund  
to which stockholders in the Cardinals  
were last week asked to subscribe had  
been raised last night was the asser-  
tion of a man prominently identified  
with the club and himself a stock-  
holder.

The \$60,000 fund asked for if raised  
is to be used in meeting the \$40,000  
payment due Mrs. Helen Britton on  
the \$165,000 balance due on the pur-  
chase price of the club, and also to  
liquidate indebtedness accruing since  
the start of the 1918 season.

If the statement of this stockholder  
is correct, about \$5,000 must be  
raised tomorrow, at which time ar-  
rangements for the payment of \$40,  
000 to Mrs. Britton must be com-  
pleted. The Post-Dispatch inform-  
ant admitted last night that he did  
not know whether this fund could  
be raised in the short space of 48 hours.

He stated, however, that he be-  
lieved definitely that Mrs. Britton  
would receive the money due her.  
Asked if a further extension of time  
could be obtained, he replied that  
he did not believe it would be asked  
for or granted.

### President Rickey Silent.

President Branch Rickey was  
asked last night whether this state-  
ment was substantially true and also  
whether there would be a meeting of  
the board of directors of the club to-  
morrow. Rickey replied that he pre-  
ferred not to discuss the finances of  
the Cardinals at present, because not  
all of the men to whom the circular  
letter appeal for funds had been dis-  
patched have sent in their replies.

Rickey said, however, that there  
would be a meeting of the directors  
of the club Monday, because the  
matter had to be disposed of in some  
form.

According to Rickey, these things  
are potentialities as the club now  
stands.

The \$60,000 asked for will be  
raised and the \$40,000 paid to  
Mrs. Britton.

An outsider may be influenced  
to buy the club and relieve the  
situation.

The money will not be forth-  
coming and the club will revert to  
Mrs. Britton, or at her option she  
may foreclose the mortgage and the  
club would be sold to the  
highest bidder.

### Outsider May Buy Club.

In case the latter should happen,  
the stockholder referred to above  
was inclined to believe that an out-  
sider would bid in the club and conduct  
the affairs of the Cardinals  
within 20 days. The persons vari-  
ously mentioned as prospective buy-  
ers of the Cardinals are James C. McGill,  
president of the Indianapolis  
Club, and Russell E. Gardner, local  
capitalist.

A close friend of McGill, who  
asked that his name be withheld,  
stated last night that he was pos-  
tive the latter would not consider  
the purchase of the club at this  
time.

"McGill told me on his last visit  
to St. Louis," he said, "that under  
no circumstances would he increase  
his holdings in baseball. As for Rus-  
sell Gardner, I also believe he is not  
seriously considering it, for Gardner  
is one of McGill's best friends and I  
know McGill would advise him not  
to make the purchase."

None of the most prominent stock-  
holders in the Cardinals could be  
reached for a statement last night.

### HEATHCOTE'S HIT GIVES HENDRICKS' CREW EVEN BREAK

Clifton Heathcote's three-base hit  
after two were out in the ninth in-  
ning of the second game, gave the  
Cardinals an even break in a two-  
engagement with the Pittsburgh  
Pirates. Heathcote's blow drove out  
the Kueh Hohlers made the count four-  
all. The latter beat out a hit to Cuthshaw  
for a starter, was sacked to second by  
Baird and scored on Paulette's single.  
Then in the ninth, after two  
were out, Sherdel sliced a single to  
right field and scored the fifth and win-  
ning run on Heathcote's triple to  
deep left.

### Hornby Didn't Horn In

FIRST GAME  
CARDINALS

	AB. R. H. PO. A. E.
Heathcote cf	4 0 0 1 2 4 0 0
Baird rf	4 0 1 0 1 2 4 0
Grimm lb	4 0 0 1 2 4 0 0
Hornby rf, ss	4 0 0 1 0 1 0 0
Paulette 2b	4 0 1 5 0 0 0 0
McGinnis lf	2 1 0 0 1 2 3 0
Wallace c	2 0 1 2 3 0 0 0
Gonzales c	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Johnson p	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Sherdel p	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Bald rf	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0
*Cruise	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Totals	27 1 5 27 21 1

PITTSBURG.

	AB. R. H. PO. A. E.
Caton ss	4 1 2 2 3 0 0 0
Cutshaw 2b	3 1 1 2 0 0 0 0
Molivitz 1b	4 0 1 17 0 0 0
Hinchman rf	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
McKinnis 3b	3 2 2 2 4 0 0 0
Schmidt c	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0
Miller p	4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Leach rf	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Totals	27 5 26 16 0

PITTSBURG.

	AB. R. H. PO. A. E.
Caton ss	4 1 2 2 3 0 0 0
Cutshaw 2b	3 1 1 2 0 0 0 0
Molivitz 1b	4 0 1 17 0 0 0
Hinchman rf	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
McKinnis 3b	3 2 2 2 4 0 0 0
Schmidt c	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0
Miller p	4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Leach rf	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Totals	27 5 26 16 0

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	AB. R. H. PO. A. E.
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Totals	27 5 26 16 0

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Miller p	4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Leach rf	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Totals	27 5 26 16 0

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Miller p	4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
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Totals	27 5 26 16 0

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Schmidt c	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0
Miller p	4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Leach rf	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Totals	27 5 26 16 0

PITTSBURG.

# We Have It on Good Authority That Most Fans Can't See This Twilight Baseball

## EVANS AND WOOD WIN CLOSE MATCH FROM BOY RIVALS

Lynch Meets Crichton in Forest Park Golf Tourney Final, Today

**F**INALS in the various classes of the Forest Park Golf Club championships will be played today over the 18 hole course. The first tee is located about one block south of the Jefferson Memorial building.

Frank Lynch, who won his division in the senior final, and M. J. Crichton will meet in the title round, at 38 holes, one round each of 18 holes being played morning and afternoon. Lynch has been playing splendidly all season, but the break has not been in his favor in his two big tournaments, the St. Louis District and Trans-Mississippi events. Crichton also showed splendid form at Kansas City.

Finals in the other classes are:

CONSOLATIONS.

Jimmy Manion vs. E. J. Re-

gan.

CLASS A.

L. A. White vs. Fred Conway.

CLASS B.

W. H. Anderson vs. C. S. Leon-

ard.

Veterans Defeat 16-Year-Old Bobby Jones and Perry Adair 2 Up and 1 to Go in Red Cross Benefit Match.

SOUTHERN CHAMPION PRESSES EVANS HARD

National Titleholder's Card of 72 Was Only One Stroke Better Than That of His Boy Rival.

Golf that made a gallery of 500 persons gasp at least once each hole was displayed yesterday afternoon at Sunset Hill Country Club's course where Charles "Chick" Evans and Warren K. Wood of Chicago defeated Robert T. Jones Jr. and Perry Adair of Atlanta, Ga., 2 up and 1 to go, in their best Red Cross foursome.

The first shot of two of the players, Champion Evans and the 16-year-old "Bobby" Jones were both under par for the course, and that the others were several strokes under bogey testifies to the fine character of play.

The match throughout was a battle between the veteran Evans, four times Western champion and present holder of both the national open and national amateur championships, and young Jones, who had a string of minor titles to his credit, not to mention a large championship held beneath his hat.

Jones Makes an "Eagle."

Jones is a sturdy looking youth, and he displayed a long ball from the tee plus an uphill spirit. While he lacked the polish and deadly accuracy of Evans, he played brilliant golf, and, in the eleventh hole, when the real match played ended, he might have turned in the low score of the afternoon, despite the fact that, almost without exception, he was in trouble on his first shot. Twice he was completely off the course, but he landed on another green.

He was first to the second, putting with a single, adoring Russell, who seemed

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## PATRIOTIC PARADE TO BE FEATURE OF JULY 4 HERE

Americanization Committee of C. of C. Hopes to Have 30,000 Persons Join in March to Art Hill.

MASS MEETING  
TO BE AT 6:15 P. M.

Many Organizations Have Agreed to Take Part and Foreign Societies Alone Pledge 20,000.

The public celebration of Fourth of July in St. Louis will center about a parade which the Americanization Committee of the Chamber of Commerce is arranging and in which it is hoped more than 30,000 persons will march. The procession will start from Lindell boulevard and Taylor avenue at 4:30 p. m. and will proceed west on Lindell boulevard and through Forest Park to the foot of Art Hill, where a mass meeting will be held at 6:15 o'clock.

The following organizations have declared their intention to participate in the parade:

Retail Grocers' Association, First Infantry, Missouri Home Guards, Krege 5 and 10 cent stores; Retail Druggist Association, American Society of Engineers, Contractors, Rough Riders' Association; U. S. Navy Drum Corps, Second Regiment Missouri Brigade, Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, Democratic City Central Committee, United Ancient Order of Druids, Boy Scouts of America, Spanish War Veterans, Grand Army of the Republic, Master Butchers' Association, Merchant's Club, Elks, Shriners Lodge No. 1, American Junior Naval and Marine Scouts; the Bar Association of St. Louis, St. Louis Dyers and Cleaners' Association, Lokol Lodge No. 23.

These are in addition to the foreign organizations in the city, which have promised to have over 20,000 of their people in line.

**Fischer as Chor Leader.**

Frederick Fischer, director of the Pageant Choral Society, has consented to act as chor leader. Fischer was scheduled to play at Carondelet Park that afternoon, but consented to supply a substitute for that meeting and appear at the mass meeting at Forest Park.

Capt. John Andrews, stationed at Jefferson Barracks, will be grand marshal of the parade assisted by a staff of 10 other officers. The foreign society has appointed one of its members to act as assistant to the marshal and also a marshal of their particular division. The following have been appointed:

French: Eugène Félix and Julian Zopff; Russian: Michael M. Kupetz and Michael Lischik; Rumania: Theodore Rulan and John Rusu; Jugoslavia: Sime Sinovicek and Josip Sokol; Italian: Joseph Freschi; Charles Ravarino and John Randazzo for the Roman Legion of America; John Peleuso and Dr. Cataldi for the Daughters of Roman Legion of America; and Rev. P. Pasciuto for the Societies; Chinese: Leong Gee, Leong Wah and Tom; Jewish: Walter Freund, Polak; T. H. Sonnenberg and Father Károly; Hungarian: Dr. Julius Backy and Julius Benkó.

Park Commissioner Claffill will erect a platform at the foot of Art Hill to seat approximately 250 people. The mass meeting will be opened by flag raising, attended by the usual ceremony. "The Star-Spangled Banner" and "America" will be sung and a speaker of national repute will deliver the principal address.

Among the choral societies invited to participate are: Ibuse Singing Society, Lurin Singing Society, Apollo Club Choral Society and Knights of Columbus Choral Society.

**Alley Flags in Parade.**

Besides the American flag, the flags of the recognized allied nations will be permitted in the parade. Leaders of foreign organizations were at first almost unanimous in their decision to allow nothing but the American flag, but decided otherwise when President Johnson announced that in accordance with the general practice to be followed elsewhere in such celebrations, the flags of the allies would be welcome in the parade.

Nations whose flags will be permitted in the parade are:

At war with Germany: Serbia, Russia, France, Great Britain, Montenegro, Japan, Belgium, Italy, San Marino, Portugal, Greece, United States, Cuba, Panama, Siam, Siberia, China, Brazil, Guatemala, Nicaragua, Costa Rica.

Diplomatic relations broken with Germany: Bolivia, Haiti, Ecuador, Uruguay, Honduras, Peru.

**Public Service Board Not to Issue Permits for Heavy Fireworks.**

Although the ordinances authorizing the use of small fireworks, caps and lesser noisemaking devices for the Fourth of July, the Board of Public Service this year, as last, will not issue permits for heavier fireworks or explosives. Secretary Findly announced yesterday. This policy will be followed by the board during the war.

"Since the Government took charge of the manufacture, storage, sale and use of explosives and their constituents, Director of Public Safety

MARINES RECOVERING IN HOSPITAL IN FRANCE



## TWO ST. LOUIS MARINES WRITE OF BEING SHOT

John Steele Received Five Wounds, Clarence Weismantel Three at Chateau-Thierry; Both Recovering Rapidly.

John M. Steele of 6320 Elm avenue, a member of the Sixth Regiment of the Marine Corps, has written to his sister, Miss Orra Steele, under date of June 11 that he stopped five German bullets and consequently found himself in the hospital. He added that he was not seriously wounded and that tons of German lead and steel failed to stop the rush of the marines. His name has not yet appeared in the casualty list.

He is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Elmer E. Steele and is 23 years old. He formerly was a long-distance swimmer, taking part in A. A. A. and Western Rowing Club endurance contests. He enlisted in June, 1917. His letter follows:

"Yep—I got between five Fritz balls and where they were going. I think the 'jarpins' must have stopped 100 tons of machine-gun bullets and shrapnel. Didn't stop them (the marines), in fact the German fire didn't even slow up the 'jarpins' results. Fritz is about four miles closer home than he was before we took this smash at him. The U. S. Marines here have made 'em take notice since we hit the front lines; guess you know that. We are getting the big head—guess I had better quit talking about the U. S. M. C."

"I am not seriously wounded and will be as good as new in a few weeks. Everything is fine as far as I can be at the hospital—going to be more like a vacation than being sick. After I get a little of the stiffness out of me."

"Elise Janis is showing off for the boys this afternoon. I have to stay in bed. See the show some other time."

"Going to 'Knock off' for this time. Want you to keep the folks spirit up. Tell them I'm not worrying a bit and don't want them to worry—nothing to worry about."

**Urriola Issues Protest.**

The action was again presented to Washington. Urriola last night issued a statement, in which he said he did not wish now to characterize the act of the United States as unjustifiable, and declared his forces could maintain order. In his protest cabled to President Wilson, he says, "I protest against this interference, which violates the sovereignty of Panama without any justification, inasmuch as the Government of Panama has sufficient means to maintain public order in these cities. I decline to bear in mind the development of the struggle for human liberty, and to consider the duties, as well as the rights, of Americans, both native-born and foreign-born."

Urriola's protest was received by the Four-Minute Men, who are to publish it in the "Four-Minute Men" paper, which is being circulated, that the Four-Minute Men are paid for their speeches.

None of the speakers receives any pay, and the only salaries paid are to clerical help at the headquarters.

**SOLDIERS CAN GIVE ADDRESSES**

Correspondence of the Associated Press.

PARIS, June 29.—American soldiers and officers stationed at posts behind the front may reveal their whereabouts to friends and relatives at home, according to a new ruling.

They may indicate freely that they are at Tours or at other behind-the-line posts and may have their mail sent to them.

The action was taken under article 7 of the treaty of 1904. This article provides that if in the judgment of the United States the neutrality of Panama is not able to maintain order at the terminal cities of Panama and Colon, our Government

will not go on.

It is still forbidden, however, to send to America or anywhere else for that matter, any picture post-cards of the places where the troops are stationed. The base censor does not feel like taking a chance on sending out photographs that might get into German hands.

**Nurses Are Proud of Us.**

"I am stationed in a real city, in a real hospital with real nurses, and oh, how proud they are of us. There isn't a thing they wouldn't do for us."

"The marines have won their title. They checked one of the biggest drives pulled off in the war, and then counter-attacked and recaptured a town. I was about 100 yards from the town, ready to go in, when I was shot; but one bullet could not stop me then, so I went on and received two more wounds. I was so badly wounded I could not go on."

"I was lying in the German lines, when right beside me lay a small,istic cane, hand-carved. It is a souvenir from one of the Huns, and I carried it through with me until here, and I shall check it some place until I get ready to go back to the States."

"Now, mother dear, don't worry, because I am one of the lucky ones, to come out the way I did. Some came out with only one leg, one arm, and some did not come out at all. I at least have all my bones together. And if we keep on doing this way you can expect us home in a couple of months."

**Free Drug Sale**

Also combination sale; pay regular price, add 4¢ or get one free as indicated below at KEIFFER'S, Broadway and Franklin. Sale and Double Eagle Stamps Monday only.

**ONE FREE WITH EACH**

**FREE DRUGS**

**SALE**

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Our Motto: PUBLICITY, PROGRESS, PROFITS!

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## ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Houses, Homes, Real Estate  
Finance and Markets

PART FOUR

ST. LOUIS, SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 30, 1918.

PAGES 1-8B

SITES FOR MANY  
INDUSTRIES BOUGHT  
DURING PAST WEEK

Further Upbuilding of Northwest St. Louis Factory District to Follow Closing of Several Deals.

RETAIL INTERESTS  
SEEKING QUARTERS

Negotiations With Department Store for Large Space in Arcade Building Said to Have Collapsed.

By Berry Moore.

Agreements have been concluded for the purchase of several sites in Northwest St. Louis and adjacent to Mill Creek Valley for large manufacturing plants to be erected in the early future, and negotiations are underway to obtain control of advantageous Broadway and Washington avenue frontage to provide certain retail interests with extensive quarters.

These were the notable developments during the week in the manufacturing and business centers of the St. Louis realty market. They are significant in view of the fact that in each instance plans for expansion or for the launching of new and important enterprises are revealed.

A tract of seven or eight acres on the west line of Marcus avenue, situated several hundred feet north of the Belt Line of the Terminal Railway Association, according to realty circles, has been purchased by wealthy interests. It adjoins the northwest corner of Marcus avenue and the Belt Line, the site of the Heine Safety Boiler Works, which presumably is the purchaser.

This site was owned by one Winkelman, whose house stands on the tract, which otherwise is unimproved. It is attractive as a manufacturing location by virtue of its terminal facilities. The supposition is that the land has been obtained to admit of extension of the boiler works.

Second Large Site in Deal.

Another important acquisition involves a tract along Euclid avenue, in the North End, but the identity of the interested parties will not be divulged for awhile, the files in the transaction not having been executed. This tract, which also has superior shipping facilities, has been obtained as a site for a plant of large capacity.

The sites acquired are adjacent to the 105 acres at the northwest corner of Natural Bridge road and Union boulevard, recently purchased by the General Motors Co. at a cost of \$550,000. The latter purchase, which was made as a result of overtures by R. King Kaufman, vice-president of the Mercantile Trust Co., was in contemplation of the erection of an automobile assembling plant, to cost \$3,000,000. The deeds conveying this site to the General Motors Co. will be delivered the ensuing week, and construction of the proposed plant is expected to proceed without further delay.

Subsequent developments show the stimulus imparted to growth of an industrial character in the northwestern part of the city as a result of the decision of the General Motors Co. to build in this locality on an extensive scale.

Details will not be forthcoming at once as to the purchase on the north side of Mill Creek Valley, other than to state that it has been confirmed and foreshadows the erection of a mammoth plant, according to real estate agents.

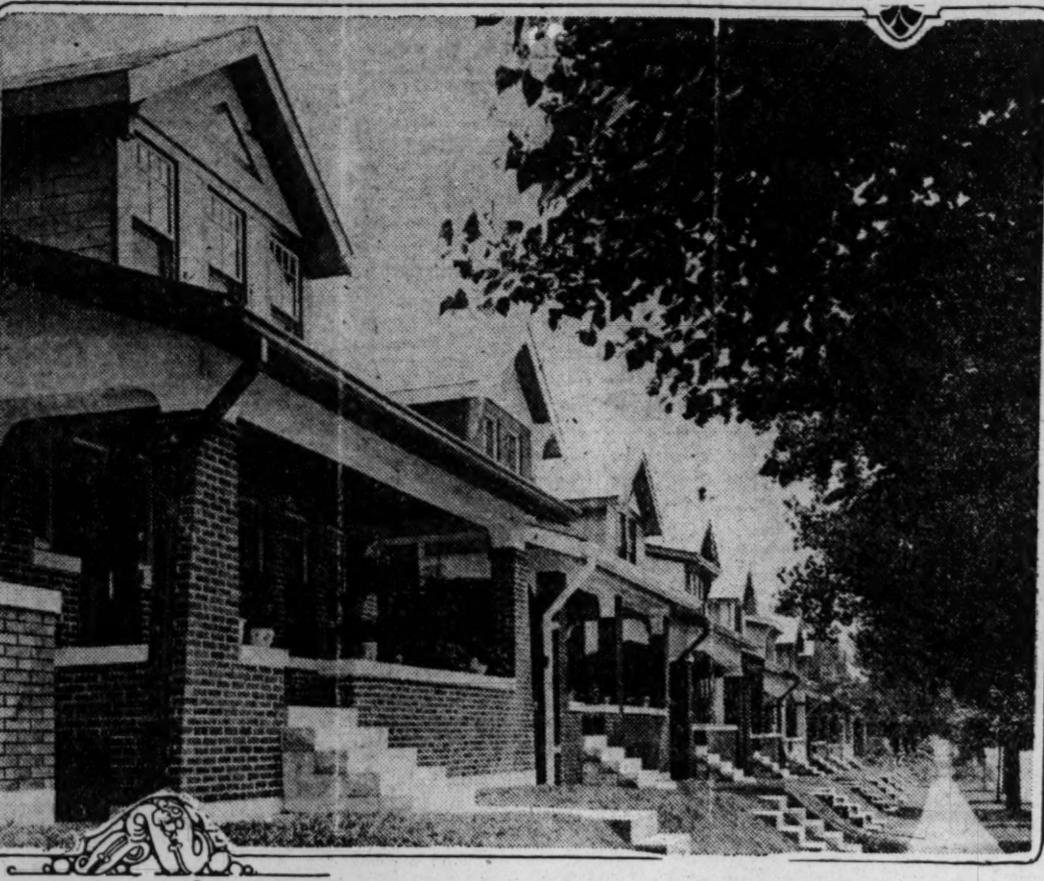
Big Retail Projects Under Way.

The Broadway and Washington avenue frontage referred to in the foregoing wanted for undeveloped retail interests of great potential development, according to the street. There are many leases to be secured in this connection, and negotiations probably will hang fire for some time.

Negotiations which provided for the occupancy by a local department store of the first seven stories and basement of the Arcade Building, under construction at the southwest corner of Eighth and Olive streets, have collapsed. It was learned yesterday from an authoritative source, that they had been ravished with outside interests, which have been attracted by the Eighth and Olive streets proposition.

The St. Louis realty market was flushed by several especially bulky sales or trades of residential holdings, embracing principally apartment structures in the West End. Through deals of this type many old homes are being unloaded, they are given in part payment. Par-

## New Homes on Humphrey Street Popular With Buyers



CHARLES S. MUERI, the builder, has constructed a row of eight attractive bungalows on Humphrey street between Russell place and Oak Hill avenue. Six of these homes have been disposed of, the indications being that the remaining two will not be on the market long.

Each building has three rooms on the first floor and three on the second, with closets in all the rooms, which are finished with hardwood floors and Colonial beamed ceilings. Marble sinks have been installed in each instance, while brick porches, extending across the entire fronts, form a distinct feature. There has been installed in each building a vapor heating plant, which is peculiarly suited to this climate and which distributes the maximum amount of heat at a minimum of cost.

Other attractive features are sleeping porches, built-in bookcases, gas heaters, screens, fixtures and shades.

The lots are 33x125 feet each. The location is in the 4000 block.

Mueri has built 49 homes of this type on this street, and in each superior workmanship and modern architecture prevail. All the buildings have been sold at specially low prices and on easy terms.

thirty years ago the neighborhood of Seventh and Spruce streets, according to residents of that day, was a typical slum, inhabited mostly by squatters or negroes. Prior to that time this was the site of the Chouteau Pond, which, according to surveys, was an extensive sheet of water, and the old bottom of soft mud and debris still remains to trouble those who seek to use the soil for building foundations.

The merchants of that day found considerable difficulty in the handling of goods between their stores and river boats and railways. The warehouses, as a rule, were of primitive construction.

Robert S. Brookings was then a young man with strong inclinations toward building, and with a vision of future business development in St. Louis. He was convinced that business men could be induced to rent a better class of structures provided they were shown to effect a saving in time and money by eliminating a great part of the expense of hauling and handling of merchandise. He obtained the backing of his partner, Samuel Cupples, a merchant, who made of a considerable tract of this waste land, which was situated close to the mouth of the Eads tunnel and which thus was convenient to all of the railroads then entering the city.

The initial building was then planned for the southwest corner of Seventh and Spruce streets, which was to consist of eight warehouses, or stores, suitable for wholesale trade in groceries or heavy goods. This building was to be 125 feet wide and 490 feet long, fronting on Seventh street and eight stories in height. It was to be provided with a shipping platform in the rear, common to all the tenants, with spur tracks entering the basement story, so that goods might be handled directly from the freight cars and distributed throughout the building by elevators for each tenant.

The structure of massive brick walls and wood floor frames of heavy posts and beams exposed to view was adopted for the building which formed the nucleus of the present Cupples system of warehouses and which has served as the model for similar development in other cities.

The development of the Cupples system was rapid. The shipping platform was developed into a freight handling station, and the plant now includes 44 buildings, containing 2,000,000 square feet of floor space and served by shipping platforms of 125,000 square feet each.

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**LIVE IN HI-POINTE**  
AND LET YOUR CHILDREN PLAY IN  
**FOREST PARK**  
JUST ACROSS THE STREET

Subdivision Office—Bell, Benton 480.  
Open Evenings Until Dark.

**BROADWAY SAVINGS TRUST CO., Agent**  
BROADWAY AND LUCAS AV.

**WILL EXCHANGE**

4112-14 LAFAYETTE AVENUE

New double flat of 3 rooms, kitchenette, breakfast room, sun parlor, screened sleeping porch, this bath, furnace, hardwood floors, electric fixtures, shades, screen, etc. This flat is well built and arranged very nicely. Owner would accept other property in exchange as part payment.

**Anderson-Stooke-Buermann Realty Co.,**  
Main 4595. 808 CHESTNUT ST. Central 202.

**Country Home**

BUSS HOMESTEAD

Your chance to buy a beautiful, well-built and well-kept country home. Well-constructed 9-room, hot-water heated residence, large bath, fine closets, high, dry basement; large garage; with 10 acres or more if desired; covered with trees and shrubs of all kinds. Being sold to close estate. Located on Hord Av., Woodland, St. Louis County; drive west on Florissant Av. to Jennings.

Ask for Buss Homestead.

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Broadway and Lucas Av.

**BUILDING MATERIAL**

LUMBER—For sale 150' 500'; brick, 300,000. 1604 S. Compton. ALL kinds of wrecker material, cheap. Smith & Sons, 1200 S. Compton and Wreckers, 3505 Easton. Landell 2707.

WE HAVE at our yards a large stock of lumber, hardware, etc., for sale. We will ship to you at a trial order will easily convince you that we are the best. We have your money. Atton. Hoffa, Inc., 1804 N. Jefferson.

**ROOFING**

ANCHOR ROOFING CO. supplies or repairs any roof, 4406 Easton. Delmar 2707. Forest 1204. Metal 1020. All insurance. We guarantee any roof or gutter repair. Same address. T. C. Putney Roofing Co. Forest 1474. Delmar 19712.

**REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE**

BATFORD, 1204—Modern 5 and 6 room flat, 100' x 120', 100' front, 60' deep, for sale or trade. Box 822, P.D.

COTTAGE Wd.—For exchange, new modern 3-room single flat, 100' x 120', Box 640, Post-Dispatch.

FLAT OR COTTAGE Wd.—For exchange, single 4-room flat, 100' x 120', 100' front, 60' deep, Box 640, Post-Dispatch.

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FLAT OR COTTAGE Wd.—For exchange, single 4-room

## BUNGALOWS AND COTTAGES

## MISCELLANEOUS

**BUNGALOW**—For sale; beautiful modern 6-room, in Webster; cash or terms; it's a real bargainer. Box G-432, Post-Dispatch.

**BUNGALOW**—For sale; choice little home of an acre of ground; abundant young fruit trees; good house; good soil; owner has moved to St. Louis and offers it. Owner has low price; particular on very favorable terms. For full particulars, call. Would consider St. Louis property in trade.

**COTTAGE**—\$800 will buy this new cottage; \$300 cash, balance on easy monthly payment; will have bath; 4 rooms; 2-story; gas, heat and electric; concrete basement; in a good location; will be a good buy; for less than \$2500. DUNNINKEY R. CO., 312 Chestnut st. *Standard Classified Ads. Ed.*

## SOUTH

## BUNGALOWS AND COTTAGES

## SOUTH

**Muerri's LATEST BUNGALOWS** TOWER GROVE HEIGHTS

**COTTAGE**—For sale; beautiful modern 6-room, in Webster; cash or terms; it's a real bargainer. Box G-432, Post-Dispatch.

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## SOUTH

**COTTAGE**—For sale; 4038 Kaiser st.; modern 6-room; front porch; bath; gas, heat. (b) (c)

**MUNSTER**—1015—Frame house; 5 rooms; gas, water, yard. \$125. (b) (c)

**COTTAGE**—For sale; 4 rooms, bath, gas, heat, electric, front porch; 2-story; gas, heat. (b) (c)

**COTTAGE**—For sale; 7201 Pennsylvania; 1-story, 4 rooms, bath, gas, heat, electric, front porch; 2-story; gas, heat. (b) (c)

**COTTAGE**—For sale; 4142 Michigan; 1-story, brick; 6 rooms; all improvements. (c)

**COTTAGE**—For sale; brick; 5 rooms; bath; owner leaving town; bargain. \$470. (b) (c)

**COTTAGE**—For sale; 5-room, with furnace; gas, water, yard. \$125. (b) (c)

**COTTAGE**—For sale; 5 rooms, modern; gas, water, yard. \$125. (b) (c)

**COTTAGE**—For sale; 5 rooms, modern; gas, water, yard. \$125. (b) (c)

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## INDEX

Our Motto: PUBLICITY. PROGRESS. PROFITS!

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Terms  
\$1.50  
Weekly

## DEATHS

Death notices, first 6 lines or less, \$1; each extra line 50¢; memorials, etc., 25¢ per line.

BEZEDER—On Friday, June 28, 1918, at 1 p. m., William Meyer Bezeder of 101 North Fifteenth street, beloved husband, Pastel Beckel, father of Harry, Agee.

Funeral from Albert Harrel's Chapel, 2220 Union avenue, Sunday, June 30, at 2 p. m. (c)

BLAKEY—Entered into rest on Thursday, June 27, 1918, at 1 p. m., Mrs. George W. Nelson and children.

Funeral from Arthur J. Donnelly's funeral home, 2220 Union and Wash streets, on Monday, July 1, at 10 a. m., to Calvary Cemetery. (c)

DANA—Friday, June 28, 1918, at 10 a. m., Mrs. Anna Davis and Dana, mother of J. D. Dana and Payson Dana.

Funeral, Sunday, June 30, at 2 p. m., Brookline, Mass.

DIEZT—Entered into rest on Saturday, June 29, 1918, at 2:30 a. m., Dr. Adolph Dietz, aged 70 years, beloved brother of Mary Reiter (O'Connor) and the late Stephen Mor-

ge. Funeral will take place at Arthur J. Donnelly's funeral parlor, 2220 Union and Wash streets, on Monday, June 30, at 2 p. m., to Valhalla Cemetery. Friends are respectfully invited.

MOGLER—Entered into rest on Saturday, June 29, 1918, at 6:05 a. m., Mollie Mogler (nee Henze), widow of Frank M. Moller, dear mother of Dr. M. M. Moller, deceased sister and sister-in-law, after a lingering illness, aged 45 years.

Funeral on Sunday, June 30, at 1:30 p. m., from Ziegler Bros' Chapel, 1220 Union and Wash streets, to Frank K. Kell's Mortuary, 2000 North 31st and South Fourteenth street, to Friedens Cemetery. Motor. Deceased was a member of Anchor Home Council, 797, Knights and Ladies of Bremen, and Eagles.

FELDMANN—Entered into rest on Friday, June 28, 1918, at 4 p. m., with Fred, his beloved husband, of Minnie Feldmann, and our dear father, father-in-law, grandfather, at the age of 47 years.

Funeral from residence, 1522 Short street, Monday, July 1, at 2 p. m., to St. Peter's Cemetery. Friends and friends are invited. (c)

FENTON—Entered into rest on Friday, June 28, 1918, at 6:25 a. m., Patrick Fenton, beloved father of Theresa Fenton, stepfather of Fred Buddecker, and our dear father-in-law, grandfather, at the age of 60 years.

Funeral from Julius H. Schmitt's church, 1811 North 18th street, on Monday, July 1, at 1:30 p. m., to St. Peter's Cemetery. Friends and friends are invited. (c)

GARRETT—Entered into rest on Friday, June 28, 1918, at 7:15 p. m., Herman Schlueter, beloved husband of Caroline Schlueter (nee Kell), dear father of Mrs. Schlueter, son of Mrs. Schlueter (nee Schlueter), Lottie Herman Jr., Otto Schlueter, and our dear grandfather, father-in-law, at the age of 83 years.

Funeral on Tuesday, July 2, at 7:15 p. m., from the residence, 4218A Holly avenue, to Independent Evangelical Free church, 1811 North 18th street, to New Pickett Cemetery. Motor. (c)

GOLLMER—Entered into rest on Saturday, June 29, at 3:00 p. m., Lutitia Hatzfeld, beloved wife of Henry Hatzfeld, son of Dr. and Mrs. Clara E. Gillen, Edwin H. Beasie G., and Walter J. Hatzfeld, age 61 years, at residence, 2323 South Compton. Due notice of funeral will be given.

KELLY—On Saturday, June 28, 1918, at 2:30 p. m., Michael J. Kelly, son of our beloved father of Daniel, James M. Margaret J. and the late Mother Victoria, the late Dr. and Mrs. Clara E. Gillen, and Walter J. Hatzfeld, at the age of 64 years.

Funeral on Tuesday, July 2, at 2:30 p. m., from family residence, 306 Hampton avenue, Clayton, Mo., Monday, July 1, at 4 p. m., Interment.

GOLLMER—Entered into rest on Saturday, June 29, 1918, at 2:30 p. m., Oliver Klingler, beloved son of Jacob and Lillian Klingler (nee Rohrbach), and our dear grandchild and nephew, at the age of 5 years. (c)

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MAKER—  
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## BICYCLES AND MOTOR CYCLES

## WANTED

**BICYCLE** Wid.-Will trade 17-jewel Hampden watch for a 29-inch frame. 3222 Walter av., Maplewood.

**INDIAN SIDE CAR** Wid.-4747 Alabama, Vicksburg, Miss.

**MOTOR CYCLE** Wid.-For \$50. Write, call Sunday afternoon, Durkee, 2236, Biloxi.

**INDIAN CYCLE** Wid.-In very good condition. Grand 4442, St. Louis Arsenal st. (c)

**MOTOR CYCLE** For sale. 3-speed twin Indian. 1914. Trade frame side car. Cabany 3648, Pennsylvania.

**INDIAN CYCLE** Wid.-Harley Davidson. 1914. Trade frame side car. Cabany 3648, Pennsylvania.

**SIDE CAR BODY** Wid.-Any make Illinois Cycle Co., 910 State, at East St. Louis. St. Clair 10896.

## FOR SALE

**MOTOR CYCLE** For sale; boy's, largest size; new; cheap; also refrigerator. 3500 Flora.

**BICYCLES** For sale, \$10 and \$11; like new; new.

**BICYCLES** For sale. Lacledes. At condition. 1917 Harper st., St. Louis.

**BICYCLES** For sale, almost new. Phone 1917 Harper st., St. Louis.

**BICYCLES** For sale, with Shaw motor attachment. 555. 1920 S. 12th st.

**BICYCLE** For sale, best condition; big, bar.

**BICYCLES** For sale, size 24, also 28; best condition; great balloons. 1218 Main.

**BICYCLES** For sale, mud guards, coaster brake. 185. 1917 Main, 2000 California av.

**BICYCLE** For sale; coaster; good condition; 180. 1917 Sunday, 3600 Evans av.

**BICYCLES** For sale. 124. 1914. Trade frame.

**BICYCLES** For sale, two with coaster brakes; good condition. 124. 1914. Trade frame.

**BICYCLES** For sale, 20, 22 hand; 5 and up; 18, 20, 22, 24, 26. 1914. Trade frame.

**BICYCLES** For sale, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26. 1914. Trade frame.

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## AUTOMOBILES

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## TOURING CARS

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## TRUCKS

## AUTOMOBILES - MISCELLANEOUS

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## ACCESSORIES, PARTS, ETC.

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## AUTOMOBILE GEARS

## BOSCH MAGNETOS

## AUTOMOBILE GEARS

## We make transmission gears, have gears and gears for any car, and gears for

## any car, and gears for

## box wheels, box for food, etc.

## box wheels, box for food, etc.

## CASSINO AND CO., 1014 Locust.

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## DELIVERY BODIES - For sale, for Fords.

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## BODY - For sale, used food truck body.

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## BOX WHEELS - For food, etc.

## BOX WHEELS - For food, etc.

## CARS - For sale, 1918.

## CARS - For sale, 1918.

## CARTON - For sale, 1918.

GREATEST WANT MEDIUM IN THE WORLD. More "Want" Ads in 1,500,000 READERS!

SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 30, 1918.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

## BOATS AND LAUNCHES

BOAT—For sale, 30 feet long; cheap. 141 Amherst, near Wells.

ENGINE—For sale, 200 h. p. marine, also dynamo, 2200. Part of.

ENGINE—For sale, 2-cylinder, 2-cycle boat engine, fine condition. 334 Markham.

ENGINE—For sale, 2-cylinder, 2-cycle boat engine, fine condition. 334 Markham.

LAUNCH BOATS—For sale, fine lot. 410 St. George, Monday 10 a. m.

LAUNCH Wd.—State condition, location and price. Box D-117, Post-Dispatch.

## SAFES

SAFES—New and secondhand. John Bassett Safe Co. 4th and St. Charles. (808)

SAFES—For sale, large, \$350; cash register. \$50; call Sunday, 4006 St. Louis. (808)

LAUNCH—For sale, 20 feet long; 2-cylinder, 5 h. p. motor. 1000. (808)

LAUNCH HULL—For sale, 18 ft. by 4 ft.; new; finally finished; \$20; bargain. 5472 Elmwood.

LAUNCH Wd.—Will trade 20 boats, last of the encyclopedias. 243 Brynnier, for same. Edwards, 18th and Arsenal.

MARINE ENGINES—For sale, new. Crescent and rebuilt; crank shaft, coils, propellers, etc. 110 N. Broadway.

MOTOR BOAT—For sale or trade: 20 ft. 10 in. Ethelmar. 1714 Central. (808)

GOOD GASOLINE BOAT—Owner gone to know. 1525 Kinsman.

LAUNCH—For sale, and hulls; cheap. 3800 S. Main, 4th.

LAUNCH—For sale, 23 feet long; 2-cylinder, 5 h. p. motor. 1000. (808)

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## 363 ST. LOUISANS IN FIRST BARRACKS GROUP

Four-Day Movement, Beginning Next Friday, Will Put 3912 Men in Army.

The names of 363 St. Louisans selected by six local ward boards to be sent to Jefferson Barracks on the four-day period beginning next Friday, were announced yesterday. This movement is the first of two announced for the ensuing month, which will take a total of 3912 men from the city. The second movement will begin July 15.

The wards which announced their selections are the First, Second, Sixth, Ninth, Eleventh and Twelfth.

Following are the names:

**FIRST WARD.**  
CASEY, ARTHUR J.  
COLE, JOHN H.  
HATTON, JOHN S.  
KLEINE, JOHN H.  
MILLER, JOHN H.  
GASSER, ALBERT F.  
BLINDLAW, EVERETT F.  
KOHN, CLARENCE L.  
WILLMERRING, EDWARD H.  
MELDEGEN, MARTIN.  
Koch, John  
Koch, Julius  
WEHMEYER, Roy  
PEARCE, JOHN JOSEPH  
BAEUMKER, GEORGE  
SCHAFFER, ALBERT E.  
TRINGL, JOHN H.  
DIEKERNER, FRANK A.  
REINSTEIN, WILLIAM H.  
WILSON, FRED W.  
MILLER, CHARLES A.  
SCHUETTE, BEN.  
PELKE, HENRY

LAVAN, FELIX

SHERMAN, ABRAHAM

KRUG, WILLIAM JR.

MURPHY, ANDREW J.

LAMKEMEYER, JOHN A.

WINCHELL, VIRGIL F.

SCHNELLER, FRANK

KRAEFT, OSCAR J.

KESLER, WILLIAM A.

KREKULKA, TONY

HADER, ANTHONY

MAZZEL, ALFRED

TUMLER, ELMER H.

SCHWEITZER, ALEXANDER J.

LACEY, CLAUDE D.

OBREK, GEORGE H.

EVANS, GILBERT G.

HAMIL, DAVID M.

SCHONLICH, JOSEPH

WYATT, CHARLES J.

KAMMERMEYER, CHARLES J.

KARR, VICTOR

PERKINS, RAYMOND E.

PEVELD, LEO C.

PEYER, MILES H. M.

TAYLOR, HAROLD J.

**SECOND WARD.**

LASPE, AUGUST GEORGE, 3362 Parnell, 1st St.

GOEBEL, WALTER, 2007A Main

GUTHRIE, EUGENE W., 3026A N. 20th

RUEHL, RICHARD W., 1404A Newhouse

REINHOLD, JULIA, 1210 Branch

FEENEY, HENRY W., 3515 N. 11th

KNIEST, PETER, 3079 N. 23rd

GOETZ, JULIUS H., 1507 Newbern

TRAUTMAN, GEORGE EDWARD, 3245

KRABE, WILLIAM G., 4009 N. 23rd

DAVISON, PIERCE, 2210 Festalozzi

SHAW, CHARLES, 1206 Newhouse

KOHNING, WALTER, 1210 Branch

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KRABE, WILLIAM G., 4009 N. 23rd

DAVISON, PIERCE, 2210 Festalozzi

SHAW, CHARLES, 1206 Newhouse

KOHNING, WALTER, 1210 Branch

FEENEY, HENRY W., 3515 N. 11th

KNIEST, PETER, 3079 N. 23rd

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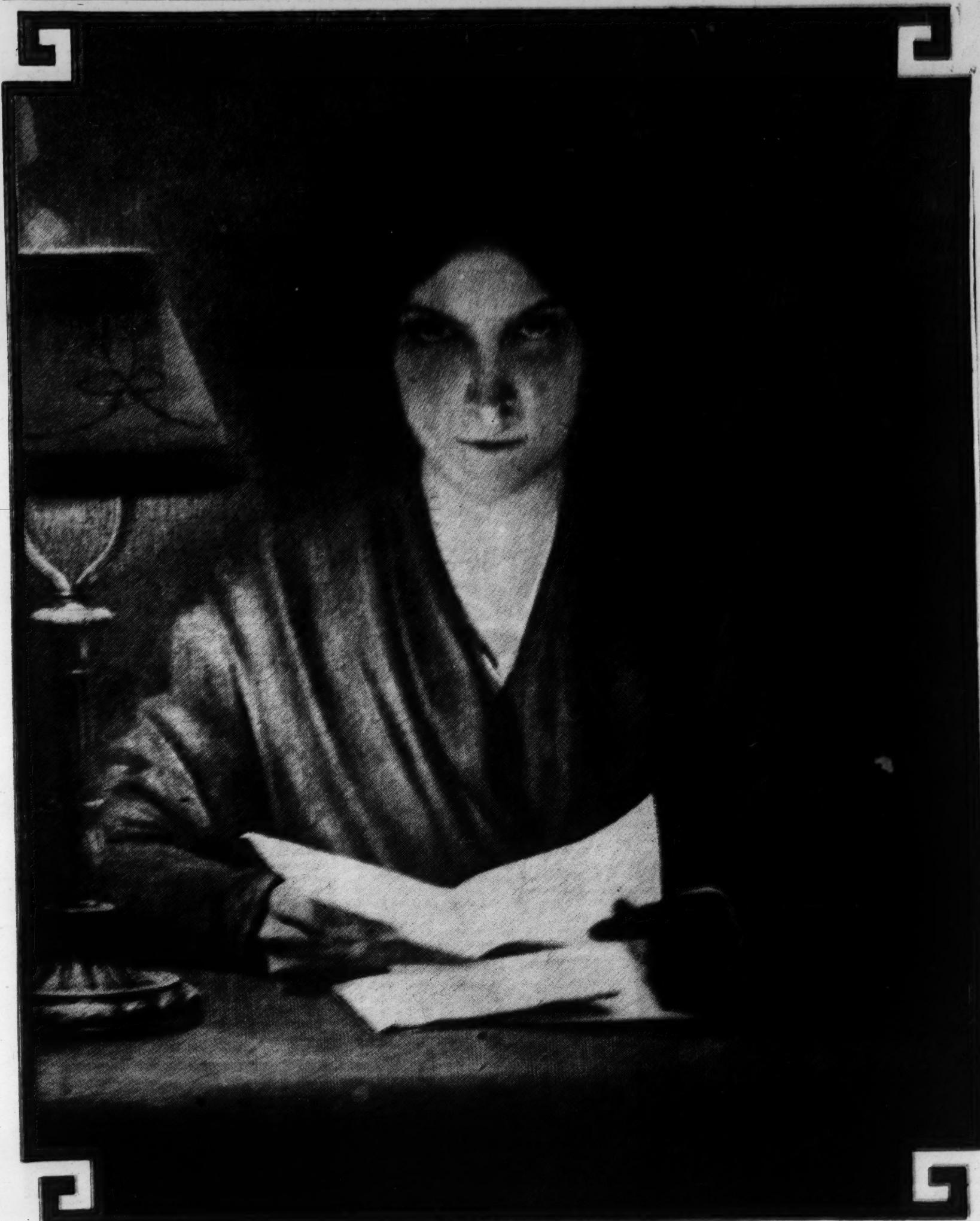
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# The POST-DISPATCH SUNDAY MAGAZINE

ST. LOUIS, MO., JUNE 30, 1918.



**"THE LAST LETTER"**...One of the notable paintings at the Paris Salon this Spring--  
By Paul Alizard

*Letter post is slower than the telegraph. Perhaps that very morning she had read his name among the casualties. And now the mail has brought the last words he will ever pen to her.*





*A world strange beyond the wildest freak of imagination, a world of fantastic nightmare people.*

## Fabre's Last Visions of Insect Life

HERE is a world strange beyond the wildest freak of imagination, a world of fantastic nightmare people, of monstrous, grotesque customs, a world to sate the most ardent lover of the odd, the fondest devotee of paradox. They are a weird tribe, with horror and drollery mingled; revealing the craziest reverions of our accustomed notions; they are nature's bewildering manifestation of her queerest mystery, instinct. Our astonishing folk are at the same time very well known and scarcely known at all. They are the insects.

Not long ago died Jean Henri Fabre, the greatest of entomologists. His own life was a study. Until his eightieth year he struggled in poverty and obscurity, wrestling with adversity to carry on monumental observations of insect life. Then suddenly the world opened its eyes and hailed a great man. Well into the shadows, Fabre felt the warming ray of fortune when he had not long to enjoy it. But he had done great work, had opened the great world of insect life.

His last book, "The Wonders of Instinct," is of time-marking quality. It gives us flashes of vision into the phantasmal circle, much to divert, to astonish and confound. For pathetic absurdity take the pine caterpillar.

This worthy is a poorly endowed creature. Its only dependable sense is that of touch, and in its travels the pine caterpillar must fall back on that sense in finding its way home. When leaving it spins a minute thread on the ground behind it. The insects travel in numbers in precisely the same path, wherever they go, their accumulated threads forming a silken pathway by which to return. "They proceed in single file, in a continuous row, each touching with its head the rear of the one in front of it. The complex twists and turns described in his vagaries by the caterpillar leading the van are scrupulously described by all the others. No Greek theorist winding its way to the Eleusinian festivals was ever more orderly." This curious procession is the pine caterpillar's usual mode of travel.

Two fundamental instincts of dull creatures are: Follow the thread and follow the leader. Some results of this caterpillar logic are extraordinary.

Fabre contrived to get a procession onto the rim of a vase, destroying the thread leading thereto. The procession was just long enough to make a complete circle of caterpillars around the rim. Thus the silken thread which they would follow was a complete circle, and as every caterpillar had another in front of him, each was leader and follower at the same time. "The circular procession begins on Jan. 30. The caterpillars march at an even pace, each touching the stern of the one in front of him. The unbroken chain eliminates the leader with his changes of directions; and all follow mechanically, as faithful to their circle as are the hands of a watch. And this continues for hours and hours. My success goes beyond my wildest suspicions. I stand amazed at it."

These worms continued their processional orgy for eight days, and only avoided marching themselves to death by accidentally straying from the rim. Stupidity hath her marvels no less than intelligence.

What force directs the strange imbecility or often the demoniac cunning of this neither world of insects? It is instinct. What then is instinct? Fabre does not pretend to answer; or, rather, he baffles

Famous scientist's final book gives glimpses into phantasmal world where atrocity, self-sacrifice, imbecility and sagacity are mingled as in a nightmare — The spider and her telephone, the wasp and her surgical skill, the amorous antics of wild bees, the tarantula's mother-love and the cannibalism of the Praying Mantis — What is instinct? Still an enigma

those who would, baffles them with a surfeit of amazing and confounding facts.

The great capricorn (*Cerambyx Miles*) is a large, fine beetle, but the larva from which it develops is the lowest sort of worm-like thing. The larva's sole claims to distinction are its foresight, astonishing in face of its physical abasement, and the strong jaw with which it burrows through the tough trunk of the oak. It bores and bores, digesting the innutritious wood until its time of transfiguration comes. It



*A weird tribe, with horror and drollery mingled.*

changes into a beetle inside the tree. But its tunnel is only as large as its own small self, and the beetle will be large, so with prudent prescience it hews a proper chamber for its future self, cuts an opening—for its future self will not be able to cut oak-lines the chamber with soft down, considering its future tender skin, and finally lies waiting with its head toward the opening, for the future beetle in its stiff armor will never be able to maneuver in the restricted space and will not be clever enough to emerge backward. This wretched worm "knows the future with clear vision, or behaves as if he knew it. Whence did it derive the motives of its actions? This senseless creature fills us with amazement."

The empusa and the praying mantis are almost identical, and yet very different. Both are long-legged, fantastic killers, armed with fearful weapons. But the empusa, unlike the mantis, has a small appetite. She kills a cabbage butterfly. "Only the head and upper portion of the breast are devoured; the rest—the plump abdomen, the best part of the thorax, the legs, and, lastly, of course, the wing stumps—is flung aside untouched. Does this mean that the tenderest and most succulent morsels are chosen? No, for the belly is certainly more juicy, and the empusa refuses it, though she eats up her house fly to the last particle. It is a stratagem of war. I am again in the presence of a neck specialist as expert as the mantis in the art of swiftly slaying a victim that struggles, and in struggling spoils the meal.

"Once warned, I soon perceive that the game, be it fly, locust or grasshopper, is always struck in the neck from behind. The first bite is aimed at the point containing the



*"Clutching a telephone wire with a toe, the spider listens with her leg."*

cervical ganglia, and produces sudden death or immobility. She goes nibbling around the original attacking point. In this way the butterfly's head and upper part of the breast are disposed of. By that time the huntress is surfeited; she wants so little!"

The almost identical mantis is a glutton and a cannibal. After the marriage the female kills and devours the male. No such ghastly horror is known to the empusa. The abstemious empusae do not kill or eat each other. "Unknown are the tragic nuptials. The male is enterprising and assiduous and is subject to long trial before succeeding. For days and days he worries his mate, who ends by yielding. Due decorum is preserved after the wedding. The feathered groom retires, respected by his bride, and does his little bit of hunting without danger of being apprehended and gobbled up."

"The mantis goes in for battle and cannibalism; the empusa is peaceable and respects her kind. To what are these profound moral difference due, when the organic structure is the same? \* \* \* Where does one derive her voracious appetite and the other her temperate ways, when it should seem as though their almost identical structure ought to produce an identity of needs? These insects tell us in their fashion what many have already told us; that propensities and aptitudes do not depend exclusively on anatomy; high above the physical laws that govern matter are other laws that govern instincts."

The ingenuity of the spider and her web are generally admired, but very imperfectly known. The minute wonders of the web pass human imitation, and one species, the *speira*, has a sort of telegraphic system of communication. As the spider sits in a crevice in the ground during the day, a thread is suspended from the center of the net to the lair and is attached to the spider's foot. An insect gets into the net. The shaking is transmitted down the line to the eager wailer, who hastens dinnerwise, snares the victim further, safely poisons and then eats it.

"The web is often shaken by the wind. The different parts of the framework, tossed and teased, cannot fail to transmit their vibrations to the signaling thread. Nevertheless, the spider does not quit her hut, but remains indifferent to the commotion prevailing in the net. The line is therefore something better than a bell rope that pulls and communicates the impulse given. It is a telephone, capable, like our own, of transmitting infinitesimal waves of sound. Clutching a telephone wire with a toe, the spider listens with her leg; she perceives the innermost vibrations; she distinguishes between the vibration proceeding from a prisoner and the mere shaking of the wind."

Take the hunting wasps. They are "wonderfully well versed in the art of wielding the lancet; they astound us with their surgical methods, which they seem to have learned from some physiologist, who allows nothing to escape him." Another species of wasp builds masterly houses for its offspring. "Among bits of gravel employed for the outer covering grains of quartz predominate. They are polished and translucent; they glitter and they please the eye. A yet more remarkable feature—we find often encrusted on

*(Continued on Page 10.)*



*"The lady responds to their advances by clashing her mandibles, and the suitors forthwith fall back."*

## The Spring of a Lion

(Continued from Page 7.)

suddenly I went blind—a bit of reed-ash had drifted into my right eye. I danced and rubbed, and got it more or less clear just in time to see the tail of the last lion vanishing around the bushes up the kloof.

"If ever a man was mad, I was that man. It was too bad; and such a shot in the open, too! However, I was not going to be beaten, so I just turned and marched for the kloof. Tom, the driver, begged and implored me not to go, but though as a general rule I never pretended to be very brave (which I am not), I was determined that I would either kill those lions or they should kill me. So I told Tom that he need not come unless he liked, but I was going; and being a plucky fellow, a Swazi by birth, he shrugged his shoulders, muttered that I was mad or bewitched, and followed doggedly in my tracks.

"We soon got to the kloof, which was about 300 yards in length and but sparsely wooded, and then the real fun began. There might be a lion behind every bush—there certainly were four lions somewhere; the delicate question was where. I peeped and poked and looked in every possible direction, with my heart in my mouth, and was at last rewarded by catching a glimpse of something yellow moving behind a bush. At the same moment, from another bush opposite me out burst one of the cubs and galloped back toward the burnt-out pan. I whipped round and let drive a snap shot that tipped him head over heels, breaking his back within two inches of the root of the tail, and there he lay, helpless but glaring. Tom afterward killed him with his assegai. I opened the breech of the gun and hurriedly pulled out the old case, which, to judge from what ensued, must, I suppose, have burst and left a portion of its fabric sticking to the barrel. At any rate, when I tried to get in the new case, it would only enter half way, and, would you believe it? this was the moment that the lioness, attracted, no doubt, by the outcry of her cub, chose to put in an appearance. There she stood, 20 paces or so from me, lashing her tail, and looking just as wicked as it is possible to conceive. Slowly, I stepped backward, trying to push in the new case, and as I did so, she moved on in little runs, dropping down after each run. The danger was imminent, and the case would not go in. At the moment I oddly enough thought of the cartridge maker, whose name I will not mention, and earnestly hoped that if the lion got me, some condign punishment would overtake him. It would not go in, so I tried to pull it out. It would not come out, either, and my gun was useless if I could not shut it to use the other barrel. I might as well have had no gun. Meanwhile I was walking backward, keeping my eye on the lioness, who was creeping forward on her belly without a sound, but lashing her tail and keeping her eye on me; and in it I saw that she was coming in a few seconds more. I dashed my wrist and the palm of my hand against the brass rim of the cartridge till the blood poured from them—look, there are the scars of it to this day!"

Here Quatermain held up his right hand to the light and showed us seven or eight white cicatrices just where the wrist is set into the hand.

"But it was not of the slightest use," he went on; "the cartridge would not move. I only hope that no other man will ever be put in such an awful position. The lioness gathered herself together, and I gave myself up for lost, when suddenly Tom shouted out from somewhere in my rear:

"You are walking on to the wounded cub; turn to the right."

"I had the sense, dazed as I was, to take the hint, and slewed round at right angles, but still keeping my eyes on the lioness, I continued my backward walk.

"To my intense relief, with a low growl she straightened herself, turned, and bounded off further up the kloof.

"Come on, Inkoos," said Tom, "let's get back to the wagon."

"All right, Tom," I answered. "I will when I have killed those three other lions." For by this time I was bent on shooting them as I never remember being bent on anything before or since. "You can go if you like, or you can get up a tree."

"He considered the position a little, and then he very wisely got up a tree. I wish I had done the same.

"Meanwhile, I had got out my knife, which had an extractor in it, and succeeded, after some difficulty, in hauling out the case which had so nearly been the cause of my death, and removing the obstruction in the barrel. It was very little thicker than a postage stamp; certainly not thicker than a piece of writing paper. This done, I loaded my gun, bound my handkerchief round my wrist and hand to stanch the flowing of the blood and started on again.

"I had noticed that the lioness went into a thick green bush, or rather cluster of bushes, growing near the water, for there was a little stream running down the kloof, about 50 yards higher up, and for this I made. When I got there, however, I could see nothing, so I took up a big stone and threw it into the bushes. I believe that it hit the other cub, for out it came with

a rush, giving me a broadside shot, of which I promptly availed myself, knocking it over dead. Out, too, came the lioness, like a flash of light, but quick as she went, I managed to put the other bullet into her ribs, so that she rolled right over three times, like a shot rabbit. I instantly got two more cartridges into the gun, and as I did so, the lioness got up again and came crawling toward me on her forepaws, roaring and groaning, and with such an expression of diabolical fury on her countenance as I have not often seen. I shot her again through the chest, and she fell over on to her side quite dead.

"That was the first and last time that I ever killed a brace of lions right and left, and, what is more, I never heard of anybody else doing it. Naturally, I was considerably pleased with myself, and, having again loaded up, went on to look for the black-maned beauty which had killed Kaptein. Slowly and with the greatest care I proceeded up the kloof, searching every bush and tuft of grass as I went. It was wonderfully exciting work, for I never was sure from one moment to another but that he would be on me. I took comfort, however, from the reflection that a lion rarely attacks a man—rarely, I say; sometimes he does, as you will see—unless he is cornered or wounded. I must have been nearly an hour hunting after the lion. Once I thought I saw something move in a clump of tembouki grass, but I could not be sure, and when I trod out the grass I could not find him.

"At last I got up to the head of the kloof, which made a cul-de-sac. It was formed of a wall of rock about 50 feet high. Down this rock trickled a little waterfall, and in front of it, some 75 feet from its face, was a great piled-up mass of boulders, in the crevices and on the top of which grew ferns and grass and stunted bushes. This mass was about 75 feet high. The sides of the kloof here were also very steep. Well, I got up to the top of the nullah and looked all around. No signs of the lion. Evidently I had either overlooked him further down, or he had escaped right away. It was very vexatious; but still, three lions were not a bad bag for one gun before dinner, and I was fain to be content. Accordingly, I departed back again, making my way round the isolated pillar of boulders, and beginning to feel that I was pretty well done up with excitement and fatigue, and should be more so before I had skinned those three lions. When I had got, as nearly as I could judge, about 18 yards past the pillar of boulders, I turned to have another look round. I have a pretty sharp eye, but I could see nothing at all.

"Then, on a sudden, I saw something sufficiently alarming. On the top of the mass of boulders opposite me, standing out clear against the rocks beyond, was the huge, black-maned lion. He had been crouching there, and now arose as though by magic. There he stood, lashing his tail, just like a statue of the animal on the gateway of Northumberland House that I have seen a picture of. But he did not stand long. Before I could fire—before I could do more than get the gun to my shoulder—he sprang straight up and out from the rock, and, driven by the impetus of that one mighty bound, came hurtling through the air toward me.

"Heavens! how grand he looked, and how awful! High into the air he flew, describing a great arc. Just as he touched the highest point of his spring I fired. I did not dare to wait, for I saw that he would clear the whole space and land right upon me. Without a sight, almost without aim, I fired as one would fire snapshot at snipe. The bullet told, for I distinctly heard its thud above the rushing sound caused by the passage of the lion through the air. The next second I was swept to the ground (luckily I fell into the low, creeper-clad bush, which broke the shock), and the lion was on the top of me, and the next instant those great white teeth of his had met in my thigh—I heard them grate against the bone. I yelled out in agony, for I did not feel in the least benumbed and happy, like Dr. Livingstone—whom, by the way, I knew very well—and gave myself up for dead.

But suddenly, as I did so, the lion's grip on my thigh loosened, and he stood over me, swaying to and fro, his huge mouth, from which the blood was gushing, wide open. Then he roared, and the sound shook the rocks.

To and fro he swung, and suddenly the great head dropped on me, knocking all the breath from my body, and he was dead. My bullet had en-

tered in the center of his chest and passed out on the right side of the spine, about half-way down the back.

"The pain of my wound kept me from fainting, and, as soon as I got my breath, I managed to drag myself from under him. Thank heavens, his great teeth had not crushed my thigh bone; but I was losing a great deal of blood, and had it not been for the timely arrival of Tom, with whose aid I got the handkerchief off my wrist and tied it round my leg, twisting it tight with a stick, I think I should have bled to death.

"Well, it was a just reward for my folly in trying to tackle a family of lions single-handed. The odds were too long. I have been lame ever since, and shall be till my dying day; in the month of March the wound always troubles me a great deal, and every three years it breaks out raw. I need scarcely add that I never traded the lot of ivory at Sikukuni's. Another man got it—a German—and made \$2500 out of it after paying expenses. I spent the next month on the broad of my back, and was a cripple for six months after that. And now I've told you the yarn, so I will have a drop of Hollands and go to bed."

(Copyright.)

## "Jess" Willard, Contented Farmer

(Continued From Page 5.)

some of his more interesting guests Mrs. Willard plays one of their two phonographs—the two, she explains, are one for the children and one for the grown-ups.

Aside from the champion and his wife, the chief attractions of the home are the pugilist's garden and his "middle son," Jess Jr. Jess Jr. is 4 years old, master of the front yard and assistant superintendent of the back-yard garden. He is also assistant milker when big Jess takes him to the barn. The little "pugilist," although his father insists that he is to be a farmer, finds his greatest amusement in the wild flowers that grow on the hills of the pasture. Each morning he pulls a bunch of "honey" clovers—the ordinary red field clover—for the dining room.

Mrs. Willard's main troubles come in her hoeing her small patch of corn. As soon as breakfast is over she hastens to the plot and begins "military maneuvers" against the weeds. In her perky straw bonnet and her purple trouserettes she works until noon. Then come dinner and the children.

Meals are but little trouble for Mrs. Willard. They consist chiefly of garden produce, eggs and cereals and never meat, she emphasized.

"Jess is not hard to cook for and he eats very lightly in the summer. For breakfast we usually have oatmeal, toast and eggs, two or three vegetables from the garden and, maybe, an orange apiece, with coffee once in a while. The big meal comes at noon and differs from breakfast mainly in the number of vegetables. We usually have three or four for dinner; always fruit for noon and never meat."

When Jess isn't around the hotel, traveling men and local loungers find it great sport in predicting what will become of Jess while he is in Lawrence.

"The outlook for Jess as Sheriff is mighty good," one of the party vouchsafed. "He'd make the best one Douglas County ever had. He could manhandle every bootlegger in the State."

Willard as athletic adviser and as assistant football coach for the university was another picture that the hotel men suggested.

But Willard says: "Nope, I'm going to farm."

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# La-May Face Powder

## Stays On Better

### Than Any Other

Now you can use a pure face powder that beautifies your complexion wonderfully and is guaranteed not to injure the most delicate baby skin. And it really stays on better than any other face powder. It does not contain white lead or starchy rice powder (Poudre de Riz) to make it stick. White lead poisons the skin and rice powder turns into a gluey paste that encourages enlarged pores, blackheads and rice powder pimples. The specialist who makes this improved powder uses a medicinal ingredient that doctors use to heal the skin. In fact, this new powder helps to prevent and reduce enlarged pores and pimples. It is also astringent, discouraging flabbiness, crows' feet and wrinkles. Because it is pure and

because it stays on so well, this La-May powder (French, Poudre L'Amé) is now used by over a million American women. The large size is only fifty cents and the trial size twenty-five cents. Remember, La-May is guaranteed. If you do not find La-May much better than any you have ever used, your dealer is authorized to return your money without question. Refuse substitutes. Your common sense will tell you that when you are offered a substitute it is sure to be a demonstrator trying to sell an inferior powder that pays a big commission. When you use this absolutely pure La-May and see how splendidly it beautifies your complexion, you will understand why it so quickly became the most popular beauty powder sold in New York. Save this notice.

# St. Louisan Head of Most Important Naval Job in Washington

**As Chief of Bureau of Navigation, Rear Admiral Leigh C. Palmer directs enlistment and training of battle fleet's increase of personnel from 56,000 to 300,000 — His foresight in raising capacity of training stations from 6000 to 50,000 men — Attended Stoddard School and was graduated from Central High—Drew lots with Hobson to decide which would sink Merrimac in Santiago Harbor**

**U**ON the entrance of the United States into the war, there immediately developed in the Navy Department a job for a big man. This comprised a nation-wide recruiting campaign by which the personnel of the navy was expeditiously expanded from 56,000 to 300,000, to meet last year's increase of commissioned war vessels from 178 to 1345; it included the rapid and intensive training of this raw material for urgent service at sea, entailing the multiplication of naval training stations from a capacity of 6000 to one of 50,000 men; and it was charged with the immediate supply of gunners and radio crews for 200 merchantmen, a number which this year will be increased by 850.

The powers that be surveyed all the possible candidates for this great and vital task, canvassing their executive talent, their enthusiasm, their professional equipment. It was not long before their acumen—as was natural—selected a St. Louisan. Leigh Carlyle Palmer was the man chosen for Chief of the Bureau of Navigation, the most important position ashore in the gift of the Navy Department. The office carries for the incumbent the rank of Rear Admiral.

As Chief of the Bureau Admiral Palmer has jurisdiction over the complements of ships of the navy, the appointment and commissioning of officers, the enlistments, assignments and discharge of men, the training of all enlisted men and officers, the keeping of records, uniform regulations, pay estimates, the supply of charts and navigation books and of nautical instruments. Under his supervision come the Naval Academy, the Naval Observatory, the hydrographic office, the naval reserves, the national naval volunteers and the personnel of the naval radio and aeronautic services. Despite its name, the department has little to do with the science of navigation. The position of Chief corresponds to that of Adjutant-General in the War Department.

The following information concerning Palmer's early life in this city was gathered by Henry Field Pratt of the Central High School faculty:

Palmer was born in Cincinnati Jan. 11, 1873, and is therefore 45 years old. When he was three months old his parents removed to St. Louis. He attended the Stoddard School; then, after a year at the Polytechnic Institute, he entered the old Central High School at Fifteenth and Olive streets, from which he was graduated in the classical course.

At high school he was distinguished by his good looks. There were no athletics at Central in those days, but he always carried himself erectly and invariably walked back and forth to school from his home on Twenty-seventh street. His ardor as an orator won him the nickname of "Spartacus," from his fiery delivery of that gladiator's defiance to Rome. He was also an excellent debater, and was a member of the Boys' Debating Club, the oldest organization of the school and the predecessor of the Boys' Literary Society.

Schoolmates remember that he possessed a remarkable memory and that he was especially gifted in the acquirement of languages. It is said that today he speaks fluently eight different tongues.

It is recalled of him that he always kept good hours, and would break away and run for home, whatever he was doing, when the curfew rang at 9 o'clock.

After his graduation he worked for a year and a half as a clerk in the Third National Bank. Then he obtained an appointment to the Naval Academy at Annapolis, and was graduated in 1896. He was considered the best all-round athlete of his time at Annapolis.

His first war service came two years later, in the Spanish-American war, throughout which he was with the fleet at Santiago. He first came into prominence when he and Richmond Pearson Hobson were chosen by the Admirals as rival candidates for the honor of sinking the Merrimac in Santiago harbor. They drew lots and Hobson was chosen. The latter won fame, a whirlwind of osculation and a seat in Congress. Palmer continued in the navy.

In preparation for Hobson's undertaking, Palmer was sent to inspect the enemy's guns, with orders to go no nearer than 500 yards. He was absent quite a while, and succeeded in getting within 200 yards of the hostile ordnance. On his return he was taken to

task for disobeying orders. His reply might be chosen as the motto of his whole life. "I did my duty," he said, "and a little more."

Following the war, Palmer served 13 years continuously on shipboard, cruising to many parts of the world and holding many responsible positions. He was the special naval representative at the wedding of King Alfonso of Spain. He acted as naval aid to Elihu Root when that statesman made his historic tour of Latin America. During President Taft's administration Palmer was director of target practice in the navy and was one of the early advocates of long-range firing in the open sea under battle conditions. He later commanded a destroyer division of the Atlantic fleet, was executive officer of the battleship New York and was chief of staff to the commander of the battleship forces.

He was recalled ashore to become naval aid to President Taft. Then he became aid to George von L. Meyer, Secretary of the Navy, and continued in that position under Secretary Daniels when the latter was



*In the Spanish-American War, when it was decided to sink the Merrimac in the entrance to Santiago Harbor, both Palmer and Hobson volunteered to command the job. Lots were drawn and Hobson won.*

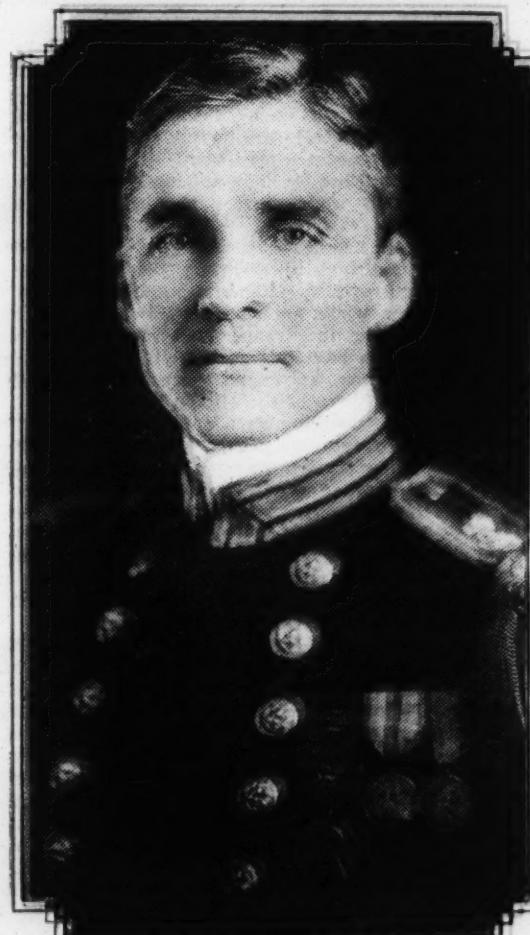
## Missourians of High Place in the War

**P**ERSHING, John Joseph, Lieutenant-General; Commander in Chief of the American Expeditionary Force in France.

**PALMER**, Leigh Carlyle, Rear Admiral; Chief of the Bureau of Navigation, United States Navy.

**CROWDER**, Enoch Herbert, Brigadier-General; Provost Marshal-General; in charge of the selective draft.

**STETTINIUS**, Edward R., Surveyor-General of all army purchases; a native St. Louisan.



REAR ADMIRAL LEIGH C. PALMER.

SUNDAY MAGAZINE—ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH—JUNE 30, 1918.

(Continued on Page 10.)

PAGE THREE

## Long Live the King!

(Continued)

several gentlemen clinging to their hereditary right to hang around and be nuisances during the ceremony. But at last he was left alone with Oskar.

Alone, of course, as much as a King is ever alone, which, what with extra sentries and so on, is not exactly solitary confinement.

"Oskar!" said the King from his pillow.

"Majesty!"

Oskar was gathering the royal garments, which the physicians had ordered burned, in case of germs.

"Did you ever eat American ice cream?"

"No, your majesty, not that I recall."

"It is very delicious," observed the King, and settled down in his sheets. He yawned, then sat up suddenly—"Oskar!"

"Yea, majesty."

"There is something in my trousers pocket. I almost forgot it. Please bring them here."

Sitting up in bed, and under Oskar's disapproving eye, because he, too, was infected with the germ idea, King Otto the Ninth felt around in his small pockets, until at last he had found what he wanted.

"Have I a small box anywhere, a very small box?" he inquired.

"The one in which your majesty's seal ring came is here. Also there is one in the study which contained crayons."

"I'll have the ring box," said his majesty.

And soon the Lincoln penny rested on a cushion of white velvet, on which were the royal arms.

King Otto looked carefully at the penny and then closed the lid.

"Whenever I am disagreeable, Oskar," he said, "or don't care to study, or—or do things that you think my grandfather would not have done, I wish you'd bring me this box. You'd better keep it near you."

He lay back and yawned again.

"Did you ever hear of Abraham Lincoln, Oskar?" he asked.

"I—I have heard the name, majesty," Oskar ventured cautiously.

"My grandfather thought he was a—great—man," His voice trailed off. "I—should—like—"

The excitements and sorrows of the day left him gently. He stretched his small limbs luxuriously, and half turned upon his face. Oskar, who hated disorder, drew the covering in stiff and geometrical exactness across his small figure, and tiptoed out of the room.

Sometime after midnight the Chancellor passed the



Something slipped out of the little King's hand and rolled on the floor.

guard and came into the room. There, standing by the bed, he prayed a soldier's prayer, and into it went all his hopes for his country, his grief for his dead comrade and sovereign, his loyalty to his new King.

King Otto, who was, for all the digestive tablets, not sleeping well, roused and saw him there, and sat upright at once.

"Is it morning?" he asked, blinking.

"No, majesty. Lie down and sleep again."

"Would you mind sitting down for a little while? That is, if you are not sleepy."

"I am not sleepy," said the Chancellor, and drew up a great chair. "If I stay, will you try to sleep?"

"Do you mind if I talk a little? It may make me drowsy."

"Talk if you like, majesty," said the old man.

King Otto eyed him gravely.

"Would you mind if I got on your knee?" he asked, almost timidly. In all his life no one had so held him and yet Bobby, that very evening, had climbed on his father's knee as though it was very generally done. "I would like to see how it feels."

"Come, then," said the Chancellor.

The King climbed out of bed and up on his lap. His

Chancellor reached over and dragged a blanket from the bed.

"For fear of a cold!" he said, and draped it about the little figure. "Now, how is that?"

"It is very comfortable. May I put my head back?"

Long, long years since the Chancellor had sat thus, with a child in his arms. His sturdy old arms encircled the boy closely.

"I want to tell about running away," said the King, wide-eyed to the dusk. "I am sorry. This time I am going to promise not to do it again."

"Make the promise to yourself, majesty. It is the best way."

"I will. I intend to be a very good King."

"God grant it, majesty."

"Like Abraham Lincoln?"

"Like Abraham Lincoln," said the Chancellor gravely.

The King, for all his boasted wakefulness, yawned again and squirmed closer to the old man's breast.

"And like my grandfather," he added.

"God grant that, also."

This time it was the Chancellor who yawned, a yawn that was half a sigh. He was very weary, and very sad.

Suddenly, after a silence, the King spoke: "May a King do anything he wants?"

"Not at all," said the Chancellor hastily.

"But, if it will not hurt the people? I want to do two things, or have two things. They are both quite easy." His tone was anxious.

"What are they?"

"You wouldn't like to promise first, would you?"

The Chancellor smiled in the darkness.

"Good strategy, but I am an old soldier, majesty. What are they?"

"First, I would like to have a dog; one to keep with me."

"I—probably that can be arranged."

"Thank you. I do want a dog. And"—he hesitated.

"Yes, majesty."

"I am very fond of S—y," said the King. "And he is not very happy. He looks sad, sometimes. I—I would like him to marry Hedwig, so we can all be together the rest of our lives."

The Chancellor hesitated. But, after all, why not? He had followed ambition all his life, and where had it brought him? An old man, whose only happiness lay in this child in his arms.

"Perhaps," he said, gently, "that can be arranged also."

The night air blew softly through the open window. The little King smiled contentedly and closed his eyes.

"I'm getting rather sleepy," he said. "But if I'm not too heavy, I'd like you to hold me a little longer."

"You are not too heavy, majesty."

Soon the Chancellor, worn not with one day, but with many, was nodding. His eyes closed under his fierce eyebrows. Finally they both slept. The room was silent.

Something slipped out of the little King's hand and rolled on the floor.

It was the box containing the Lincoln penny.

THE END.

(Copyright.)

## At the Houseboat on the Styx

(Continued from Page 13.)

"I'm afraid you would, Samp," laughed Napoleon. "You really aren't in this. When a man's strength is all in his hair, whether he thinks right at the right time or not he soon gets out of the Izzer into the wazzer class. I've known a lot of warriors who were all mane and no might. The woods were full of 'em in my day. Generals with hair like Ophelia's was the day she jumped overboard, and except for their corsets they had no staying power. You can take it from me, Samp, that in this world of sin and woe, it's what a man has got inside his head and not what he grows on the outside that gives him his real standing in the community."

"I'll take you on right now!" said Samp, somewhat miffed.

"All right," said Napoleon. "I'm ready. You fight with your weapons and I'll fight with mine. You get your old jawbone and I'll mobilize my old guard, and we'll give bades a military show that'll be a corker."

"I must say," said Socrates, "that while, as we have seen, the rest of us showed a lamentable inability to think right, and

to do the right thing at the right time, our good old friend, Father Noah, who has made this wise suggestion, is the only one of us who does not seem ever to have erred for lack of right thinking at the right time. He had vision, foresight and prudence. He was the original advocate of preparedness, and I regret to say that, like all men who can see beyond the present, and who warn the snug and the satisfied of evil things to come, he was subjected to ridicule and humiliation by his thoughtless contemporaries. He was, indeed, wise, and if I had a hat to take off I'd take it off to him."

"No, no, no!" said Noah modestly. "It is very good of Socrates to speak so kindly of me, but really he does me too much honor. The fact is I was the worst offender of the lot."

"You!" cried Socrates and Solomon in one voice.

"Yes, I," said Noah, shaking his head sadly, "for if I had known enough to think right and to do right at the right time I should have saved the world from its worst catastrophe."

"I don't quite get it, Admiral," said Napoleon. "I've always regarded you as the supreme wise guy of your time."

"Nevertheless," said Noah, "I lost my chance at the critical hour, just as the rest of you have done. If I had thought right, and done the right thing at the right time, I should have kicked those two Huns off the ark into the sea the minute I discovered they were on board. If I had done that the breed would not have been perpetuated."

"Dear me!" said Kidd. "I didn't know you had any Huns on board!"

"Yes," said Noah. "If you will read your history you will find it recorded there that I had two of every kind of BEAST in my zoo."

And the old man wept bitter tears as he thought of the great opportunity he had lost through his failure to think right.

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SUNDAY MAGAZINE—ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH—JUNE 30, 1918.

## Rheumatism

A Home Cure Given by One Who Had It

In the spring of 1883 I was attacked by Muscular and Inflammatory Rheumatism. I suffered as only those who have it know, for over three years. I tried remedy after remedy, and doctor after doctor, but such relief as I received was only temporary. Finally, I found a remedy that cured me completely, and it has never returned. I have given it to a number who were terribly afflicted and even bedridden with Rheumatism, and it effected a cure in every case.

I want every sufferer from any form of rheumatic trouble to try this marvelous healing power. Don't send a cent; simply mail your name and address and I will send it free to try. After you have used it and it has proved itself to be that long-looked-for means of curing your rheumatism, you may send the price of it, one dollar, but understand, I do not want your money unless you are perfectly satisfied to send it. Isn't that fair? Why suffer any longer when positive relief is thus offered you free? Don't delay. Write today.

Mark H. Jackson, No. 108D, Gurney Bldg., Syracuse, N. Y.

## A "First Night" With American Expeditionary Force

When Elsie Janis came riding in on a cowcatcher and cried "Are we downhearted?" to throng of cheering doughboys — Cheer-up performance given in train shed—How actors may carry joy to weary and homesick soldiers told by former dramatic critic, now secretary of Y. M. C. A. Hut

If any sour, dry-as-dust economist has been grouching about the "tours" of actors and actresses to the war zone, let him read how Elsie Janis, careering on the cowcatcher of a locomotive, came to an American camp in France and brought to the tired and dusty "Yanks" a savor of the joy of living.

It happened on this blithesome occasion that there was present Alexander Woollcott, celebrated as a dramatic critic for his "Second Thoughts on First Nights" column in the New York Times. He is now serving in France as a Y. M. C. A. hut secretary. The call of former days was so urgent that he simply had to cry for a typewriter. The following vivacious paean is the result.

By ALEXANDER WOOLLCOTT.

THE theater was no theater at all. It was just the great train shed which serves as the workshop and headquarters for a small army of American engineers who are lending the Pennsylvania Railroad touch to the astonished landscape of France. Though retreat had sounded an hour or so before, it was packed to suffocation with Yanks, for all that day rakish posters, turned out in the company painter's best style, had intrigued the eye with the modest announcement: "ELsie JANIS. AMERICA'S GREATEST ACTRESS. FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY."

And at last, with warning toots from a distant whistle and a great wave of laughter as the order was passed along to clear the track, a locomotive trundled in out of the night, in its cab a pair of proud and grinning engineers, on its cowcatcher Elsie Janis.

A moment later and the engine was near enough to the stage for her to clear the space at a single jump, and there she was, with her black velvet tam pushed back on her tossing hair, with her eyes alight and her hands uplifted, her whole voice thrown into the question which is the beginning and the end of morale, which is the most important question in the army:

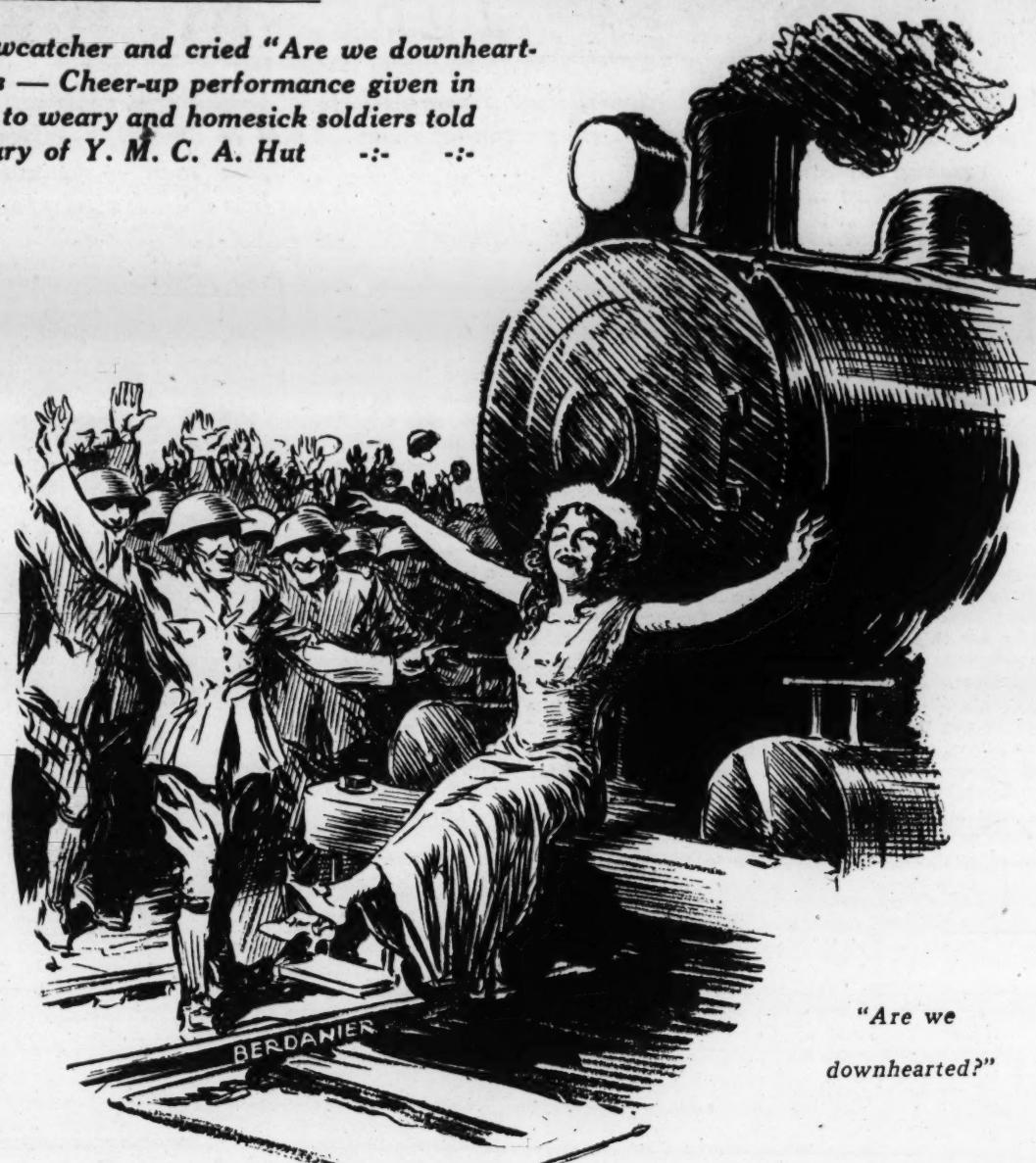
"Are we downhearted?"

You can only faintly imagine the thunderous "No" with which the trainshed echoed till the peaceful French households in the neighborhood wondered what those amazing Americans would be up to next. And it is the whole point of Elsie Janis—as well as the whole point of all the mummers now being booked to play for the A. E. F.—that whatever the spirit of the boys before her coming, they really meant that "No" with all there was in them, that any who might have been just a little downhearted before, felt better about it after seeing and hearing her.

For, like the rare officer who can inspire his men to very prodigies of valor, so the flashing Elsie is compact of that priceless thing which, for lack of a less pedantic phrase, we must call positive magnetism. When she leads a leather-lunged regiment in the strains of "God Save Kaiser Bill," the future of that uneasy monarch really seems more insecure than it did, and it is not fanciful to say that more than one company has marched off to its first night in the trenches with brighter eyes, squarer shoulders and a more gallant swing because, at the very threshold of safety, this lanky and lovely lady from Columbus, O., waved and sang and cheered them on their way.

That is why, when the history of this great expedition comes to be written, there should be a chapter devoted to the playgirl of the western front, the star of the A. E. F., the forerunner of those players who are now being booked in the greatest circuit of them all, the Y. M. C. A. huts of France. These are days when space in a ship is more precious than platinum, so that we scrutinize many a futile person taggling along in the wake of the A. E. F. and weep when we think of him in terms of waste tonnage. But I think that nothing shipped over to us since Pershing landed has been of such value in proportion to the space preempted as the shipment known as Elsie Janis.

For her, and for her like, there is always room. And work aplenty to do. There are troops to be fired—by martial music—on the edge of the advance. And there are great, barren, dusty, tedious rest camps where numberless thousands are indescribably hungry for such relief as a dance by George M. Cohan or a song by Nora Bayes. A great part of a soldier's life is the dreary business of waiting. The bane of the billet is boredom, and home seems further away than there are miles in the equator to measure the distance. How eager for entertainment are the Amer-



"Are we  
downhearted?"

ican boys in France, you cannot know until you have stepped onto a rickety platform before a thousand or so of them and felt them drink in the fun as parched earth takes the rain. Play actors are good for the A. E. F., and by the same token, measurably and positively bad for Kaiser Bill.

And the actors will enjoy themselves immensely. Elsie Janis (and mother) are having the time of their lives, and she meant every word of it when she cabled back to all her brothers and sisters of the stage to come or they would never know what they had missed.

For Elsie, it has been barnstorming with a vengeance, a tour of tank towns in more senses than one. It has meant traveling without a maid for once in a way, playing a whole season with a one-dress wardrobe, bivouacking in stranger and more uninviting hotels than have been her portion since she was an infant phenomenon, known as "Little Elsie," in the primitive small towns of the Middle West.

It has meant warbling as a cabaret singer among tables of some rapturous officers' mess, or mounting a bench to sing through the windows of some contagion barracks where the isolated doughboys had been tearing their infected hair with disappointment because they had heard she was in the post and knew they could not get out to see her. It has meant lingering for an extra performance at some hut because a whole new audience was coming through the starlit heavens from the aviation camp down the lines.

It has given this particular comedienne—as the war has given all of us (including the Y. M. C. A. itself)—a new idea of the Young Men's Christian Association. When she first found that a tour of the A. E. F. meant a tour of the "Y" huts, I imagine that, with the conventional Algonquin Hotel notion of reading rooms with stale copies of the Youth's Companion on a table or somewhere and at the door a beaming Sunday school superintendent of the comic journal variety, she voiced her private doubts as to whether she would "go big with young Christians." But in the huts of the A. E. F. she has found all the world (minus his wife).

She has found old friends by the hundreds, spotting out in the olive drab multitude in front of her the actor with whom she did a turn a season before,

seated between a fondly remembered stage hand from some Keith house back home and a college boy who was the 11,567th undergraduate to cut out her picture and pin it over his dresser in the dormitory. Now and then she will encounter (to her affected embarrassment) someone who adored her as "Little Elsie," like the gray-haired Sergeant who gave away her age completely by clamoring for the imitation of such an ancient as Dan Daly.

As we have nothing else to give she has been showered with briquets and is believed to possess the largest collection of those doubtful treasures in France. As there is no stage door and no time and place for mash notes, she is spared one great annoyance. The boys swarm up on the stage instead, and slap her on the back and vow there never was such a girl since the world began. They cheer her until they are hoarse, and she is dizzy with pride.

For here in the S. O. S. and the Z. of A. are such audiences as young actors meet in their day dreams and are fortunate if they really find for a single hour in all their days. I have seen the Century packed from orchestra pit to roof with a crowd that thought the sun rose and set with Elsie Janis. I have heard a skeptical London audience surrender and cheer for her as never London cheered for an American before. But in all her years on the stage she has known no such tumultuous, heart-warming welcomes as are her nightly portions in the biggest time a booking office can offer to a player in the year 1918.

Let those come who, like Douglas Fairbanks, are full of the joy of living. Better 10 minutes of Fred Stone than an hour of the greatest tragedian extant in the Players' Club. Of those who have enlisted as cheer leaders for the side lines of the A. E. F., let those who come first, who, like Elsie Janis, can be a whole show in themselves. That saves time and space and trouble. She is perfectly equipped because she can sing and dance and do imitations and turn handsprings and, above all, radiate enthusiasm.

And, of course, her old powers as a mimic stand her in good stead. She is doing all her old tricks and some new ones. In fact, she is giving this season the best imitation of her career. For she is giving what all the boys of the A. E. F. think is a darned good relation of a real sport.

## AT THE HOUSEBOAT on the STYX

*Doings Reported by Wireless to  
JOHN KENDRICK BANGS*



## The Greatest Gift in the World

THE Associated Shades were gathered in familiar intercourse on the upper deck of the Houseboat on the Styx. Sir Isaac Newton had been explaining elaborately to the others exactly why it is that when a lemon drops from a tree it falls straight to the earth instead of describing a parabolic curve in the air and hitting an innocent bystander in the eye, when Dr. Johnson sneezed loud enough to awake all hades. Napoleon, who had been dozing off under the lee of a ventilating shaft, started up angrily.

"Really, Doc," said he, "you ought to provide yourself with a muffler. Here you wake me up out of one of the most important dreams I ever had in my life, and at the critical moment."

"What? You dreaming again?" demanded the Duke of Wellington. "Really now, Boney, I should think after that alarm clock I rang on you at Waterloo you'd have given up dreaming altogether. What was this supremely important vision of yours? Been elected President of Russia?"

"No, sirree!" retorted Napoleon. "I should not have called that a dream. I should have called it a nightmare. No, I dreamed that an angel came to me and said, 'Boney, my dear, the gods have just held a council, and they have authorized me to come to you, and tell you that if you will pick out what you consider to be the greatest gift in the world, they will give it to you!'"

"Fine!" said Sir Walter Raleigh. "Fine. Some angel that. And what did you tell her you wanted, the earth?"

"No," said Napoleon. "I didn't have time to tell her what I wanted. Old Dr. Johnson came along with that siren sneeze of his just at that critical moment and I never had a chance to tell her what I wanted."

"Well, I guess it would have been the earth if you'd had the chance to tell her, so what's the odds?" said Raleigh.

"There's another guess coming to you, Walt," laughed Napoleon. "There was a time when I wanted the earth, but I'm cured. I wouldn't take it now if old Pop Atlas himself were to lift it off his shoulders and hand it to me on a golden platter."

"Me neither," said Alexander, approvingly. "My Zeus! Think of having to pay taxes on that old ball at the present rates."

"Precisely," said Napoleon. "And consider also how everybody hates the fellow who even admits that he wants it."

"I wonder what is the greatest gift in the world, anyhow?" said Alcibiades.

"Speech, the golden gift of language," said Dr. Johnson. "The vehicle divine for the expression of your mind, the instrument by which your inspiration serves not only your own age, but all the ages to come."

"Sure," interrupted Nestor. "A command of winged words, golden argosies of thought, sailing through the rivers of time on through the sunlit waters of"—

"Rot!" ejaculated Napoleon. "Thomas J. Rot of Rotterdam. What a notion—asking the gods for a vocabulary in a day when the free coinage of hot air has become so virulent that you can buy a dictionary containing 100,000 words for a dime! Words? Why, they are a drug on the market these days, doctor. You can buy a billion of 'em from Kaiser Bill for a pfennig, and be flimflammed at that."

"I was not referring to worthless words, with MADE IN GERMANY stamped all over them," said Dr. Johnson. "But words of real power and sincerity"—

"No good," said Napoleon. "Valueless auxiliaries, no doubt, but in an age requiring action sometimes a detriment. At any rate not the greatest gift in the bestowal of the gods. Wherefore, as Delilah said after she had finished cutting Samson's hair, NEXT! Caesar, what would you consider the greatest gift in the world?"

"A hole-proof hide," said Caesar. "One that is im-

pervious to the insidious operations of the Steel Thrust."

"Yours was impervious to shafts of criticism," sneered Cassius. "If it had not been so Brutus and I would not have had to turn you into the greatest human porous plaster in history."

"Brutus and YOU?" retorted Caesar, contemptuously. "You haven't labored under the delusion all these years that that little tin slot of yours ever touched me, have you?"

"I sure have," said Cassius.

Caesar threw his head back and roared with laughter.

"You must have delivered your thrust by long distance then," said he, "because if you had dared to come within reaching distance of my good right hand I'd have taken your sword away from you and spanked



"Some Angel that!"

you with the flat side of it. I'd do it now for 10 cents."

"I'll put up the money," said Marc Antony, "if so be the cadaverous and ravenous Cassius can't raise the stake."

"Peace, gentlemen; peace!" cried William Penn, throwing a marlin spike at Caesar and tripping the angry Cassius as he advanced, and sending him sprawling on the deck. "Why this unseemly wrangling?"

"Well, as for me," said Noah, placidly sitting on the gunwales of a lifeboat, "as I look at things as they exist in the world today, I think the greatest gift the gods could bestow on man would be the ability to Think Right and to Do the Right Thing at the Right Time."

"Spoken like a true forefather of meself!" said Solomon. "I never said anything wiser."

"True—alas, how very true!" said Paris. "Take my case, for instance, when I awarded the apple for beauty to Venus instead of to Minerva or Juno. How much woes and misery my family would have been spared if I had thought and done the right thing at the right time. If I had had that gift I should have cut that rotten old pipkin into three parts and given one part to each of the three ladies. Juno would not have been enraged, Minerva would have been pleased, Venus would not have invited me to meet Helen, and Troy would still have held its place on the map."

"A very true statement, sonny," said Priam. "Or if I had had the ability to think right and do right at the right time! I would have beworn the Greeks!"

"You would have bewhat the Greeks?" roared Johnson.

"I said beworn," said Priam. "Isn't beworn the proper form of the verb to beware that I need?"

"O good Lard!" groaned Johnson, with a despairing glance at Lindley Murray. "Such English!"

"I guess it's as close to nature as your Greek, Doc," said Priam. "But, anyway, as I was saying, if I had that gift I should have been beware of the begrecks when they came bebearing begifts, and have said, 'No, gentlemen; no Trojan hoses for your Uncle Pri. If you happen to have a second-hand flivver you don't need in your business, I shall be glad to accept that, but no Georgia Pine Bucephalo in mine.' It would have been more than a jitney in my pocket if I had said that."

"Probably," said Sophocles. "It is interesting to speculate upon, the influence of wrong thinking upon the world's history."

"Yes," said Napoleon, sadly. "Even I thought wrong at the critical moment. I should never have known Waterloo or St. Helena if in my youth I had decided to remain at home in Corsica and raised goats for the Southdown mutton market instead of going for imperial power. If I had raised a million goats!"

"My getting one of 'em wouldn't have mattered, would it, Boney?" chuckled Wellington.

"No," said Napoleon, "and you wouldn't have got that, either, Artie. The other 999,999 of 'em would have butted ye back clean across the channel with a butt so hard you'd have reached the North Pole a hundred years before old Dr. Cook."

"I'm in the same fix," said Ajax. "It makes me fairly crazy when I think of my going out and defying the lightning, shaking my fist at the thunder and challenging the thunderbolts to a fight to a finish, when by a little diplomacy of the Ben Franklin order, and a piece of cheese set in a Leyden jar, I could have bottled it and sold it to a confiding public at 15 cents a watt. The idea of a man getting a force like that sore on him when by a little coddling he could have made it eat out of his hand—dear me! If I had only thought right and done right at the right time, instead of being handed down to posterity as a silly ass I'd have been reckoned among the wizards."

"Perfectly true," said Shakespeare. "It has been thinking wrong at the psychological moment that has landed us all in trouble ever since the world began. Take me. If I'd only thought to send the original manuscript of Hamlet to the British Museum instead of letting Anne Hathaway use it for curl papers, Bacon's preposterous claims would have been settled once and for all and all this horrid world controversy about Who's Who in Shakespeare would have been avoided."

"I doubt it, Will, I doubt it," said Dr. Johnson, "for truly, old man, if your autographs were fair samples of your handwriting that original manuscript wouldn't have proved anything, because nobody could ever have read the darn thing."

"Be that as it may," said Shakespeare, "it would have proved that Bacon never wrote it, anyhow, because there has been only one other person in the whole history of the world whose handwriting was as bad as mine, and that was Horace Greeley, and since Horace Greeley was not born for several hundred years after Hamlet was written, the Q. E. D. reveals itself P. D. Q. Nobody but me would have written it."

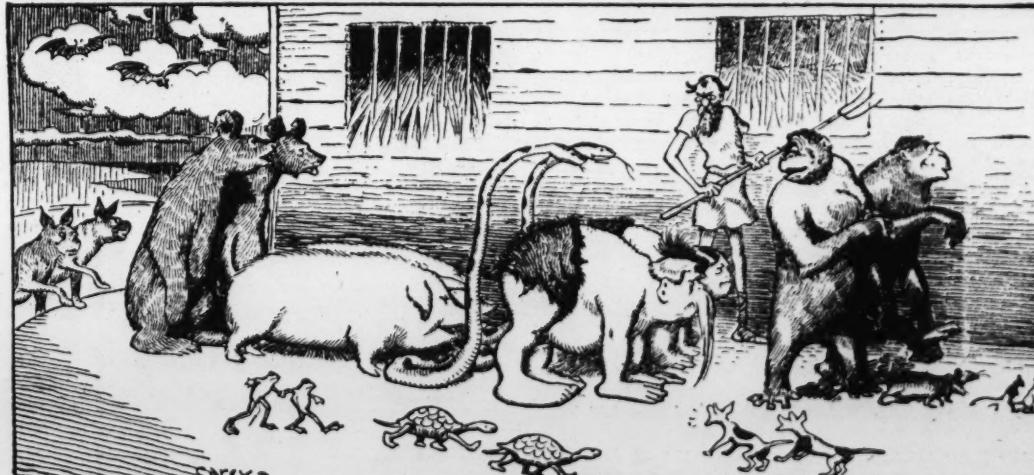
"Nobody but I, William; nobody but I," suggested Lindley Murray.

"Great Scott!" cried Shakespeare, missing the point. "Nobody but you? What in hades did you have to do with it?"

"Why, nothing," said Shakespeare. "Well, that's all Bacon ever did, and I guess that's settled at last."

"Yes," said Samson. "We're all in the same box. I didn't think right at the right time, either. Suppose I'd gone to a decent barber shop and paid a quarter, like any ordinarily sensible man, for my hair cut, instead of letting Delilah do it—would I, with all my strength, have come a cropper?"

(Continued on Page 14.)



"I should have kicked those two Huns off the Ark."

# "Jess" WILLARD, CONTENTED FARMER

*Intimate story of the retired life of the champion pugilist out in Kansas, the five little Willards, Mrs. Jess and her garden — University professors interested in the big chap, while other citizens want him to run for Sheriff :: :: ::*

**L**ESS than a mile from the busy streets of Lawrence, Kan., as streets in that town go, is the new home of Jess Willard, Kansas plowboy, who has won a fortune and a title from the pugilistic ring. High above the college city of Kansas and on a level with the university site stands this home, a massive frame edifice built years ago by a college professor and opened to the learned faculty of the University of Kansas. It was a haven for sages and an "academic grove" for students. Now these halls form the home of Jess Willard, the farmer, and not the pugilist.

From the second floor of the old home where years ago faculty members and their families descended for formal tea in full dress and party gowns, now comes the mountainous Jess at 5 o'clock in the morning, clad in a red flannel undershirt and faded blue overalls. And then comes Mrs. Willard in her brilliant purple trouserettes ready for her day of farm work. Later five pairs of tiny feet clatter down the uncarpeted stairs.

And the day is started for the Willard family. It is the usual farmer's day, with Jess ambling to the barn with his two shiny milk pails, prodding his two bony cows and pitching hay to his two horses with his hundred-thousand-dollar hands. Inside the house Mrs. Willard labors much the same as other mothers do, burns her fingers and scolds even Jess Jr., the "real fighter" of the family.

To the quiet of this 50 acres Jess has retired—only temporarily, he insists. It is here, in his blue overalls, faded at the knees, as those of all good farmers are, that he pitches hay. The peaceful haunts are the dream of his youth, and in the sultry Kansas breeze he works harder than he has since the time when he was a farmer, not by choice.

In the place where Willard is "daddy," he is not the silent fighter, but is a plain, ordinary farmer, happy in his new land, praising his home and never speaking of a fight. In a single breath he dismissed sporting editors who have criticised him harshly:

"What do I care for those scribblers? I've made my money. Let 'em talk."

And that was the fight as far as Willard was concerned.

But when it came to farming, it was then that he became enthusiastic.

"You know, I haven't been on a place like this for years. It's just like old Potawatomi County, where I used to slave. Chicago! Shucks! Why, Kansas is the only place in the world. Me and the wife were raised here, and, by jings! we're going to stay here, too. Chicago is no place to raise kids. They had to chase to the shows every night just to be doing something. D'you know what we do at night here? Why, we just set around and talk and enjoy our place. This is living."

And then when Jess took a ramble over the pasture, anyone could tell that he was a farmer. He dragged his feet, that had been so active in the Johnson fight, and plunged through the grass just as farmers do.

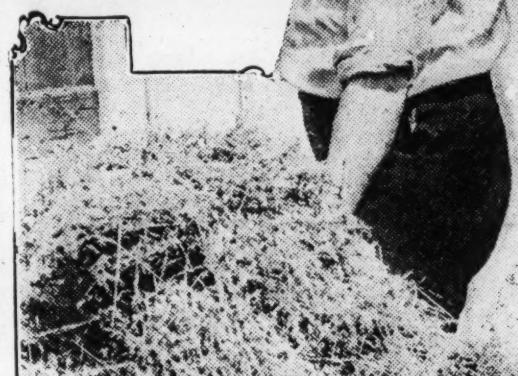
"Look at those hills there. See all that buck brush? That's all got to come off. Before long I'm goin' to turn sheep an' goats on it. And next spring, won't that be some pasture?"

"An' this barn here. I've got to fix it up, too. Last Friday I pitched 10 tons of alfalfa in it, and the place is clear full. I ought to make it bigger this summer, but I've got too much to do."

As Jess was returning to the house he spoke of the pleasures of Kansas City, just 40 miles from his home, after spending his day in the field.

"Friday evening" — of the day that he pitched 10 tons of hay — "I went to the city just to fool around. Me and the wife an' the kids all motored down, and it was the best ride I've had in years.

"We went to the park and listened to the band an' took the kids for a



Jess, himself.



Mrs. Jess, in trouserettes, does her bit in the garden.



Built for a university professor's domicile, it is now the home of Jess Willard, farmer.

ten most of the names, but he remembered the men.

"That Bowersock man, the millionaire fellow who owns the mill down there by the river." That was J. D. Bowersock to Willard as he spoke of the town's richest man.

Talmadge D. Funk, an undertaker, is another prosperous citizen of the community to whom Willard has taken a great liking. Willard's big blue Fiat motor car, one of his two, often carries the undertaker and the pugilist out South Massachusetts street towards Haskell Institute, where the champion talks to the Indian students.

And to each of these "celebrities" he is "Mr. Willard," who has come to be a neighbor and a citizen of their town.

The university faculty members, peeping from the pages of their summer readings of philosophy and history, have so far had but little time to consider the new arrival in their city. Some are "anxious to see him." They "wish to meet him," and others of the university want

"to hear him." They are aware that he is in town, but they have not visited his farm.

In the lobby of the Eldridge House, Lawrence's oldest hotel, where Willard lingers on his frequent visits to town, he meets old "friends" traveling from Kansas. To these the other day Willard was talking of his private life.

"I always try to keep out of arguments, keep cool and just live.

I might get sore, and I might want to hit someone if I argued. I haven't even wanted to double my fists since my last fight, but I have wanted to biff those five youngsters of mine."

And Willard was cool, sitting there in the hotel lobby in his soft silk shirt, patterned with large green scrolls, chatting of everything except the ring.

"Lawrence is a fine town. I like it and I enjoy its men; but there is one objection. I can't get shoes here to fit me," he said as he crossed his legs and pointed to a hole he had cut in the leather "so he could get into" his expensive low cuts.

Mr. Hook, an aged neighbor on the south, dropped in last Sunday to pay his respects to the Willard family. He looked at Jess and extended his gray chin whiskers and began:

"I got a son who's in the army that's 6 foot 4, an' he looks as big as you, neighbor. I always wanted to drop in an' tell you much obliged for lettin' my cows run in your west pasture. They's some mighty good grass over there."

To a host of these visitors Willard and his wife open their home every day. The callers drop in more to see than to talk, Willard believes, and so he walks the floor before them and then sits down in one of his big leather-cushioned chairs—the only style of furniture that the champion has in his living room. For

(Continued on Page 15.)



Three of Jess' five.

ride on the miniature train. But, you know, they wouldn't let me get on, after I had a ticket."

In Lawrence proper, Willard is a lion, a pugilist, a good fellow and a farmer. Riding from his new home to the main street of the town, there are, perhaps, 100 boys along the roadway. To these Willard is a wonder. They call him "Jess" and wave their hands in the most intimate fashion. To the business man of the town Jess is a good fellow. To the stately faculty members, the few whom Willard has met, he is a pugilist, and to his neighbors the fighter is a farmer.

In telling of his visit to several of Lawrence's "big men," Willard seems to have forgot-

## BREAKING INTO THE CARTOON GAME AT 14

## TWO SCORE BOARDS.

INNINGS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
BROWNS	0	1	0	0	0	3	2	0	4
TOTAL - 10									
NEW YORK	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	3
TOTAL - 7									

INNINGS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
AMERICANS.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL -									
KAISERITES	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL -									



**H**ENRY C. HEIER did not lisp in numbers—for poetry was not his talent—but his parents do say that when in his high chair, still scarcely able to talk, he used pencil and paper to draw infantile sketches of the chairs, tables and lamps. Today, at the age of 14 years, a seventh grade pupil at the Adams School, he has won first prize, a silver cup, in a cartoon contest instituted by the Missouri Women's Committee of the Third Liberty Loan organization—and won it over the competition of several adult rivals.

Henry lives at 1303 Kentucky avenue and is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry A. Heier. The former is an employee of the Bell Telephone Co., and never attempted drawing. The mother used to sketch a bit in her youth, but has not recently practiced the art. It is agreed that the boy took it up spontaneously.

At school he has had some practice in pencil sketching, but he essayed pen and ink drawing on his own initiative two years ago. His first sketch with the new material was an automobile; then he undertook to trace "Mutt and Jeff" cartoons and the Weather Bird in the Post-Dispatch. After copying several examples of these series, he made a number of originals in the same style.

About a year ago, upon the entrance of the United States into the war, the boy became interested in war cartoons in the newspapers, and discovered so many ideas came to him for similar drawings that he had scarcely time to note them down. Since then he has been chiefly occupied in drawing war cartoons. Several examples are given on this page. Undoubtedly they have defects of drawing, for Henry has had no formal lessons; they are chiefly interesting for a vigor and variety of ideas unusual in so young a lad. His parents propose, when he is a bit older, to enter him in an art school.

This is by no means young Heier's debut in print. Several of his cartoons have been published in a magazine issued for Bell Telephone Co. employees, which enjoys a considerable circulation. No one suggests his subjects to him; he reads the newspapers each day for the latest war news, and as he reads, he says, ideas for drawings throng into his mind. His only

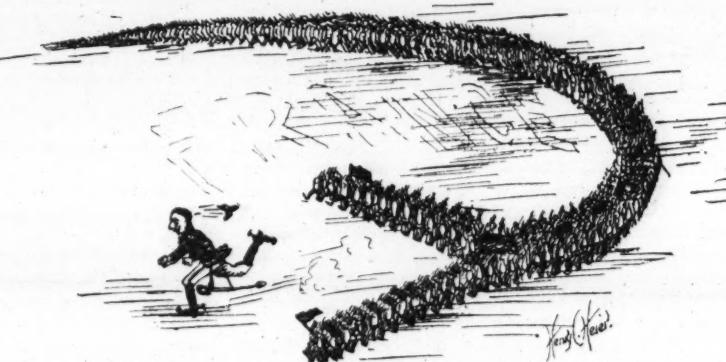


Henry C. Heier.

trouble is to sketch them out before he forgets them. An especial favorite with him, on which he executes many variations, is the theme of American soldiers triumphing over the Kaiser. Henry is rather small for his age, but has a pair of observant eyes, and a head of promising volume in the important region above the ears.

How keen is the boy's intuition is shown by the drawing entitled "Two Score Boards," showing the stay-at-home peering across for the tally in the game between the Kaiser and America, while a soldier is looking just as eagerly to learn the latest baseball score. A soldier in France recently wrote home a bitter complaint that no one informed him about the standing of Atlanta in the Southern League. He got lots of other news, about Chateau Thirry and the Woerthe sector, but this was not the news he wanted. Another cartoon of originality is called "The Worm Has Turned."

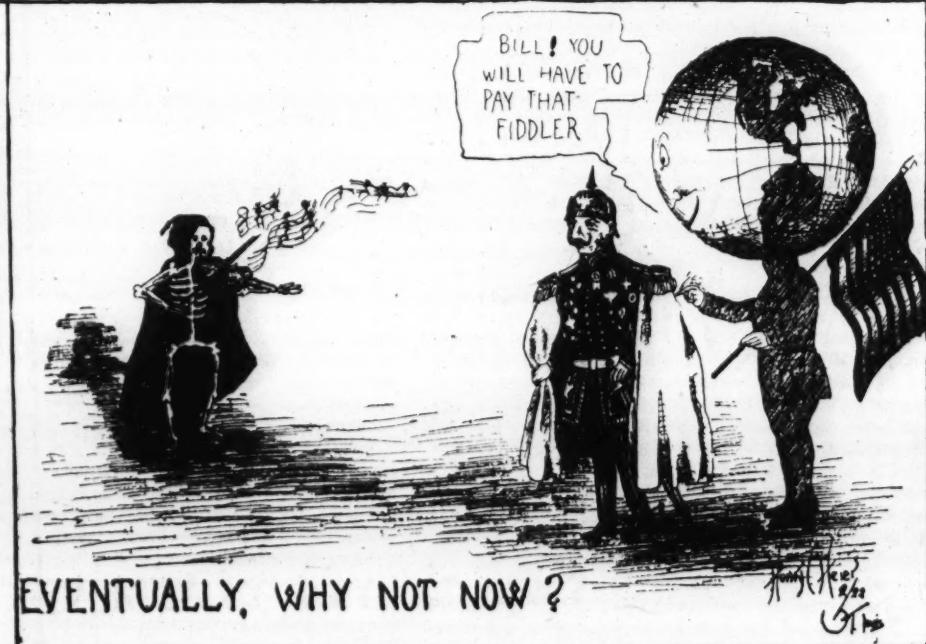
## THE CONTEMPTIBLE LITTLE AMERICAN ARMY.



THE WORM HAS TURNED.



HIS COUNSELORS.



EVENTUALLY, WHY NOT NOW?

# THE SPRING OF A LION

By H. RIDER HAGGARD

THE story which is narrated in the following pages came to me from the lips of my old friend Allan Quatermain, or Hunter Quatermain, as we used to call him in South Africa. He told it to me one evening when I was stopping with him at the place he bought in Yorkshire. Shortly after that, the death of his only son so unsettled him that he immediately left England, accompanied by two companions, who were old fellow voyagers of his—Sir Henry Curtis and Capt. Good—and has now utterly vanished into the dark heart of Africa. He is persuaded that a white people, of whom he had heard rumors all his life, exists somewhere on the highlands in the vast, still unexplored interior, and his great ambition is to find them before he dies. This is the wild quest upon which he and his companions have departed, and from which, I shrewdly suspect, they never will return. One letter only have I received from the old gentleman, dated from a mission station high up the Tana, a river on the east coast, about 300 miles north of Zanzibar; in it he says they have gone through many hardships and adventures, but are alive and well, and have found traces which go far toward making him hope that the results of their wild quest may be a "magnificent and unexampled discovery." I greatly fear, however, that all he has discovered is death; for this letter came a long while ago, and nobody has heard a single word of the party since. They have totally vanished.

It was on the last evening of my stay at his house that he told the ensuing story to me and Capt. Good, who was dining with him. He had eaten his dinner and drunk two or three glasses of old port, just to help Good and myself to the end of the second bottle. It was an unusual thing for him to do, for he was a most abstemious man, having conceived, as he used to say, a great horror of drink from observing its effects upon the class of men—hunters, transport riders and others—among whom he had passed so many years of his life. Consequently, the good wine took more effect on him than it would have done on most men, sending a little flush into his wrinkled cheeks, and making him talk more freely than usual.

Dear old man! I can see him now, as he went limping up and down the vestibule, with his gray hair sticking up in scrubbing-brush fashion, his shriveled, yellow face, and his large dark eyes, that were as keen as any hawk's, and yet soft as a buck's. The whole room was hung with trophies of his numerous hunting expeditions, and he had some story about every one of them, if only you could get him to tell them. Generally he would not, for he was not very fond of narrating his own adventures, but tonight the port wine made him more communicative.

"Ah, you brute!" he said, stopping beneath an unusually large skull of a lion, which was fixed just over the mantelpiece, beneath a long row of guns, its jaws distended to their utmost width. "Ah, you brute! You have given me a lot of trouble for the last dozen years, and will, I suppose, to my dying day."

"Tell us the yarn, Quatermain," said Good. "You have often promised to tell me, and you never have."

"You had better not ask me to," he answered, "for it is a longish one."

"All right," I said, "the evening is young, and there is some more port."

Thus adjured, he filled his pipe from a jar of coarse-cut Boer tobacco that was always standing on the mantelpiece, and, still walking up and down the room, began:

"It was, I think, in March of 1869 that I was up in Sikukuni's country. It was just after old Sequati's time, and the Sikukuni had got into power—I forgot how. Anyway, I was there. I had heard that the Bapedi people had got down an enormous quantity of ivory from the interior, so I started with a wagon-load of goods and came straight away from Middelburg, to try and trade some of it. It was a risky thing to go into the country so early, on account of the fever, but I knew that there were one or two others after that lot of ivory, so I determined to have a try for it, and take my chance of fever. I had got so tough from continual knocking about that I did not set it down at much. Well, I got on all right for a while. It is a wonderfully beautiful piece of bush veldt, with great ranges of mountains running through it, and round granite kopjes starting up here and there, looking like sentinels over the rolling waste of bush. But it is very hot—hot as a stew pan—and when I was there

that March, which, of course, is autumn in that part of Africa, the whole place reeked of fever. Every morning as I trekked along down by the Oliphant River, I used to creep out of the wagon at dawn and look out. But there was no river to be seen—only a long line of billows of what looked like the finest cotton wool tossed up lightly with a pitchfork. It was the fever mist. Out from among the scrub, too, came little spirals of vapor, as though there were hundreds of tiny fires alight in it—reek rising from thousands of tons of rotting vegetation. It was a beautiful place, but the beauty was the beauty of death; and all those lines and blots of vapor wrote one great word across the surface of the country, and that word was 'fever.'

"It was a dreadful year of illness, that. I came, I remember, to one little kraal of Knobnoses, and went up to see if I could get some maas (curdled buttermilk) and a few mealies. As I got near, I was struck with the silence of the place. No children began to chatter, and no dogs barked. Nor could I see any native sheep or cattle. The place, though it had evidently been recently inhabited, was as still as the bush round it, and some guinea fowl got up out of the prickly pear bushes right at the kraal gate. I remember that I hesitated a little before going in, there was such an air of desolation about the spot. Nature never looks desolate when man has not yet laid his hand upon her breast; she is only lonely. But when man has been and has passed away, then she looks desolate.

"Well, I passed into the kraal and went up to the principal hut. In front of the hut was something with an old sheepskin kaross (rug) thrown over it. I stooped down and threw off the rug, and then shrank back amazed, for under it was the body of a young woman recently dead. For a moment I thought of turning back, but my curiosity overcame me; so going past the woman, I went down on my hands and knees and crept into the hut. It was so dark that I could not see anything, though I could smell a great deal—so I lit a match. It was a 'tand-stickor' match, and burnt slowly and dimly, and as the light gradually increased I made out what I thought was a lot of people—men, women and children—fast asleep. Presently it burnt up brightly and I saw that they, too, five of them altogether, were quite dead. One was a baby. I dropped the match in a hurry, and was making my way out of the hut as hard as I could go, when I caught sight of two bright eyes staring out of a corner. Thinking it was a wildcat or some such animal, I redoubled my

haste, when suddenly a voice near the eyes began first to mutter and then to send up a succession of awful yells. Hastily I lit another match, and perceived that the eyes belonged to an old woman, wrapped up in a greasy leather garment. Taking her by the arm, I dragged her out, for she could not, or would not, come by herself, and the stench was overpowering me. Such a sight as she was—a bag of bones, covered over with black, shriveled parchment. The only white thing about her was her wool, and she seemed to be pretty well dead, except for eyes and her voice. She thought that I was a devil come to take her, and that is why she yelled so. Well, I got her down to the wagon, and gave her a 'tot' of Cape smoke, and then, as soon as it was ready, poured about a pint of beef stew down her throat, made from the flesh of a blue vilderbeeste I had killed the day before, and after that she brightened up wonderfully. She could talk Zulu—indeed, it turned out that she had run away from Zululand in T'Chaka's time—and she told me that all the people that I had seen had died of fever. When they had died, the other inhabitants of the kraal had taken the cattle and gone away, leaving the poor old woman, who was helpless from age and infirmity, to perish of starvation or disease, as the case might be. She had been sitting there for three days among the bodies when I found her. I took her on to the next kraal, and gave the headman a blanket to look after her, promising him another if I found her well when I came back. I remember that he was much astonished at my parting with two blankets for the sake of such a worthless old creature. 'Why did I not leave her in the bush?' he asked. Those people carry the doctrine of the survival of the fittest to its extreme, you see.

"It was the night after I had got rid of the old woman that I made my first acquaintance with my friend yonder," and he nodded toward the skull that seemed to be grinning down at us in the shadow of the mantelpiece. "I had trekked from dawn till 11 o'clock—a long trek—but I wanted to get on; and then had the oxen turned out to graze, sending the voorlooper to look after them, meaning to inspan again about 6 o'clock, and trek with the moon till 10. Then I got into the wagon and had a good sleep till 2:30 or so in the afternoon, when I got up and cooked some meat, and had my dinner, washing it down with a pannekin of black coffee—for it was difficult to get preserved milk in those days. Just as I had finished, and the driver, a man called Tom, was washing up the things,

*"Well, the lion sniffed and sniffed, beginning at my ankle and slowly nosing away up to my thigh."*



# LONG LIVE THE KING!

BY MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

## CHAPTER XXXIX.

### THE LINCOLN PENNY.

AND so, at last, King Otto the Ninth reached his palace, and was hurried up the stairs to the room where the Council waited. Not at all a royal figure, but a tired little boy in gray trousers, a short Eton coat and a rolling collar which had once been white.

He gave one glance around the room. "My grandfather!" he said. And fell to crying into his dirty pocket handkerchief.

The Chancellor eyed grimly from under his shaggy brows the disreputable figure of his sovereign. Then he went toward him and put his hand on his head.

"He was very eager for this rest, Otto," he said.

Then he knelt, and very solemnly and with infinite tenderness, he kissed the small, not overclean, hand.

One by one the Council did the same thing.

King Otto straightened his shoulders and put away the handkerchief. It had occurred to him that he was a man now and must act a man's part in the world.

"May I see him?" he asked. "I didn't see him before."

"Your people are waiting, sire," the Chancellor said, gravely. "To a ruler, his people must come first."

And so, in the clear light from the room behind him, Otto the Ninth first stood before his people. They looked up, and hard eyes grew soft, tense muscles relaxed. They saw the erectness of the small figure, the steadiness of the blue eyes that had fought back their tears, the honesty and fire and courage of this small boy who was their King.

Let such of the revolutionists as remained scream before the Parliament House. Let the flames burn and the drums beat. The solid citizens, the great mass of the people, looked up at the King and cheered mightily. Revolution had that night received its death blow, at the hands of a child. The mob prepared to go home to bed.

While King Otto stood on the balcony, down below in the crowd an American woman looked up, and suddenly caught her husband by the arm.

"Robert," she said, "Robert, it is Bobby's little friend!"

"Nonsense!" he retorted. "It's rather dramatic, isn't it? Nothing like this at home! See, they've crowned him already."

But Bobby's mother looked with the clear eyes of most women, and all mothers.

"They have not crowned him," she said, smiling, with tears in her eyes. "The absurd little King. They have forgotten to take off his paper crown!"

The dead King lay in state in the royal chapel. Tall candles burned at his head and feet, set in long black standards. His uniform lay at his feet, his cap, his sword. The flag of his country was draped across him. He looked very rested.

In a small private chapel near by lay old Adelbert. They could not do him too much honor. He, too, looked rested, and he, too, was covered by the flag, and no one would have guessed that a part of him had died long before, and lay buried on a battlefield. It was, unfortunately, his old uniform that he wore. They had added his regimental flag to the national one, and on it they had set his shabby cap. He, too, might have been a King. There were candles at his head and feet, also; but, also, he had now no sword.

Thus it happened that old Adelbert, the traitor, lay in state in the palace, and that monks, in long brown robes, knelt and prayed by him. Perhaps he needed their prayers. But perhaps, in the great accounting, things are balanced up, the good against the bad. In that case, who knows?

The palace mourned and the palace rejoiced. Haeckel had told what he knew and the leaders of the Terrorists were in prison. Some, in high places, would be

*But now that he had come it was Nikky who implored and Hedwig who held off.*



to the servant who came. "Take two of the guard, and bring her."

Then, remembering the work he had to do, he took another sip of milk. "These things you have done," he said to Nikky. "And weak and wicked enough they are. But, on the other hand, you found the King."

"Others found him also. Besides, that does not affect my guilt, sir," said Nikky steadily.

Suddenly the Chancellor got up and, going to Nikky, put both hands on his shoulders.

Quite to the end now, with the Countess not in her rooms or anywhere in the palace. With the bonfires burned to cold ashes and the streets deserted. With the police making careful search for certain men whose names Haeckel had given, and tearing frenzied placards from the walls. With Hilda sitting before her dressing table holding a stocking to her cheek, to see if she would look well in black. With Miss Braithwaite still lying in her drugged sleep, watched over by the Sisters who had cared for the dead King, and with Karl, across the mountains, dreaming of a bride who would never be his.

Quite to the end. Only a word or two now, and we may leave the little King to fulfill his splendid destiny. Not a quiet life, we may be certain. Perhaps not a very peaceful or untroubled one. But a brave and steadfast one, be sure of that.

What should we gain by following Olga Loschek, eating her heart out in England, or the Committee of Ten, cowering in its cells? They had failed, as the wicked, sooner or later, must fall. Or Karl, growing fat in a prosperous land, alike greedy for conquest and too indolent for battle?

To finish the day, then, and close with midnight.

Nikky first, a subdued and rather battered Nikky. He was possessed by a desire, not indeed unknown to lovers, to revisit the place where he and Hedwig had met before. The roof—no less. Not even then that he hoped for himself any more than he had hoped before. But at least it could not be Karl.

He felt that he could relinquish her more easily since it was not Karl. As if, poor Nikky, it would ever make any difference who it was, so it were not he!

Strangely enough, Hedwig also had had a fancy to visit the roof. She could not sleep. And, as she had not read the Chancellor's mind, her dressing room, filled to overflowing with her trousseau, set her frantic.

So she had dismissed her maid and gone through Hubert's rooms to the roof. Nikky found her there. He stood quite still for a moment, because it was much too good to be true. Also, because he began to tremble again. He had really turned quite shaky that evening, had Nikky.

Hedwig did not turn her head. She knew his steps, had really known he must come, since she was calling him. Actually calling, with all her determined young will. Oh, she was shameless!

But now that he had come, it was Nikky who implored, and Hedwig who held off.

"My only thought in all the world," he said. "Can you ever forgive me?" This was tactless. No lover should ever remind his lady that he has withheld her.

"For what?" said Hedwig coolly.

"For loving you so." This was much better, quite strategic, indeed. A trench gained!

"Do you really love me? I wonder."

But Nikky was tired of words, and rather afraid of them. They were not his weapons. He trusted more, as has been said somewhere else, in his two strong arms.

"Too much ever to let you go," he said. Which means nothing unless we take it for granted that she was in his arms. And she was, indeed.

The King, having been examined and given some digestive tablets by the court physicians—a group which, strangely enough, did not include Dr. Wellerman—had been given a warm bath and put to bed.

There was much formality as to the process now. (Continued on Page 14.)

# The Spring of a Lion

(Continued)

in comes the young scoundrel of a voorjooper driving one ox before him.

"Where are the other oxen?" I asked.

"Koos!" he said. "Koos (chief), the other oxen have gone away. I turned my back for a minute, and when I looked around again, they were all gone except Kaptein here, who was rubbing his back against a tree."

"You mean that you have been asleep, and let them stray, you villain. I will rub your back against a stick," I answered, feeling very angry, for it was not a pleasant prospect to be stuck up in that fever trap for a week or so while we were hunting for the oxen. "Off you go, and you, too, Tom, and, mind you, don't come back till you have found them. They have trekked back along the Middleburg road, and are a dozen miles off by now. I'll be bound. Now, no words; go, both of you."

Tom, the driver, swore and caught the lad a hearty kick, which he richly deserved, and then, having tied old Kaptein up to the disselboom with a rein, they got their assegais and sticks and started. I would have gone, too, only I knew that somebody must look after the wagon, and I did not like to leave either of the boys with it at night. I was in a very bad temper, indeed, although I was pretty well used to these sort of occurrences, and soothed myself by taking a rifle and going to kill something. For a couple of hours I poked about without seeing anything that I could get a shot at, but at last, just as I was again within about 70 yards of the wagon, I put up an old Impala ram from behind a mimosa thorn. He ran straight for the wagon, and it was not till he was passing within a few feet of it that I could get a decent shot at him. Then I pulled and caught him half-down the spine; over he went, dead as a doornail, and a pretty shot it was, though I ought not to say it. This little incident put me into rather a better temper, especially as the buck had rolled over right against the after part of the wagon, so I had only to gut him, fix a rein round his legs and haul him up. By the time I had done this the sun was down and the full moon was up, and a beautiful moon it was. And then there came down that wonderful hush that sometimes falls over the African bush in the early hours of the night. No beast was moving and no bird called. Not a breath of air stirred the quiet trees, and the shadows did not even quiver; they only grew. It was very oppressive, for there was not a sign of the cattle or the boys. I was quite thankful for the society of old Kaptein, who was lying down contentedly against the disselboom, chewing the cud with a good conscience.

Presently, however, Kaptein began to get restless. First, he snorted; then he got up and snorted again. I could not make it out, so, like a fool, I got down off the wagon box to have a look round, thinking it might be the lost oxen coming.

"Next instant I regretted it, for all of a sudden I heard an awful roar and saw something yellow flash past me and light on poor Kaptein. Then came a bellow of agony from the ox, and a crunch as the lion put his teeth through the poor brute's neck, and I began to realize what had happened. My rifle was in the wagon, and my first thought was to get hold of it, and I turned and made a bolt for it. I got my foot on the wheel and flung my body forward onto the wagon, and there I stopped as if I were frozen, and no wonder, for as I was about to spring up I heard the lion behind me, and the next second I felt the brute, aye, as plainly as I can feel this table. I felt him, I say, sniffing at my left leg that was hanging down.

"My word! I did feel queer; I don't think that I ever felt so queer before. I dared not move for the life of me, and the odd thing was that I seemed to lose power over my leg, which had an insane sort of inclination to kick out of its own mere motion—just as hysterical people want to laugh when they ought to be particularly solemn. Well, the lion sniffed and sniffed, beginning at my ankle and slowly nosing away up to my thigh. I thought that he was going to get hold then, but he did not. He only growled softly, and went back to the ox. Shifting my head a little I got a full view of him. He was the biggest lion I ever saw, and I have seen a great many, and he had a most tremendous black mane. What his teeth were like you can see—look there, pretty big ones, ain't them? Altogether he was a magnificent animal, and as I lay there sprawling on the fore-tongue of the wagon, it occurred to me that he would look uncommonly well in a cage. He stood there by the carcass of poor Kaptein, and deliberately disemboweled him as neatly as a butcher could have done. All this

bore because it shot a bullet very well; and my experience has been that a round ball from a smoothbore is quite as effective against a lion as an express bullet. The lion is soft, and not a difficult animal to finish, if you hit him anywhere in the body. A buck takes far more killing.

"Well, I started, and the first thing I set to work to do was to try to make out whereabouts the brutes lay up for the day. About 300 yards from the wagon was the crest of a rise covered with single mimosa trees, dotted about in park-like fashion, and beyond this was a stretch of open plain running down to a dry pan, or water hole, which covered about an acre of ground and was densely clothed with reeds, now in the sere and yellow leaf. From the further edge of this pan the ground sloped up again to a great cleft, or mullah, which was pretty thickly sprinkled with bush, among which grew some large trees, I forgot of what sort.

"It at once struck me that the dry pan would be a likely place to find my friends in, as there is nothing a lion is fonder of than lying up in reeds, through which he can see things without being seen himself. Accordingly, thither I went and prospected. Before I got half-way round the pan I found the remains of a blue wildebeeste that had evidently been killed within the last three or four days and partially devoured by lions; and from other indications about I was soon assured that, if the family were not in the pan that day, they spent a good deal of their spare time there. But if there, the question was how to get them out; for it was clearly impossible to think of going in after them unless one was quite determined to commit suicide. Now, there was a strong wind blowing from the direction of the wagon, across the reedy pan toward the bushy kloof of donga, and this first gave the idea of firing the reeds, which, as I think I told you, were pretty dry. Accordingly, Tom took some matches and began starting little fires to the left, and I did the same to the right. But the reeds were still green at the bottom, and we should never have got them well alight had it not been for the wind, which got stronger and stronger as the sun got higher, and forced the fire into them. At last, after half an hour's trouble, the flame got a hold, and began to spread out like a fan, whereupon I got round to the further side of the pan to wait for the lions, standing well out in the open, as we stood at the copse today where you shot the woodcock. It was a rather risky thing to do, but I used to be so sure of my shooting in those days that I did not so much mind the risk. Scarcely had I got round when I heard the reeds parting before the onward rush of some animal. 'Now for it,' said I. On it came. I could see that it was yellow, and prepared for action, when, instead of a lion, out bounded a beautiful reit-bok which had been lying in the shelter of the pan. It must, by the way, have been a reit-bok of a peculiarly confiding nature to lay itself down with the lion like the lamb of prophecy, but I suppose that the reeds were thick, and that it kept a long way off.

"Well, I let the reit-bok go, and it went like the wind, and I kept my eyes fixed upon the reeds. The fire was burning like a furnace now; the flames crackling and roaring as they bit into the reeds, sending spouts of fire 20 feet and more into the air, and making the hot air dance above it in a way that was perfectly dazzling. But the reeds were still half green, and created an enormous quantity of smoke, which came rolling toward me like a curtain, lying very low on account of the wind. Presently, above the crackling of the first, I heard a startled roar, then another and another. So the lions were at home.

"I was beginning to get excited now, for, as you fellows know, there is nothing in experience to warm up your nerves like a lion at close quarters, unless it is a wounded buffalo; and I got still more so when I made out through the smoke that the lions were all moving about on the extreme edge of the reeds. Occasionally they would pop their heads out like rabbits from a burrow, and then, catching sight of me standing about 50 yards out, drew them back again. I knew it must be getting pretty warm behind them, and that they could not keep the game up for long; and I was not mistaken, for suddenly all four of them broke cover together, the old black-maned lion leading by a few yards. I never saw a more splendid sight in all my hunting experience than those four lions bounding across the veldt, overshadowed by the dense pall of smoke and backed by the fiery furnace of the burning reeds.

"I reckoned that they would pass, on their road to the bushy kloof, within about five and twenty yards of me, so, taking a long breath, I got my gun well on to the lion's shoulder—the black-maned one—so as to allow for an inch or two of motion, and catch him through the heart. I was on, dead on, and my finger was just beginning to tighten on the trigger, when

(Continued on Page 15.)



"Just as he touched  
the highest point  
of his spring  
I fired."

while I dared not move, for he kept lifting his head and keeping an eye on me as he lifted his bloody chops. When he had cleaned Kaptein out, he opened his mouth and roared, and I am not exaggerating when I say that the sound shook the wagon. Instantly there came back an answering roar.

"Heavens!" I thought, "there is his mate!"

"Hardly was the thought out of my head when I caught sight in the moonlight of the lioness bounding along through the long grass, and after her a couple of cubs about the size of mastiffs. She stopped within a few feet of my head and stood and waved her tail, and fixed me with her glowing yellow eyes; but just as I thought that all was over, she turned and began to feed on Kaptein, and so did the cubs. There were the four of them within eight feet of me, growling and quarreling, rending and tearing and crunching poor Kaptein's bones; and there I lay, shaking with terror, and the cold perspiration pouring out of me, feeling like another Daniel come to judgment, in a new sense of the phrase. Presently the cubs had eaten their fill and began to get restless. One went round to the back of the wagon and pulled at the Impala buck that hung there, and the other came round my way and began the sniffing game at my leg. Indeed, he did more than that, for, my trousers being hitched up a little, he began to lick the bare skin with his rough tongue. The more he licked the more he liked it, to judge from his increased vigor and the loud purring noise he made. Then I knew that the end had come, for in another second his file-like tongue would have rasped through the skin of my leg—which was luckily pretty tough—and have got to the blood, and then there would be no chance for me. So I just lay there and thought of my sins, and prayed to the Almighty, and thought that, after all, life was a very enjoyable thing.

"And then, all of a sudden, I heard a crashing of bushes, and the shouting and whistling of men, and there were the two boys coming back with the cattle which they had found trekking along all together. The lions lifted their heads and listened, and then without a sound bounded off—and I fainted.

"The lions came back no more that night, and by the next morning my nerves had got pretty straight again; but I was full of wrath when I thought of all that I had gone through at the hands, or rather noses, of those four lions, and of the fate of my after ox, Kaptein. He was a splendid ox, and I was very fond of him. So wrath was I that, like a fool, I determined to go for the whole family of them. It was worthy of a greenhorn, out on his first hunting trip; but I did it, nevertheless. Accordingly, after breakfast, having rubbed some oil upon my leg, which was very sore from the cub's tongue, I took the driver, Tom, who did not half like the job, and having armed myself with an ordinary double No. 12, smoothbore, the first breechloader I ever had, I started. I took the smooth-

## Fabre's Last Visions of Insect Life

the dome a few tiny, empty snail shells, bleached by the sun. I have seen nests where snail shells took the place of pebbles almost entirely. They were boxes made of shells, the work of a patient hand." All this decoration seems to have not the slightest utilitarian reason. "Might there not be an insect science of esthetics?"

In this house the mother deposits her egg, together with a supply of food in the way of caterpillars, poisoned and half paralyzed. The game is preserved by being kept half alive and half kicking. What of a fragile wasp's egg deposited in this mass of still active jaws and legs? The egg is suspended from the top by a thread and hatches swaying in midair. The thread is lengthened, so that the new-born wasp, hanging head down, digs into the soft body of one of the caterpillars. Should the caterpillar show fight, the young wasp hastily ascends the thread to safety. In the end, when the youngster has grown sufficiently in strength, he throws himself upon the wretched, alive, but half-eaten creatures.

In some wasps the cells will sometimes contain five caterpillars and sometimes 10. Why the disproportion? Because the female is twice as large as the male, and nests containing eggs which will hatch females contain twice as much food. But the egg is laid when the larder is stocked. The mother knows beforehand the sex of the egg she is about to lay.

This occurs most strikingly among the osmiae, solitary bees. The female here also is twice as large as the male. The mother places her egg in almost any cavity of suitable size to accommodate the offspring in its larval stages. In captivity, if she is given nooks large enough, half of her eggs will be male and half female. But if the receptacle is only large enough to accommodate the small male larva, she will lay eggs from which males will issue. Her anatomy is such that only one egg at a time is fully formed, and only that one can be deposited. In a roomy receptacle the egg may be either male or female, but if the mother be given a space restricted to the size of the male larva, the egg which she immediately lays will develop a male. To the last moment the egg has not yet a fixed sex. "To meet the conditions of building, which is often the work of another, or else a natural retreat that admits of little or no alteration, she lays either a male or a female egg as she pleases. The distribution of sexes depends upon herself."

While with the bees, let us have a scene of insect love-making. The newly hatched osmiae come into the light. The males emerge first, and they skirmish around awaiting the females, one of which presently appears. "She is covered with dust and has the disordered toilet that is inseparable from the hard work of deliverance. A lover has seen her, so

has a second, likewise a third. All crowd around her. The lady responds to their advances by clashing her mandibles, which open and shut several times in succession. The suitors forthwith fall back; and they also, no doubt to keep up their dignity, execute savage mandibular grimaces. Then the beauty retires into the arbor and her wooers resume their place on the threshold. A fresh appearance of the female, who repeats the play with her jaws; a fresh retreat of the males, who do the best they can to flourish their own pincers. The osmiae have a strange way of declaring their passion; with that fearsome gnashing of their mandibles, the lovers look as though they meant to devour each other. It suggests the thumps affected by our yokels in their moments of gallantry."

The mother passion is the source par excellence of striking insect life pictures. The black-bellied tarantula has wrapped her eggs in a silken cloth. She attaches the precious burden to her body and goes about her business dragging it at her heels. "It is a sight worth seeing, that of the lycosa dragging her treasure after her, never leaving it day or night, sleeping or waking, and defending it with a courage that strikes the beholder with awe. If I try to take the bag from her, she presses it to her breast in despair, hangs on to my pinchers, bites them with her poison fangs. I can hear the daggers grating on the steel." But if the filii be gotten away and a ball of cork or other substance of similar size be given her, the affectionate tarantula clasps it to her bosom with an equal devotion and will carry it around with her.

The tarantula's usual habit is to sun herself with the front half of her body outside the lair, but in fulfilling her maternal duties she reverses this posture. The front is in the hole, the rear outside. With her hind legs she holds the bag of eggs to the sun, turning it over and over to warm it evenly. This is repeated daily, with exquisite patience, for three or four weeks.

The tarantula then carries her swarm of youngsters on her back; they form a veritable mantle. "Nowhere can we hope to see a more edifying domestic picture than the lycosa clothed with her young." But according to all seeming the young spiders while at this stage eat nothing. No feeding on their part can be observed. How can this be? It is true that during this stage they do not grow, and so need no building materials. But they skip about quite actively and must have food to burn for energy. It must be that these little creatures are able to derive heat energy directly from sunlight, instead of through the usual combustion of food. The mother tarantula spends long hours basking in the sunlight with her young. "Well, this bath of life, which awakened the germs, is prolonged to keep the tender babes alive." The spider's infants are dining on sunlight!

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(Continued from Page 2.)

The terrible travesty of mother love comes in the life of the cabbage caterpillar, which becomes the white butterfly. When the butterfly lays her eggs the microgaster, one of the ichneumon flies, deposits her minute eggs inside the butterfly's egg, and when the hatched caterpillar appears, it bears inside itself the microgaster's tiny grubs. These grubs, with their soft mouths, live on the caterpillar's vital juices. The terrible pseudo children slowly drain their foster mother's vitals. The weakening caterpillar goes about its business, preparing for its transfiguration into a butterfly, laying a silken carpet for the process, which carpet the young microgasters will afterward use. "The dying caterpillar continues to lay the silk of his carpet with a slow oscillation of the head. The moment comes for the parasites to emerge. A breach is made on the ventral surface or else on the sides." The whole tribe soon emerge and perch on the back of the caterpillar, which, not quite dead yet, goes on another moment weaving the carpet for its slayers.

Let us take a final monstrous case of the most ghastly depravity mingled with sublime sacrifice. The burying beetle buries small birds, mammals and reptiles, not as stored food for itself, but for the sustenance of its offspring. In the confines of a cage these undertakers will bury carcass after carcass, eating scarcely anything, depositing their eggs with the game. They display most edifying industry and order until the proper season. Then they strike work and take themselves underground.

And now a most frightful orgy begins. Despite the abundance of food both above ground and stored with the eggs which they will not touch, the undertakers begin mutually eating one another. One emerges to the surface with one leg left and otherwise in a most battered condition. Another appears a little better off. He has two legs left. This one throws himself on the first, tears him to pieces and eats him. Famine plays no part in the slaughter. It is time for them to die, perhaps, and not being able to die naturally, instinct drives the undertaker to tear and eat his fellow, heedless that he, himself, is being torn to pieces and eaten by another. And so the horror goes on, until the tragedy is over until next year.

We seem to be in the face of a world of creatures gone mad, so different are they from our own type of life. What is the thing that actuates these lunatics? It is instinct. And what is instinct? Fabre answers grimly:

"Growing daily more skeptical of the interpretations suggested to me and more hesitating as to those which I myself may have to suggest, the more I observe and experiment the more clearly I see rising out of the black mists of possibility an enormous note of interrogation."

## St. Louisan Head of Most Important Naval Job

(Continued from Page 3.)

From a statement written by Rear Admiral Palmer himself the following additional revelations concerning the accomplishments of his bureau since the war began are quoted:

"The regular naval schools have been expanded and cover a large number of trades in addition to the regular work required, including schools for drivers, electricians, radio men, carpenters, machinists, blacksmiths, coppersmiths, bakers, hospital corps men, fuel oil men, camouflage, helmsmen, gyro-compass men, lookouts, armed guard crews, men for submarine work, aviation mechanics, etc.

"Training was also started in the battle fleet, and under the supervision of the Commander in Chief, every vessel at home and abroad is now an active training unit for both officers and men, in addition to carrying out its main mission of immediate readiness for battle. Trained destroyer, submarine and patrol boat men from the war zone are being brought back from time to time as nucleus crews to man many of the new vessels being put in commission, and the battleships are turning out specially trained crews for new battleships and for all other vessels in the fleet.

"Just before the war, or on Jan. 1 of last year, the navy had in full commission a total of 176 vessels of all classes. Since that time the Bureau of Navigation has put into commission hundreds of vessels of all types, transports, hospital ships, patrol vessels, mine layers, mine sweepers, converted yachts, gunboats, etc., so that the end of the first year of the war finds us with 1345 vessels fully commissioned with regular naval personnel. This has been an enormous task, as the increase of the personnel from 56,000 in January of last year to over 300,000 at the present time, represents raw recruit material, which has had to be trained by the small number of regular commissioned officers of the service.

"The bureau has been able, without delay, not only to furnish full complements of officers and men for all the vessels that the department has wished to commission and for all other activities, including avia-

tion and construction work at home and abroad, but it has anticipated the needs for the future and is fully prepared to provide an efficient personnel for all new vessels and for all future operations of the navy.

"By the end of this year 555 additional war vessels will be added to the 1345 now in full commission, making a total of 1900. The navy will also be required to furnish full naval personnel for a great part of the 850 merchant vessels to be ready by the end of this year, and will furnish armed guards and radio crews for the whole number, in addition to the complete armed guards and radio crews already furnished to 200 merchant vessels now operating in the war zone. The bureau is fully prepared for all the above demands.

"The training of the enlisted men of all branches has, of course, been one of the great tasks of the war, but the most important one has been the preparation of officer material and the training of officers to take positions on all types of vessels afloat. The course at the naval academy has been temporarily reduced from four to three years and the number of congressional appointments to that institution has been increased, but this action does not meet the immediate needs for the successful prosecution of the war.

"The best human material that the country affords is receiving intensive training courses at officer training schools in several districts, so that they will acquire enough information to start their work afloat. The intensive training is then continued on board ship, under actual sea conditions; and although nothing can take the place of a seasoned and trained commissioned personnel, when the responsibilities of navigation, seamanship, discipline, naval gunnery, engineering, tactical, strategical and radio work are considered, yet the next best material is being provided.

"The whole problem of the training, supply and assignment of officers and men has been worked out in detail for a complete year in advance, after taking into consideration the numbers of vessels which will be completed and commissioned.

"This schedule shows where the supply of both officers and men of all kinds of ranks and ratings will be obtained, where they will be trained, where they will

be rendezvoused after training, and to what class of duty they will be assigned afloat. The plan has been so carefully prepared in detail, with a sufficient factor of safety to allow for unforeseen casualties in the operations, that a consistent adherence to this policy will automatically deliver the required number of trained officers and men for any activities authorized or contemplated now or in the future, covering a space of several years.

"Particular attention has been paid to the welfare of the recruits. Naval officers on every ship and at every station have arranged valuable courses of instruction to add to the efficiency of the men. They have carefully studied the subject of contentment and happiness on ships and in camps and have provided amusements and recreation of all kinds. Assistance and advice are given in matters which add to the health and comfort of the men and they are encouraged to seek advancement. During the first year of the war, officers have trained over 1000 enlisted men so as to fit them for commissions and warrants. The general aim has been to produce a patriotic and efficient body of man o' war's men, prepared and eager for decisive action with the enemy.

"The naval reserve force has been started, completely organized and put on an efficient basis by the bureau. It has been of the greatest value in carrying out the operations of the war and will be an enormous asset in times of peace.

"Charts and navigation books furnished by the bureau have met every need of the fleets, both in home and foreign waters, though it has been a tremendous task to meet all the war-time demands.

"The supply of navigational instruments of all kinds has been of the greatest importance to the vessels afloat. The hundreds of new vessels placed in commission required a very great output in the way of compasses, binoculars, sextants, logs, chronometers and other instruments, but every need of the fleet has been filled and additional instruments of all kinds are now in the course of manufacture to supply the needs that daily arise with the commissioning of new vessels."

## NINETY IN THE SHADE



Eddie, the office boy, all ready to spring "Well, is it warm enough for you?" on the stenog.



Mrs. Ruggles, who bought her furs at a late spring sale, wants all the wear possible out of them before the style changes — heat or no heat.



Late afternoon on the boarding house steps. The ladies on the top step have about decided that it's not so much the heat as it is the humidity.

Character Sketches  
by W. E. HILL



The heat is getting on Ettie's nerves, and not even sister Josephine's warning, "You'll stretch yer mouth all out of shape mak' in them ugly faces," is any help.



"I should think those uniforms would be pretty hot?" Private Link, who has answered the above question at least nine times on one trolley ride, has about decided to get out and walk.



Joe, who delivers for "S. Brown, Choice Sea Food a Specialty," has the right idea on hot weather attire.



"Cool? Aw, it's wors'n a n'airshaft back of this soda fountain!"

Mr. Burns hotter than ever, and wondering why, after an order of steak and onions, beer, apple fritters and pie.

IN ST. LOUIS AND THE GREAT TERRITORY SERVED BY THE POST-DISPATCH, IT IS THE ONLY NEWSPAPER TO USE THE ROTOGRAVURE PROCESS OF PRINTING.

# ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

ST. LOUIS MO., SUNDAY, JUNE 30, 1918.

ROTOGRAVURE  
PICTURE SECTION



© COM. PUB. IN.

Scores of 24 inch searchlights, mounted on trucks, form part of the equipment of the Anti-Aircraft Section of the Engineers. They are plentifully distributed among seacoast cities and in Washington, D.C.



© COM. PUB. IN.

Searchlights

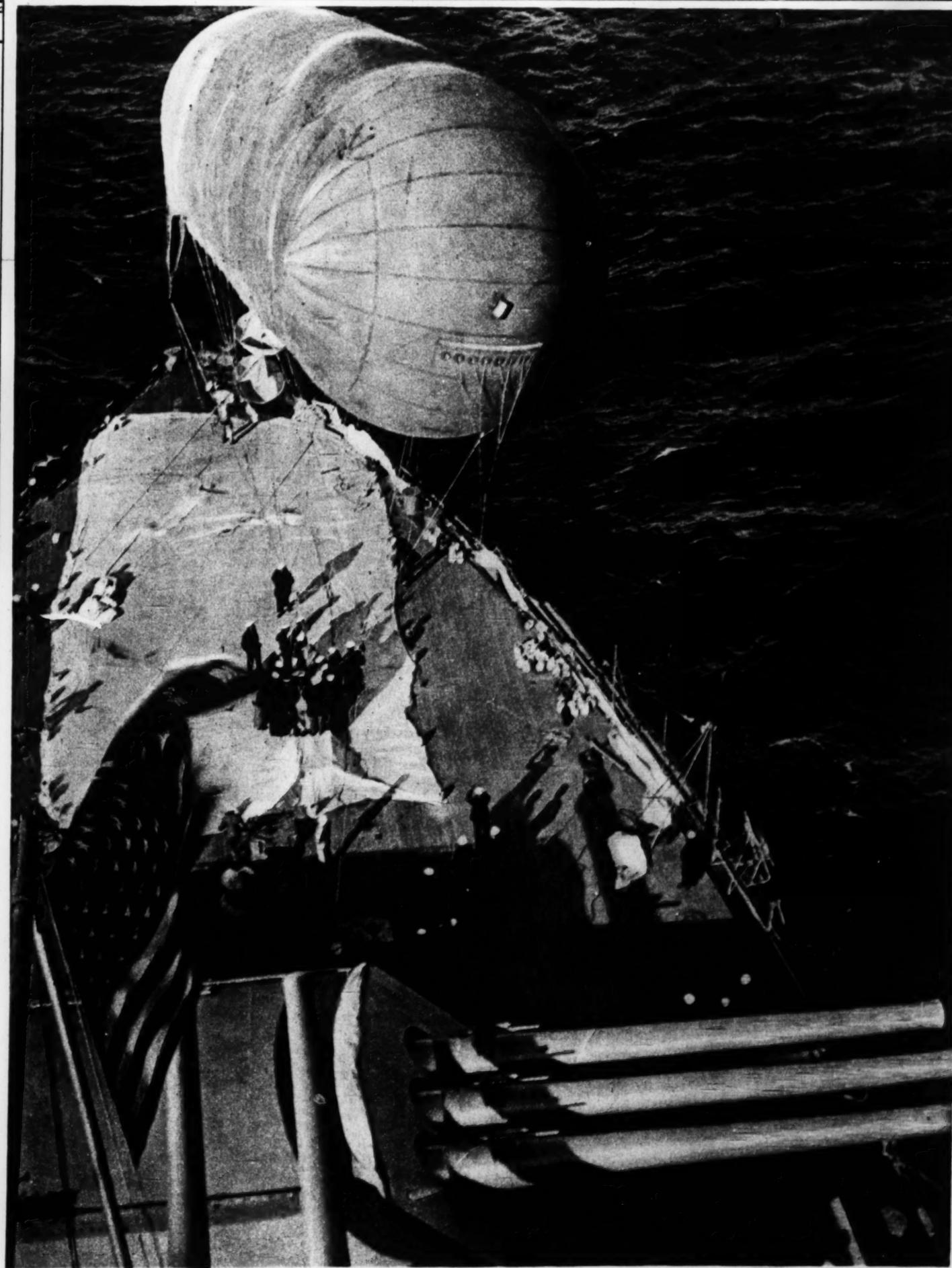
in use at Wash-  
ington Barracks,  
Washington,  
D.C.



© COM. PUB. IN.

A damaged building in Paris after a Hun raid.

A few of the searchlights in Washington testing their power at night. • © COM. PUB. IN.



© INTER. FILM.

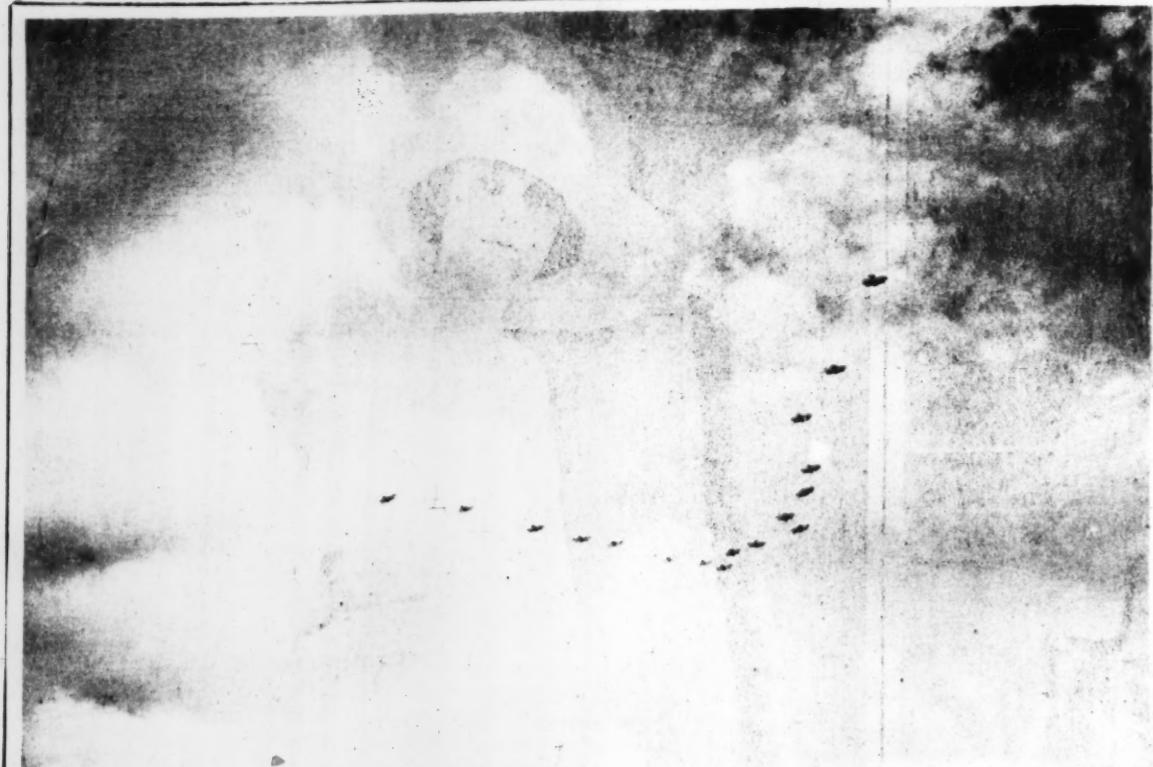
Ready to send up a sausage observation balloon from an American battleship off the Atlantic coast. All day long, off our most important harbors, these observers in the air are looking for evidence of a hostile submarine.

SUNDAY MORNING.

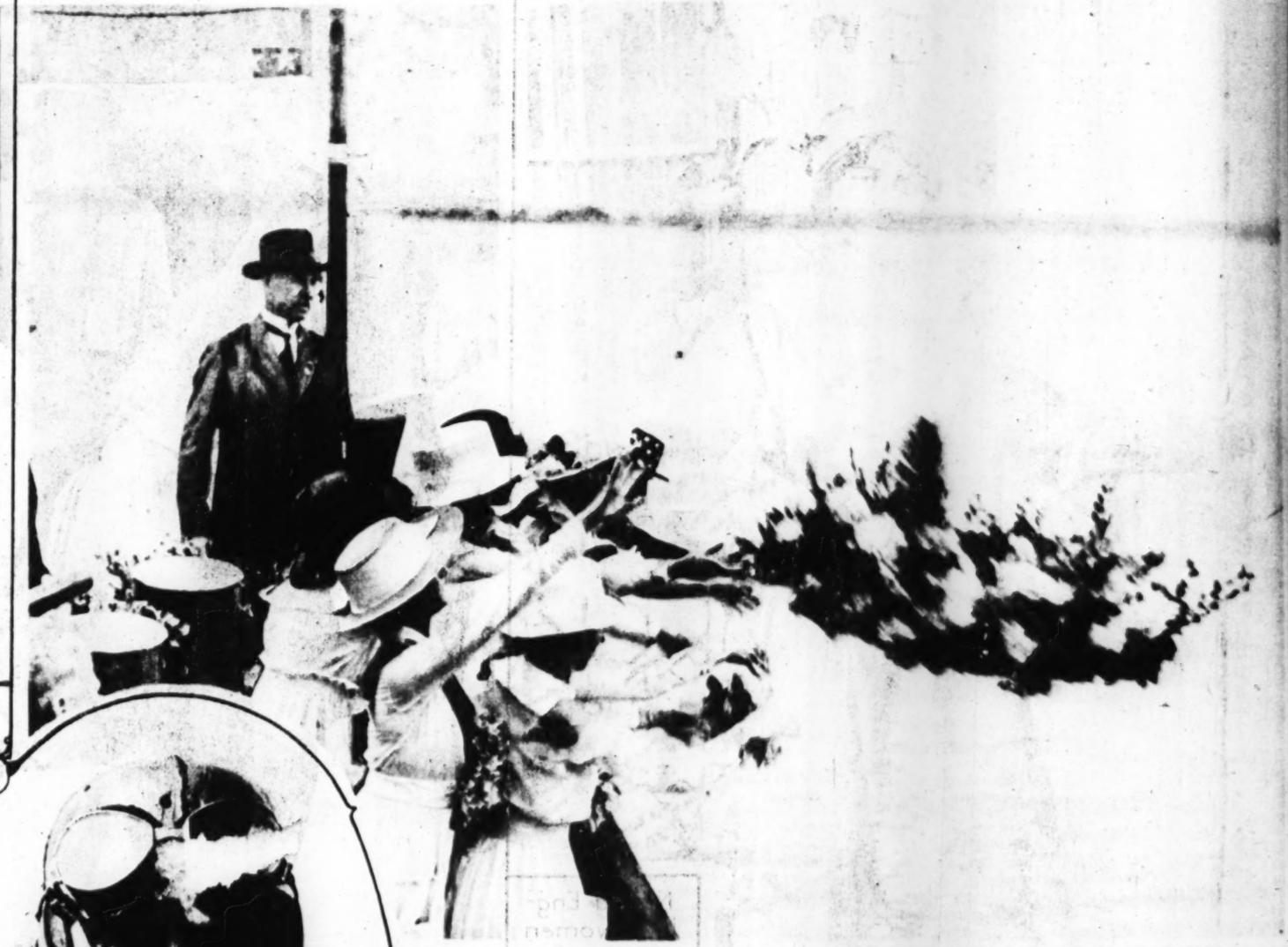
## ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH ROTOGRAVURE PICTURE SECTION

JUNE 30, 1918.

SUNDAY MORNING



Seventeen planes flying in battle formation at Rockwell Field, San Diego, Cal. © COM. PUB. IN.



Young society women of Washington casting wreath given by D.A.R. into the Potomac River on the anniversary of the sinking of the Lusitania. © G.V. BUCK



Heavy British gun which got too close to the edge of the road and is mired in the soft earth. © U.S.A.



Maj. John Purroy Mitchel, former Mayor of New York, in his flying clothes at the North Island Aviation School, San Diego, Cal. © COM. PUB. IN.



Wounded American soldiers being placed aboard hospital train in France.



Typical scenes in Paris after the Germans began their big drive. Thousands of refugees fled to the capital for safety and shelter. The boy at the right drew his grandmother more than 40 miles in the little handcart. © KADEL & HERBERT.



The biggest factory, and



18..

SUNDAY MORNING

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH ROTOGRAVURE PICTURE SECTION

JUNE 30, 1918.



Noted Englishwoman posing for an American movie film. Here is Elizabeth Asquith, daughter of the former Premier, in Puritan costume. Below, Lady Diana

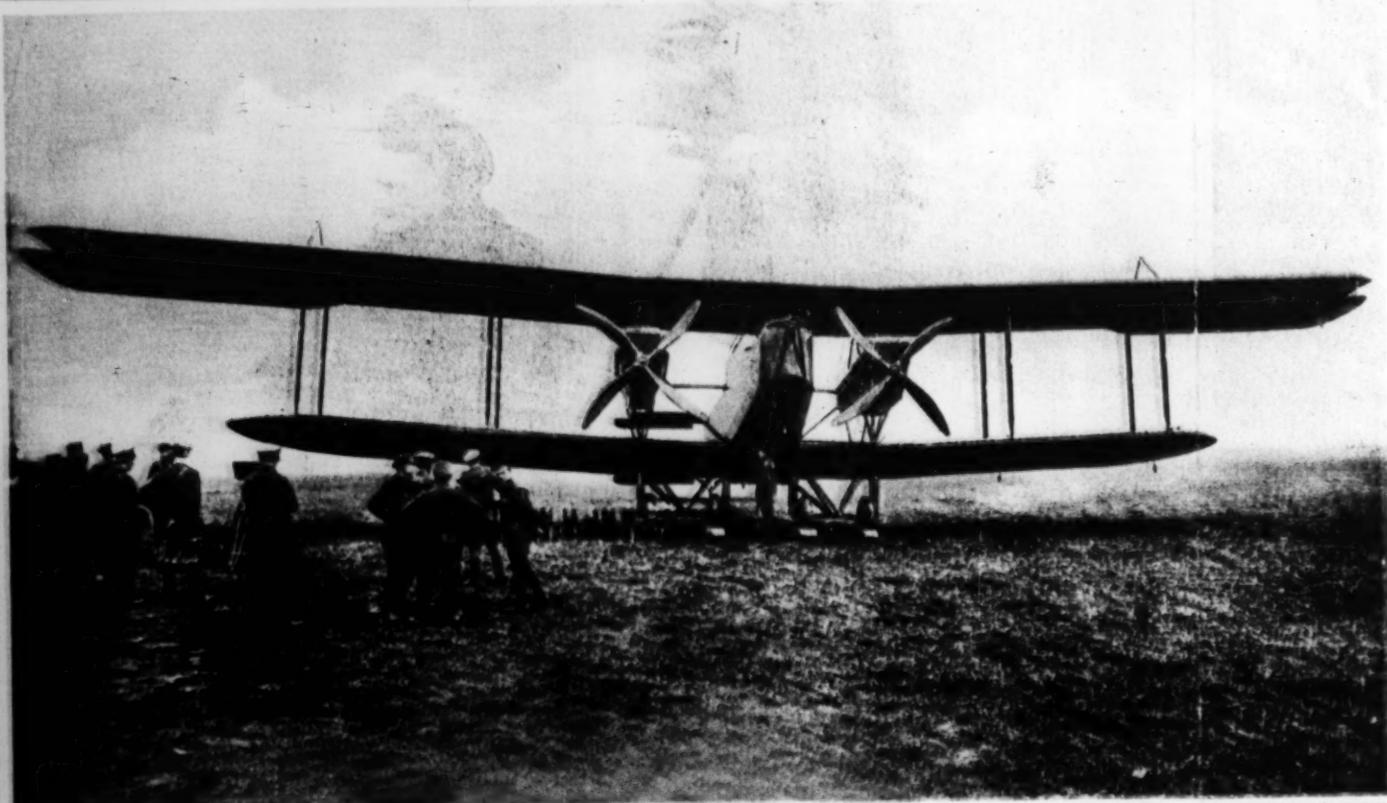


Manners getting instructions from the producer, D.W. Griffith. The King and Queen saw some of the pictures made. ♦ PHOTOS ©U.S.



Miss Annette Tilford, on "Chittah," blue ribbon winner at the Tuxedo Red Cross Horse Show. ©U.S.

Summer dancing frock of distinctive design. The back and front are made of alternating lace and georgette ruffles. ♦ ©U.S...



The biggest bombing plane made yet. It is the new Handley Page of English manufacture, and will carry nearly three tons of explosives. ♦ ©U.S.



A new star in the Paramount program — Lila Lee.



Testing a new non-sinkable, non-capsizable lifeboat off the Battery, New York. It also protects passengers against exposure.



© COM. PUB. IN.  
Lieut. Douglas Campbell,  
who became the first  
"ace" of American Flying  
Corps in France.

## LENOX HALL

"A Real Eastern School for Girls  
in the Heart of the Middle West"

Service is the key-note in  
the psalm of present day  
life. LENOX trains for  
real Service.

Red Cross First Aid, Play-  
ground work, Domestic Sci-  
ence, Business.

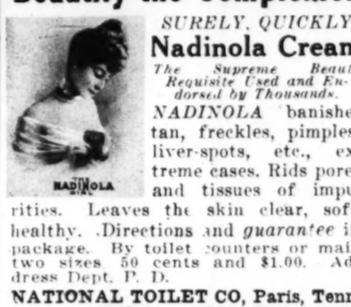
LENOX, while train-  
ing girls for the busi-  
ness of life, insculpts also  
the Cultural and Social  
graces which crown and  
glorify young Womanhood.

Writing to the Director, we  
advise early action.

Mrs. Louise Thomas, Principal,  
University City, Mo.

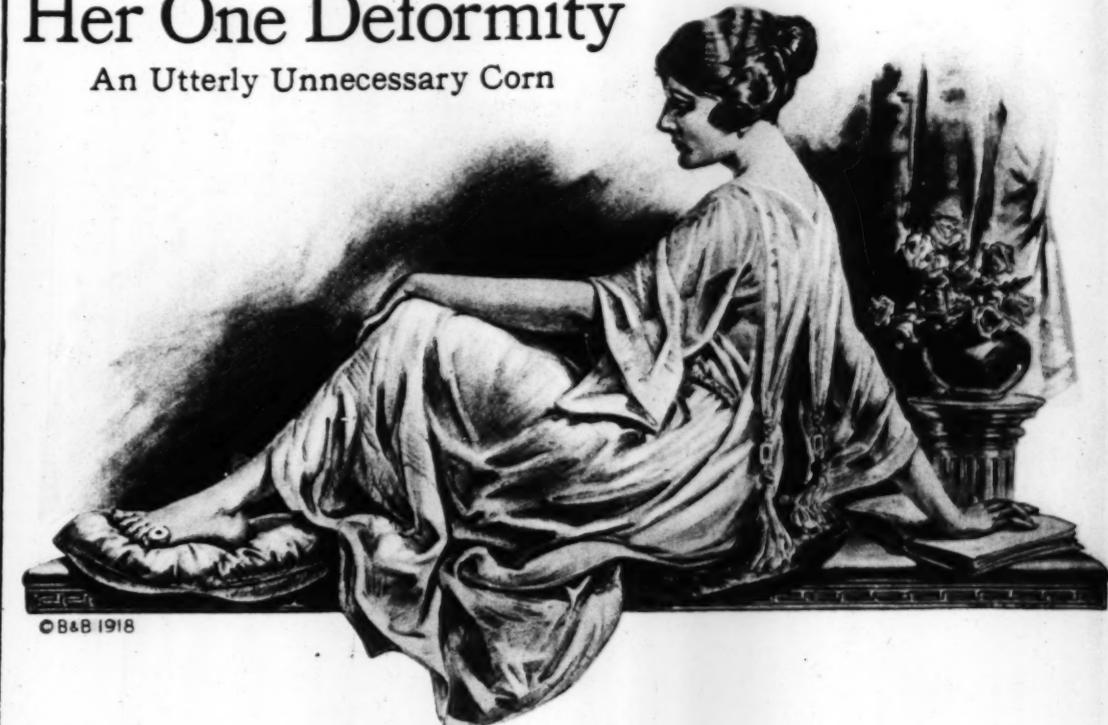


### Beautify the Complexion



## Her One Deformity

An Utterly Unnecessary Corn



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# FUNNY

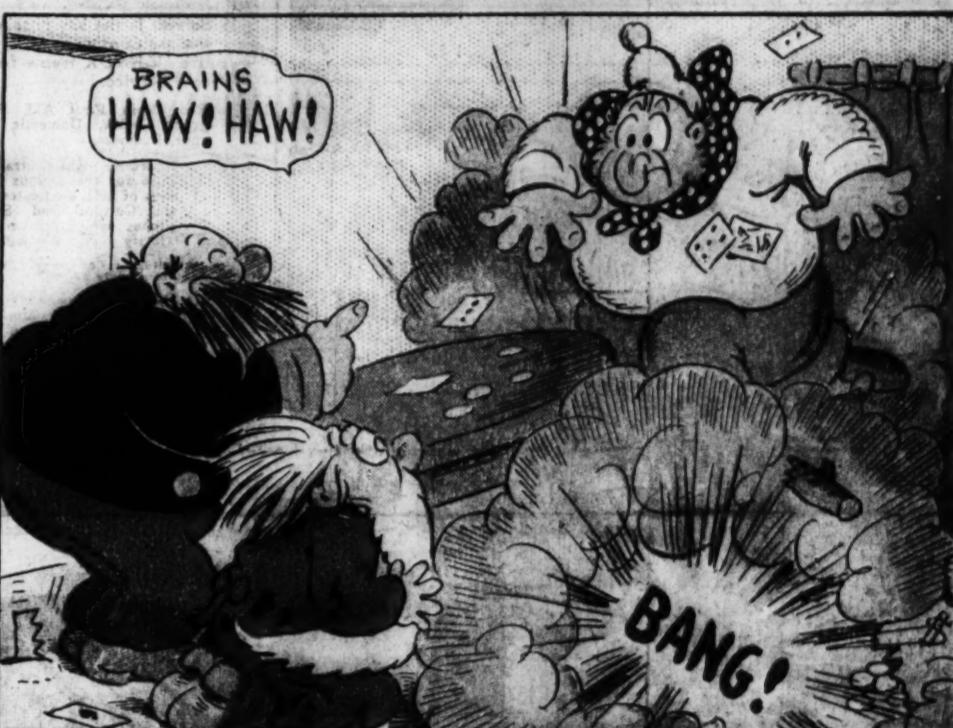
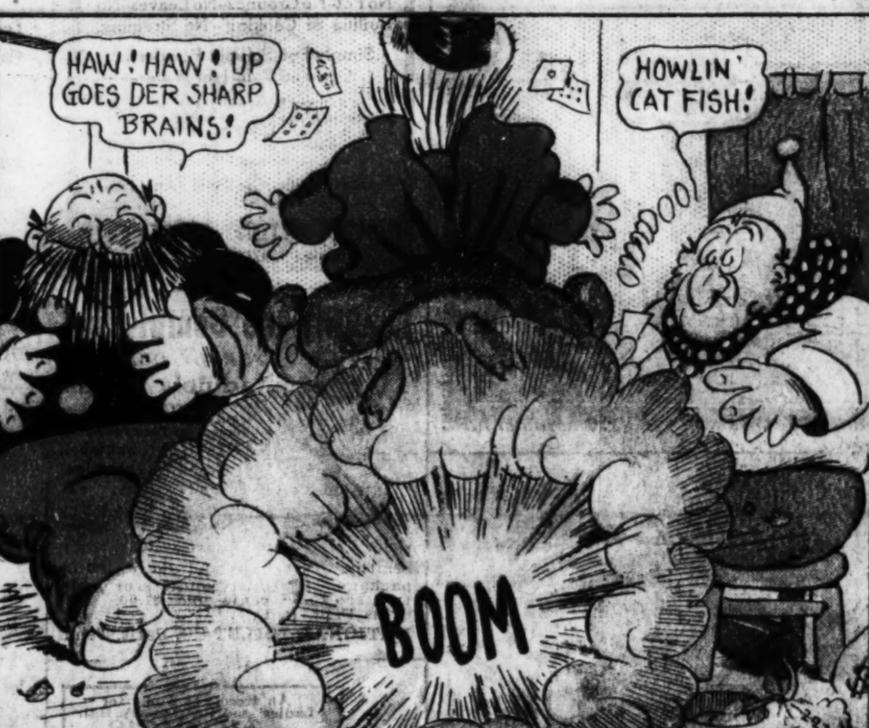
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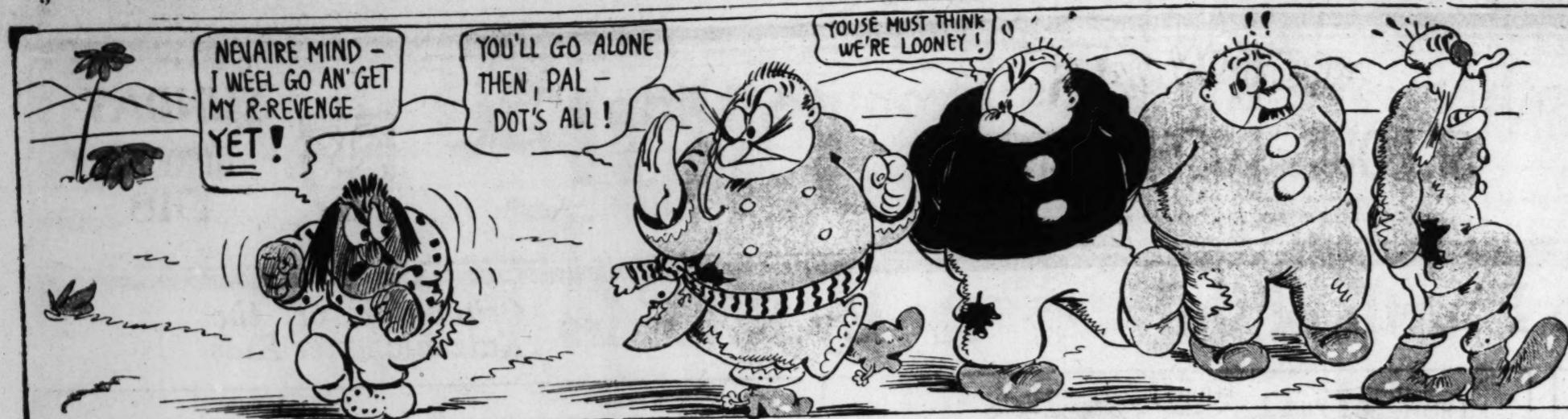
# SIDE

SUNDAY  
JUNE 30  
1918

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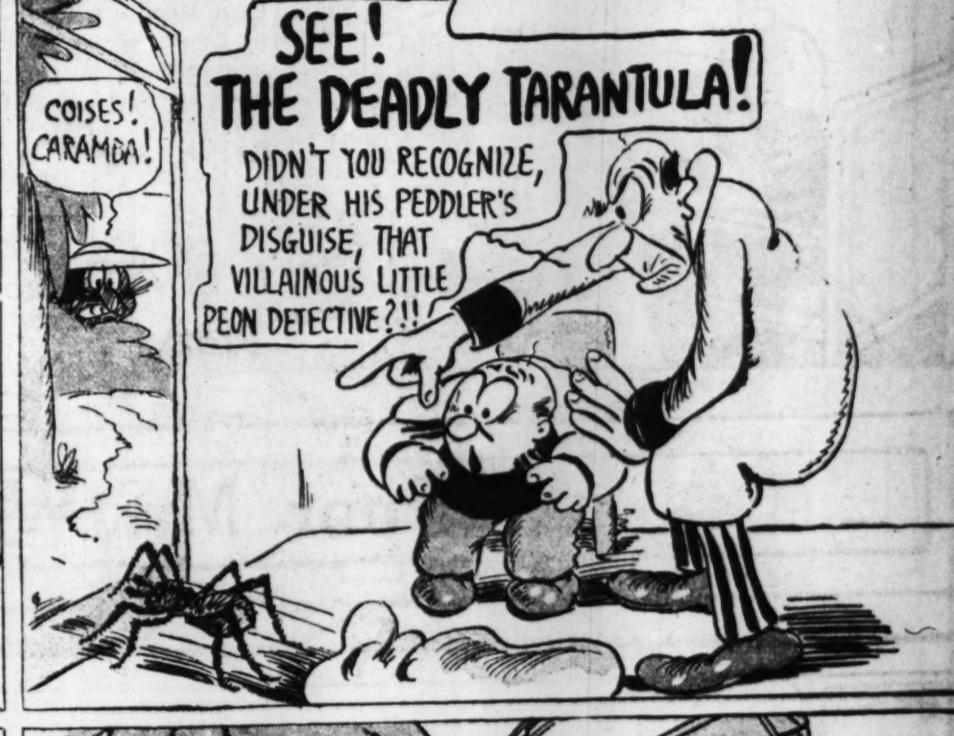
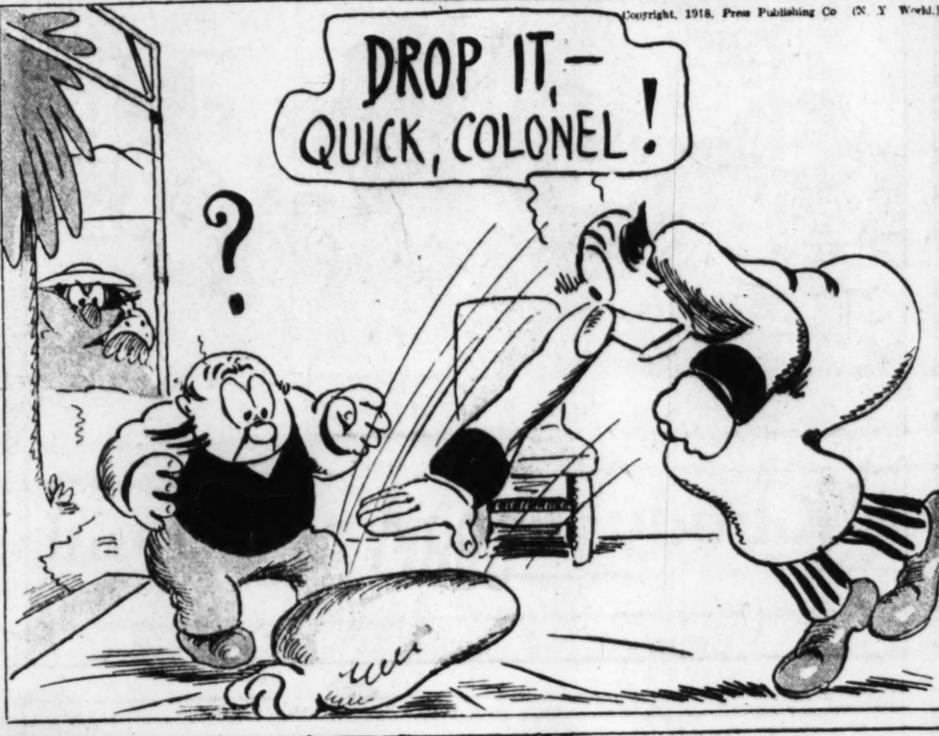
Boom! Boom!—It's the Fourth of July  By R. Dirks *Originator of the Katzenjammer Kids*





## Hawkshaw the Detective

*The Terrifying Tale of the Bomb,  
the Locked Door and the  
Open Transom.*



## Chub's Big Brother—He Kept His Promise, Didn't He?



## Poor Mr. W.—Nobody Worries About His Troubles



## S'Matter, Pop

Sammy Could Almost Be a  
Whole Army All by  
Himself.

